EVIDENTIARY HEARING, COMMITTEE CONFERENCE on PMPD

BEFORE THE

CALIFORNIA ENERGY RESOURCES CONSERVATION

AND DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

Application for Certification of) Docket No.
the Tesla Power Plant Project) 01-AFC-21
by Florida Power and Light)

TRACY COMMUNITY CENTER

300 E. TENTH STREET

TRACY, CALIFORNIA

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 2004

11:00 a.m.

Reported by: James Ramos Contract No. 170-01-001

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COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT

John Geesman, Presiding Member

HEARING OFFICER, ADVISORS PRESENT

Susan Gefter, Hearing Officer

STAFF AND CONSULTANTS PRESENT

Jack Caswell, Project Manager

Paul Kramer, Staff Counsel

Amanda Stennick

Rick York

Tony Mediati

Alvin Greenberg

John S. Kessler Kessler and Associates, LLC

Brewster Birdsall Aspen Environmental Group

PUBLIC ADVISER

J. Mike Monasmith

APPLICANT

Scott A. Galati, Attorney Grattan and Galati

Scott A. Busa, Project Director Duane McCloud, Technical Manager Florida Power and Light Energy

David Stein URS

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APPLICANT

Dwight R. Mudry, Consulting Scientist TetraTech Foster Wheeler Environmental Corporation

Linda Moussavian

INTERVENORS

Robert Sarvey

Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

Michael Boyd, President Californians for Renewable Energy

ALSO PRESENT

Irene Sundberg

Ena Aguirre

Susan Sarvey Clean Air for Citizens and Legal Equality

Paula Buenavista

Bill Powers

Connie Hoag

Paul Sundberg

Claudette Garcia

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	6:02 p.m.
3	PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: I'm John
4	Geesman, the Presiding Member of the Committee of
5	the California Energy Commission holding today's
6	hearing. Commissioner Rosenfeld, who is the
7	Associate Member of this Committee, was unable to
8	join us.
9	This is a hearing on the Presiding
10	Member's Proposed Decision which we released the
11	end of February. It is primarily designed, at
12	least during the first portion of our hearing, to
13	respond to various what I'll call holes in the
14	evidentiary record of our earlier hearings that
15	prevented us, in the proposed decision issued in
16	February, from recommending certification of the
17	project.
18	We're going to use most of our time this
19	morning and this afternoon going through each of
20	the issue areas that we identified in the proposed
21	decision requiring additional information or
22	clarification. We're also going to address some
23	editorial comments and other housekeeping matters.
24	We'll have a public comment period for
25	members of the public that are here now later in

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1 the afternoon. And then we've also got a special
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- 2 session scheduled for 6:00 this evening to take
- 3 public comment, as well.
- 4 Next to me and actually conducting this
- 5 hearing is Susan Gefter, who is the Commission's
- 6 Hearing Officer assigned to this particular
- 7 proceeding. We probably ought to start, I guess,
- 8 with introductions.
- 9 Mike, do you want to go first?
- 10 MR. BOYD: Sure. I'm Mike Boyd; I'm the
- 11 President of Californians for Renewable Energy,
- 12 CARE.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And you're an
- 14 intervenor in this --
- MR. BOYD: Okay, so let me say it. I'm
- 16 Mike Boyd; I'm the President of Californians for
- 17 Renewable Energy, CARE.
- 18 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I'm sorry, id
- 19 you'd identify, you're a party.
- 20 MR. BOYD: I'm an intervenor in the
- 21 proceeding.
- MR. SARVEY: I'm an intervenor Sarvey
- 23 representing my family and the community.
- MR. GALATI: My name is Scott Galati,
- 25 representing the applicant, Midway Power.

1	MR. BUSA: My name is Scott Busa; I'm
2	the Project Manager for Midway Power.
3	MR. McCLOUD: My name is Duane McCloud;
4	I'm the Project Engineer for the Tesla Power
5	project.
6	MR. KRAMER: I'm Paul Kramer, the Staff
7	Counsel replacing Darcie Houck, who has been
8	transferred to an assignment in another part of
9	our agency, representing staff.
10	MR. CASWELL: I'm Jack Caswell, Project
11	Manager for this particular project for the Energy
12	Commission. And we have the staff members in the
13	audience representing certain technical areas that
14	may be of interest to the public here, as well as
15	available for response to questions from the
16	Committee and the intervenors and the applicant.
17	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So, are there
18	any agencies being represented here today? City
19	of Tracy?
20	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: The City's here.
21	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: If you just
22	want to introduce yourself.
23	MR. BAYLEY: Steve Bayley, City of

24 Tracy.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. And 25

1	also	there's	another	intervenor	for	San	Joaquin
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- 2 Unified Air Pollution Control District. Is
- 3 someone here?
- 4 MR. SWANEY: Jim Swaney with the
- 5 District.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Could you
- 7 please spell your name, Mr. Swaney?
- 8 MR. SWANEY: Sorry. It's S-w-a-n-e-y.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. Any
- 10 other local agencies or governmental entities?
- 11 The Energy Commission also has a Public
- 12 Adviser. Mr. Monasmith from the Energy Commission
- is here representing the Public Adviser today.
- 14 He's the Associate Public Adviser. And members of
- the public are invited to participate today; and
- if you wish to address us please fill out a blue
- 17 card. Mr. Monasmith has those for you. He's
- 18 standing in the back, raising his hand. Thank
- 19 you.
- 20 All right, are there any elected
- 21 officials here today? The City of Tracy or any
- other local governmental agencies?
- 23 All right. The purpose of today's
- hearing is to take evidence on the topics
- 25 identified in the Presiding Member's Proposed

1	Decision. And notice of this event was mailed out
2	when the Presiding Member's Proposed Decision was
3	issued in late February. Copies of the notice are
4	on the table in the back. Mr. Monasmith can

5 provide you copies of that notice.

In the notice we listed the various topics that we require additional evidence on.

And we're going to -- our agenda for today will be to take evidence on just those topics.

In terms of the order we're going to hear the evidence, the first topic we're going to hear is socioeconomics; then biological resources; fire protection; water resources; air quality and public health.

And we're going to take the testimony on the socioeconomics, biology and fire at the beginning of the hearing so witnesses may leave, if they wish, after those topics are completed, since those were rather short areas of concern.

And then the witnesses on water, air and public health, we'll ask you to stay throughout the day and also into the evening because members of the public may have questions. They may not be here during the daytime.

25 We understand Mr. Bayley from the City

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of Tracy may have to leave early, and so we will
take water before we hear air quality and public
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3 health.

In order to get going on this we have a

few motions from the parties, and so at this time

we'll entertain those motions. And the first

motion that I want to address was filed by Mr.

Boyd in which he requested the record be reopened

to consider the project's cumulative impacts on

avian mortality due to a new development of wind

turbines in the Altamont Pass area.

Staff filed an opposition to the intervenor's request. And I'd like to discuss that matter now so that we can rule on it at this point. So, Mr. Boyd.

MR. BOYD: Basically CARE filed a request for a supplemental evidentiary hearing.

It's already -- biological resources already on the agenda, as I understand it.

Basically there is a lot of information that's come out of recent -- since the last evidentiary hearing that was held in this matter. There's been a lot of stuff going on with the -- there's a number of conditional use permits that have been applied for by, including the applicant

for this project, in Altamont Pass to basically
repowering, I guess, or repowering some existing
turbine, wind turbines in the Altamont Pass.

And the original conditional use permits
they didn't really anticipate the avian mortality
that occurred as a result of 20 years ago
permitting those turbines.

It just seemed to me that, you know, Dr. Smallwood did raise this issue clearly in his testimony. But at that point we didn't have the degree and depth of information that we now have.

And I also thought that it might be appropriate to raise it here because it's my understanding that the research project that they're working on is actually a CEC project funded by you guys. And I just thought it would be appropriate to include that information in the deliberations.

I didn't really think there was a need to have a large amount of cross on it or anything. It's just a matter of putting this information in the record, making it part of the record, since it's something that happened since the last meeting that we didn't have any way of anticipating before.

1	And clearly there is a cumulative
2	impact, talking about thousands of birds that are
3	being killed every year by the turbines in the
4	Altamont Pass. Clearly, that degree of impact
5	wasn't analyzed, to my knowledge, in the prior
6	analysis that was done by the Commission Staff.
7	And basically that's why I put it in
8	there. And I understand staff's position. But I
9	do think it's pertinent and relevant to the case,
10	since it's in the immediate vicinity of the
11	project.
12	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
13	Staff, you filed an opposition to this request?
14	MR. KRAMER: Right. In order for you to
15	have a need to conduct a cumulative impacts
16	analysis the project you're looking at has to be
17	making some kind of contribution to this other
18	problem. And the testimony in the record shows
19	that this plant there's no evidence that this
20	plant is going to be knocking down any
21	significant, or perhaps any, birds.
22	So it's not the purpose of this
23	proceeding to deal with the environmental impacts
24	of all the applicants, other projects that are
25	before other bodies. And it's irrelevant that the

1 CEC is funding some of this research. There's

- 2 simply no connection, and there's no reason to
- 3 muddle this record with that information which is
- 4 irrelevant.
- 5 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: I think it's
- an important subject, but I find no connection to
- 7 this case. So the motion is denied.
- 8 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Boyd also
- 9 filed a request for appearance of Tuan Ngo, who is
- 10 a staff witness on air quality in a previous case,
- 11 the East Altamont case. And I understand from
- 12 your request that you would want Mr. Ngo to
- testify if exhibits 111 and 112 are challenged.
- MR. BOYD: Correct.
- 15 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And these are
- 16 exhibits proposed by Mr. Sarvey. So what we'll do
- is with respect to the exhibit list we could
- 18 address that now, and then discuss the concerns of
- 19 both applicant and staff with respect to exhibits
- 20 111 and 112.
- 21 And I've provided copies of our proposed
- 22 revised exhibit list to the parties. I also have
- 23 printed copies here. And ask the parties to
- 24 indicate to me whether they objected to any of the
- 25 new proposed exhibits.

1	I heard from both the applicant and
2	staff, and both parties are objecting to exhibits
3	111 and 112. So, let's hear from applicant on
4	those two objections. And then we'll hear from
5	staff. And then we'll rule on those objections.
6	MR. GALATI: First we'll start with
7	exhibit 111, which is an email from Tuan Ngo to
8	Gary Rubenstein. Again, this is in the East
9	Altamont Energy Center case. If it was
10	appropriately docketed and if it is in the
11	evidentiary record the Committee has already taken
12	administrative notice of the entire East Altamont
13	record, elevating it to a level of an exhibit upon
14	which the Energy Commission here could rely upon,
15	gives it a level of relevance that I see lacking.
16	In addition, it is hearsay, so only to
17	the extent that it can be used to corroborate
18	something already in the record, at a minimum
19	that's the limited use it should be.
20	Again, I'd point out that the
21	administrative record, notice has been taken. Mr.
22	Sarvey, in his brief, has had ample opportunity to
23	cite to that document if it is in the
24	administrative record. And it should not be an
25	exhibit in this case.

1	Exhibit	112	1S	а	staii	briet.	Evidence

- 2 is facts, a brief is a legal opinion and argument.
- 3 And, in fact, we had quite a big discussion here
- 4 at this case whether or not Commissioner Geesman
- 5 would allow us to litigate arguments and opinions
- on the application of law as forms of evidence.
- 7 We were not allowed to do that. We were
- 8 unable to do that in a brief. Mr. Sarvey was
- 9 clearly able to cite that brief in his briefs as
- 10 support for any argument he may have. But it
- should not be given the level of evidence in this
- 12 proceeding.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Staff.
- 14 MR. KRAMER: We tend to agree with what
- 15 the applicant said. And as I interpreted Mr.
- Boyd's request, Mr. Ngo's presence would be
- 17 necessary if there was any question about the,
- 18 foundational questions about the document.
- 19 But we don't think it's appropriate for
- 20 him to testify in this case or provide any
- 21 opinion. He's not the staff that worked on it.
- 22 We are not saying that the email is not
- 23 Mr. Ngo's work. But I think it's appropriate for
- 24 our witness to talk about whether and to what
- 25 extent it applies to this case. And Mr. Birdsall

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1 will be doing that. So we see no reason to have
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- 2 him present.
- 3 We also object to the exhibit. We think
- 4 it should be more appropriately treated as, in
- 5 effect, a reference. You look at an FSA in any
- 6 case, they have lots of references listed after
- 7 each section.
- 8 And I understand that Mr. Sarvey started
- 9 out that way. It sounds like he's willing to
- 10 approach it in that way. But he was directed
- 11 otherwise.
- 12 So we would just encourage these all to
- be described as references. 112, just like 111 --
- 14 111 is, I don't know for a fact whether it's
- 15 actually in the docket even for the East Altamont
- 16 case. If I was going to bet I would say it
- 17 probably isn't. It's just an email communication.
- 18 It wasn't any final product.
- 19 112 is already in because of the
- 20 Committee's decision to take administrative notice
- 21 of the full hearing record of the East Altamont
- 22 case. And there was a brief filed in that case
- 23 where staff was arguing for a particular approach
- to the air quality analysis.
- 25 I'd point out that also in that case,

1 later on the Committee in that case ruled against

- 2 staff. And so it's rather one-sided and
- 3 misleading just to cite the staff brief, because
- 4 the Committee took a different position. I have
- 5 copies of that ruling if anybody wants to look at
- 6 it. But it's, of course, already a part of the
- 7 record. I think that's all I need to say about
- 8 that.
- 9 MR. SARVEY: Can I have an opportunity
- 10 to comment on that?
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah. I just
- have a question with respect to exhibit 111. I
- 13 think this also refers to the modeling files to
- the cumulative analysis which were on a CD?
- MR. SARVEY: Correct.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, and that
- is in the East Altamont docket?
- MR. SARVEY: No.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: It's not?
- 20 MR. SARVEY: It is not. That's why I
- 21 docketed it in this docket --
- 22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, so
- 23 neither the email nor the actual modeling files
- 24 are in the East Altamont --
- MR. SARVEY: And that's why --

1	TIENDING OFFICED		-l l -
	HEARING OFFICER	(docket.

- 2 MR. SARVEY: And that's why I docketed
- 3 that particular portion. Now, the other portion
- 4 of it, the East Altamont Energy staff status
- 5 report on workshop and errata are already
- 6 exhibit -- in this proceeding, exhibit 99, section
- 7 5. So they are already -- the cat's out of the
- 8 bag on that one. They're already in on that one.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, which one
- is exhibit 99?
- MR. SARVEY: 99 is the cumulative
- 12 modeling studies I presented.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- 14 MR. SARVEY: No, that's not the current
- 15 99.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: No.
- 17 MR. SARVEY: That's been switched. I'm
- 18 sorry.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So is it 100?
- MR. SARVEY: Yeah, it would be 100, that
- is correct. It has been switched.
- 22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- MR. SARVEY: So that's already a part of
- the record.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, so what

1 you're offering in 111 has already been

- 2 incorporated into 100?
- 3 MR. SARVEY: What I'm offering in 111
- is, part of 111 is already part of 100. But what
- 5 I'm offering is the email from Tuan Ngo on
- 6 modeling files. And the purpose of that is to
- 7 demonstrate that the fact that the applicant and
- 8 staff have both left several projects out of their
- 9 cumulative modeling analysis. I wanted to show
- 10 the true impact of what these mobile sources and
- other additional projects that they've left out of
- 12 the hearing -- I mean out of their modeling
- analysis. I want that to be present in the
- 14 record. That's the purpose that I've docketed
- 15 those.
- 16 112 I would agree with Mr. Kramer,
- 17 that's a brief. The only purpose of it was to
- show the staff's position in terms of mobile
- 19 sources. In the East Altamont Energy case I would
- agree with him that that should not be an exhibit,
- 21 but what you have to understand here is I'm being
- 22 put into a standard that's a little higher than
- 23 the other parties; when I cite things they're not
- 24 accepted.
- 25 And, for instance, I'll quote that Mr.

1	Galati	here	would	not	accept	mу	draft	EIR	results
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- 2 that I cited in my testimony. He wants the final
- 3 EIR, which I have brought. But, I mean, staff in
- 4 the FSA can cite something and it's accepted. Mr.
- 5 Stein can cite a document and his is accepted, not
- 6 challenged. I don't understand why mine is, which
- 7 is why I docketed these other items. Because I'm
- 8 constantly being challenged on everything I said.
- 9 I don't make these EIRs up; and I do
- 10 take offense to being constantly challenged on
- everything I try to put in the record.
- 12 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. I'm
- going to go off the record right now.
- 14 (Off the record.)
- 15 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Let me ask Mr.
- 16 Sarvey to clarify, are you withdrawing exhibit 112
- 17 from the record now?
- MR. SARVEY: I'm agreeing with Mr.
- 19 Kramer's approach. I think he has the correct
- 20 approach, and I'm just explaining why I put the
- 21 exhibit in there. And I agree with Mr. Kramer
- that 112 should not be part of this record.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. And,
- 24 with respect to 111, could you explain the purpose
- again of your offering this exhibit?

1	MR. SARVEY: I'm offering 111 because
2	number one, it was not docketed in the East
3	Altamont case, so therefore the Committee cannot
4	take administrative notice of it.
5	The other issue is I'm providing this
6	information to demonstrate that because staff and
7	applicant have refused to model mobile sources
8	from Mountainhouse, the Gateway project, the Tracy
9	Hills Technology Park, that the cumulative impact
10	that they've described to the Committee is grossly
11	understated. And that's the purpose of those
12	exhibits so the Committee will have the
13	opportunity to review what those mobile source
14	impacts mean. In a previous siting case we did
15	argue over them, and staff did produce this
16	exhibit. And I would like to have it part of the
17	record.
18	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. The
19	Committee is going to accept exhibit 111 based on
20	the reasoning offered by Mr. Sarvey. And we will
21	give it whatever weight it is worth in the overall
22	picture of this project.
23	MR. SARVEY: Thank you.
24	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I understand
25	applicant also has objections to exhibits 115,

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1 116, 117, 118 offered by Mr. Sarvey.
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- 2 MR. GALATI: 115 and 116 are draft
- documents. To elevate them to a level of an
- 4 exhibit they ought to be the final document that
- 5 represents that final agency's evaluation. If Mr.
- 6 Sarvey wants to produce those documents as final,
- 7 we'll accept them as exhibits.
- 8 In addition, exhibits 117 and 118 we
- 9 find are irrelevant and hearsay to this
- 10 proceeding.
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey.
- MR. KRAMER: We also have some
- 13 objections.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right,
- 15 staff, why don't you offer your objections and
- 16 then Mr. Sarvey can respond.
- 17 MR. KRAMER: Well, we could concur with
- 18 Mr. Galati. And as to -- should we also talk
- 19 about 113 at this point?
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: No, why don't
- 21 we talk about the ones that -- 115 through 118,
- and then we'll go back to your other objection.
- MR. KRAMER: Okay, then I guess I don't
- 24 have anything more to add to what Mr. Galati has
- 25 said.

1	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey, do
2	you want to respond to the objections to 115 and
3	116?
4	MR. SARVEY: Sure. First the objection
5	to 115 and 116 from the applicant demonstrates
6	what I was saying earlier, that for me to cite to
7	a document not only do I have to docket the draft
8	EIR, I'd have to docket the file, which I have
9	right here the file for both of those. So I just
10	wanted to put that out.
11	And make it well understood that there's
12	two levels here of performance. And I feel that,
13	you know, I'm not questioning the applicant
14	witness when they cite the document, and I'm not
15	questioning the staff's, but here I'm being
16	questioned. And I have to produce the final EIR,
17	when I've already produced the draft. So, that
18	takes care of my objections to 115 and 116, not
19	being
20	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, wait.
21	Mr. Sarvey, in other words you're going to
22	withdraw the drafts and you're going to offer the
23	final EIR
24	MR. SARVEY: Well, the final

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HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- 115 and 116?

1	MR. SARVEY: the finals are
2	essentially useless because they don't contain air
3	quality information that the drafts do, so they
4	would have to be together. Additional.
5	And then as far as exhibit 117 and 118,
6	those are taken from the Department of
7	Environmental Protection for Massachusetts. And
8	their purpose is to corroborate the evidence which
9	I knew would be challenged in the exhibit number
10	113.
11	And in 113 these projects are cited as,
12	are plants combined cycle that are attaining 2
13	parts per million NOx, 2 parts per million CO, 2
14	parts per million ammonia slip.
15	And I knew that 113 would be challenged,
16	so I filed these final EIRs on those for the
17	memorandum of understanding in the EIR, that one
18	exhibit. So that's the purpose of those two
19	exhibits.
20	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
21	MR. SARVEY: Once again, I feel I'm
22	being held to a higher standard.
23	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Mr.
24	Sarvey, so I understand that what you're going to
25	do is you're going to amend exhibit 115 to include

1 the final EIR, so you'll have the draft and the

- 2 final?
- 3 MR. SARVEY: Correct.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And the same
- 5 with 116, the draft and the final?
- 6 MR. SARVEY: Correct.
- 7 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. We're
- 8 going to accept those exhibits into the record.
- 9 We can take administrative notice as they're
- 10 governmental agency EIRs, in any event. And we
- 11 will give them whatever weight they deserve in the
- 12 context of this project.
- MR. GALATI: Our purpose was to get
- 14 their whole action, not part of their action. So
- we have no objection to the final and the draft
- 16 (inaudible) in that way.
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So that is --
- 18 MR. GALATI: But for purposes of the
- 19 record, though, the final does include the draft.
- 20 We're not trying to exclude the draft. We just
- 21 want to get the rest of the story which is told in
- the final.
- 23 MR. KRAMER: Does it include it by
- 24 reference or --
- 25 MR. GALATI: A final EIR consists of the

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draft environmental impact report, the comments
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- 2 received, the response to those comments, and any
- 3 changes to the draft that may have resulted in
- 4 those comments. That is what is considered to be
- 5 the final EIR.
- 6 MR. KRAMER: Agreed. It's just that
- 7 different agencies sometimes package them
- 8 differently.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right,
- 10 thank you for that clarification.
- 11 With respect to exhibits 117 and 118,
- 12 Mr. Galati, is your objection that they are
- 13 hearsay because they are downloaded from the
- 14 webpage?
- MR. GALATI: Yes, there's no one here to
- 16 authenticate what they are or what they mean. And
- 17 also our main objection was that they're
- irrelevant to the proceeding here.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Is that your
- view, also, Mr. Kramer?
- MR. KRAMER: We would agree with Mr.
- 22 Galati, yes.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right. You
- 24 know, we've had, in this proceeding we've had a
- lot of references to webpages. And what we've

- done is we have said we will, you know, admit some

 of these references, understanding that they are

 hearsay, that there's no one available to
- 4 authenticate these documents.
- And we can receive them into the record
 and give them whatever weight they are due in
 light of the fact that we know they come from the
 web, and that it is just information. And so
 we're going to go ahead and receive these
 documents into the record with the webpage
 addresses.
- With respect to 118, though, I do have
 to indicate to all parties that there is no date
 on this MOU, and therefore it's just a draft. And
 it carries probably even less weight than some of
 the other documents that we've received which have
 webpage addresses.
- Then I understand staff had an objection to 113?
- 20 MR. KRAMER: Yes, on the face of it 113
 21 says it is -- it's basically just a draft, not to
 22 be cited and put out for public comment. So we
 23 question the veracity, the solidity of the
 24 conclusions that are expressed therein. And at a
 25 minimum it should be given very little weight. It

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1 appears just to be a trial balloon of sorts.
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- 2 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So your
- 3 understanding is that this was not submitted to
- 4 the Legislature; that it was, at this point, just
- 5 a draft, a staff draft?
- 6 MR. KRAMER: That I don't know for sure.
- 7 Maybe the air quality staff does.
- 8 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: On the document
- 9 it says, report to the Legislature from the
- 10 California Air Resources Board.
- MR. KRAMER: Right.
- 12 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So, you think
- 13 it's a staff report and not the final report that
- went to the Legislature?
- 15 MR. KRAMER: I'll confess that I didn't
- 16 research your question. I'm simply surmising from
- 17 the statement on the cover and the top of every
- 18 page that I looked at in the document, itself:
- 19 Draft, Do Not Cite or Ouote for Public Comment.
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey, do
- 21 you know whether this document that you downloaded
- from the web is a final document that went to the
- 23 Legislature, or just a draft?
- MR. SARVEY: I am aware that it's a
- 25 draft. I'm also aware that I've submitted other

- 1 draft documents into this exhibit, most notably
- 2 the FSA and what-have-you. So, I feel that the
- 3 information contained in here is pertinent.
- 4 Particularly appendix A and B are the ones that
- 5 really are the only things that I want to cite.
- 6 It's information collected by the Air Resources
- 7 Board Staff. The rest of the body of the document
- 8 I don't care if it's admitted or not. But
- 9 (inaudible) particularly pertinent to this
- 10 particular proceeding, because they demonstrate
- 11 that there is, in fact, three combined cycle
- 12 projects that have been permitted and achieved in
- practice 2 parts per million NOx and 2 parts per
- 14 million ammonia slip. And that's the purpose of
- 15 the exhibit.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. So
- 17 you've just indicated that you don't care whether
- it's admitted or not, so are you withdrawing it
- 19 and you just --
- MR. SARVEY: No, I'm not withdrawing it.
- 21 I'm asking that it be admitted, particularly
- 22 appendix A and B are the two that I'm most
- 23 concerned about. And appendix C contains
- 24 information that the Committee asked about in the
- 25 classification of the ARB related to the different

1 air districts in the State of California. So

- 2 appendix C is pretty much a response to a
- 3 Committee question.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: The Committee
- is going to accept exhibit 113 and receive it into
- 6 the record, and give it what weight it's worth.
- 7 It is a staff report from another agency, and so
- 8 therefore, you know, it has very little weight.
- 9 But the information contained therein, now Mr.
- 10 Sarvey has the opportunity to argue that
- information to the Committee.
- 12 All right. With respect to any other
- 13 exhibits to which there are objections, I'd like
- to do that right now, and then we can move on.
- 15 And if there are no objections to any other
- 16 exhibits that are proposed that have not been
- 17 received to date, we can go forward without
- discussion and admit them as a whole into the
- 19 record. And, you know, later on we'll actually
- 20 present the numbers into the record. Are there
- 21 any other objections?
- MR. GALATI: None from the applicant.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- MR. SARVEY: No objections.
- MR. KRAMER: With the possible exception

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of 114, which I'd like to consult with Mr.
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- 2 Birdsall about during a break, we have no other
- 3 objections.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. For the
- 5 record, there were several exhibits that were
- 6 submitted since the hearing in September. And I'm
- 7 going to list them real quickly and that way we
- 8 can proceed with the rest of the hearing today.
- 9 And these would be received into the
- 10 record as of today. And those are exhibit 25A;
- exhibit 108; we just received exhibit 111 and 112
- 12 was withdrawn; we received 113, 115, 116, 117,
- 13 118, 119. Exhibit 124 is received; 125 is
- 14 received; 126, 127, 128, 129 and 130. Exhibit
- 15 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172,
- 16 173, 174, 175, 176, 177.
- 17 So the only one pending is 114, and
- we'll hear about that later from staff.
- MR. KRAMER: We, just yesterday,
- 20 docketed our revised water quality conditions.
- 21 That needs a new number.
- 22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes. And I'm
- going to number that exhibit 128A. And those are
- 24 staff's revised water resources conditions of
- 25 certification. Is there any objection to

1 receiving that into the record at this time?

- MR. GALATI: No objection.
- 3 MR. KRAMER: We'll be talking about
- 4 making some minor corrections to that during the
- 5 subsequent hearing.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
- We'll receive it, and we'll also include the
- 8 corrections if there's no objection.
- 9 MR. SARVEY: No objection.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, so
- 11 exhibit 128A, staff's revised proposed conditions
- of certification for soil and water resources is
- 13 received.
- 14 Seems that if there are no questions at
- 15 this point with respect to the format we can
- 16 proceed with the parties' testimony. I do have a
- 17 blue card from Mrs. Sarvey who would like to
- 18 address us. We will do that at -- looks like you
- 19 want to address us on air quality, particularly;
- 20 it says all topics, but why don't we -- we're
- 21 going to take testimony on the socioeconomics, and
- if you're going to have any comment on
- 23 socioeconomics we'll do that after that testimony
- is presented.
- So, at this point, are there any

- 1 questions on the format? This will be a formal
- 2 evidentiary proceeding. The witnesses will
- 3 testify under oath. The parties will have an
- 4 opportunity to cross-examine.
- 5 I understand that, applicant, you're
- 6 going to submit your testimony by declaration on
- 7 this particular topic?
- 8 MR. GALATI: Yes, our witness is out of
- 9 the room right now. Could staff go first?
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: No, applicant
- 11 goes first.
- MR. GALATI: Here he is.
- Our witness will be David Stein. He's
- 14 previously been sworn. Would you like to swear
- 15 him again for this hearing?
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Not necessary,
- 17 Mr. Stein. You've already been sworn and you will
- 18 testify under oath.
- MR. STEIN: Yes.
- Whereupon,
- 21 DAVID A. STEIN
- 22 was recalled as a witness herein, and having been
- 23 previously duly sworn, was examined and testified
- 24 further as follows:
- 25 //

1	DIRECT	EXAMINATION
_		DVALITIMATION

- 2 BY MR. GALATI:
- 3 Q Mr. Stein, are you familiar with exhibit
- 4 176 entitled, supplemental testimony of Manisha
- 5 Kothari on socioeconomics? That is spelled
- 6 M-a-n-i-s-h-a Kothari, K-o-t-h-a-r-i.
- 7 A Yes, I am.
- 8 Q And was that prepared, that testimony
- 9 prepared under your supervision and direction?
- 10 A Yes, it was.
- 11 Q Mr. Stein, in that testimony there is a
- 12 response to two questions posed by the Committee.
- 13 Are you familiar with those?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q Specifically question number 1 deals
- 16 with how the develop -- the school impact money
- 17 would be distributed. Are you familiar with that?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q And in that testimony Ms. Kothari
- 20 describes it 75 percent into the Mountainhouse
- 21 District, and a 25 percent split to the Tracy
- 22 Unified School District. Are you familiar with
- 23 that?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q She cites a resolution, but she does not

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identify that resolution. Is it your
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- 2 understanding that that is a resolution from 2003
- 3 by the Mountainhouse School District?
- 4 Yes, that's my understanding.
- 5 Q In the testimony response to question
- 6 number 2 that deals with county tax assessment,
- 7 are you familiar with that?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q And in that response Ms. Kothari
- 10 describes the power plant as a wasting asset. Are
- 11 you familiar with that?
- 12 A Yes.
- Q Could you please describe why Ms.
- 14 Kothari and yourself believe that for purposes of
- 15 taxes that would be considered to be a wasting
- 16 asset?
- 17 A All of the built environment, the
- 18 equipment on the structures that are constructed
- 19 are depreciated assets. And as standard tax
- 20 treatment in accounting methodology, the land,
- itself, that the plant is built on does, in fact,
- 22 appreciate. But the equipment would depreciate.
- 23 Q Mr. Stein, do you believe that that's
- the same opinion as the Board of Equalization?
- 25 A Yes, that's my understanding.

1	MR. GALATI: We have no further
2	questions on direct examination for
3	socioeconomics. The testimony has already been
4	accepted into the record, so we make the witness
5	available for cross-examination.
6	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I have a
7	question regarding the resolution. You believe it
8	is a resolution from 2003 with the Mountainhouse
9	School District. Do you give me more
10	information about that.
11	MR. GALATI: We were unable to get a
12	copy of the resolution in the short period of
13	time. I do know it was in September of 2003.
14	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: What does it
15	refer to?
16	MR. GALATI: The testimony describes
17	that the resolution shows how the developer impact
18	fee would be split. She describes it in her
19	testimony that resolution. What it does she just
20	didn't identify when they passed it.
21	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Would you be
22	able to obtain a copy and provide it for the
23	record?

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25 to do so. Trying to understand why it is

MR. GALATI: We certainly will attempt

1	necessarv	t.o	augment.	t.he	record	on	t.hat.	point.

- 2 The developer impact fee is going to be charged,
- 3 the applicant is going to pay it. There has been
- 4 no impact identified either in Tracy or
- 5 Mountainhouse. So I think the clarification
- 6 that's been provided ought to be enough for the
- 7 Committee to move forward on that issue.
- 8 I'm not sure I could get it in any
- 9 reasonable amount of time.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Staff, would
- 11 you like to go forward with your testimony.
- 12 MR. KRAMER: Yes. First, on that other
- point, I think a complete set of documentation
- 14 they're talking about would probably have to
- include a similar resolution from the Tracy
- 16 Unified School District, since both parties have
- 17 to agree to a split. Otherwise there's a
- 18 procedure in the statute to go to arbitration.
- 19 We would propose to submit the testimony
- 20 of Amanda Stennick by declaration unless there are
- 21 questions. If there are, she has not been
- 22 previously sworn in this case.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Are there
- 24 questions of the witness?
- 25 MR. GALATI: No questions from the

1	applicant.

- 2 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I would like to
- 3 ask Ms. Stennick a few questions, so let's swear
- 4 the witness, please.
- 5 Whereupon,
- 6 AMANDA STENNICK
- 7 was called as a witness herein, and after first
- 8 having been duly sworn, was examined and testified
- 9 as follows:
- 10 EXAMINATION
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I have a
- 12 question with respect to your testimony at page
- 13 18, which is exhibit 128 for the record. And in
- 14 that testimony you indicate that the value of the
- project is increasing, and therefore it's likely
- that it may be assessed differently over time.
- 17 And I'm not sure how that actually is consistent
- 18 with what the applicant says where they call it a
- 19 wasting asset.
- 20 MS. STENNICK: I don't think I stated
- 21 that the value of the project is increasing. The
- 22 project hasn't been assessed yet, and it won't be
- 23 assessed until the construction is complete.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Well, look at
- 25 page 18, because it --

1	MS. STENNICK: Well, if the assessed
2	value of the property increases from the estimated
3	6 million, then the Board of Equalization would
4	assess the property and not be restricted to the 2
5	percent, which was imposed by Prop 13.
6	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right. So
7	it's all speculative?
8	MS. STENNICK: At this point
9	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I mean what
10	you're saying is speculative; what applicant said
11	is speculative, as well?
12	MS. STENNICK: Yeah, at this point, yes,
13	without
14	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
15	MS. STENNICK: it will be assessed
16	once construction is completed.
17	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right. And
18	with respect to the agreement by which both the
19	school districts are going to share the fee, 75
20	percent, 25 percent, can staff provide those
21	resolutions to us?
22	MS. STENNICK: I spoke with a facilities
23	technician at Tracy Joint Unified School District
24	who told me that there was a resolution that had
25	been in place for a long time, and that the

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1 resolution stipulated the percentages that Tracy
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- 2 Joint Unified split with Mountainhouse School
- 3 District. She was unaware of where she might get
- 4 a copy of the resolution. I asked her for one.
- 5 So, I think this is something that the
- 6 school districts enter into, and both
- 7 representatives from each respective school
- 8 district that I spoke to are certainly happy with
- 9 the way the percentages are working out.
- So, I don't find that to be an issue. I
- mean the fees will be paid and they'll be
- distributed according to the agreement set up by
- 13 each school district.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Kramer, did
- 15 you have a comment on that?
- MR. KRAMER: No.
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right. Any
- 18 cross-examination?
- MR. GALATI: No questions.
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you, Ms.
- 21 Stennick.
- Okay, Ms. Sarvey would like to address
- us on this topic.
- MS. SARVEY: I'm Susan Sarvey. In terms
- of the subject of socioeconomics, my understanding

1 is that you don't have an impact on the people

- 2 that are there already, correct?
- 3
 I would request that some land
- 4 developer, if he goes to put a solar panels on the
- 5 gym at the Mountainhouse School, because during
- 6 the bad air seasons with our high rates of asthma,
- 7 those children will be getting sicker. So we
- 8 should have them play inside where it's filtered
- 9 air. And school districts can't afford to do that
- 10 because they can't afford the electricity to turn
- on the air conditioner.
- 12 And since they are so close to the plant
- 13 I think they should be provided; that way the kids
- 14 will not get sick because of severe impact on a
- 15 low income family is to have a child get sick when
- 16 you have no health care. So let's prevent it
- 17 before it happens since all this discussion is
- 18 speculative, anyway. But we know these kids do
- 19 get sick.
- Thank you.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. All
- 22 right. You have a question? On this topic only.
- MS. AGUIRRE: Socioeconomic. And it
- 24 would be on the --
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: You need to

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1
        tell us your name, please.
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                   MS. AGUIRRE: My name is Ena Aquirre.
         I'm concerned about section number 1. First of
 3
         all, there was no discussion as to whether there,
 5
         in fact, is an agreement between Alameda County
         and San Joaquin County. In discussions that I
 6
         have heard today it is only between Mountainhouse,
7
8
         supposedly because there's no documentation
9
         (inaudible) as far as I'm concerned, between
10
        Mountainhouse, which is in San Joaquin County
        proposed -- and Tracy, which is also in San
11
12
         Joaquin.
13
                   So either what you have here is mis-
14
         written and has to be rewritten, or somehow you
15
        have to get, you know, the San Joaquin County
16
         School District and the Alameda County School
17
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District together for the agreement. So I see a problem there, okay. But then that's just me.

On number 2, I am concerned that people say, well, we couldn't get a copy of the resolution. Either there is a resolution or there isn't. Either Mountainhouse met as a school district and passed the resolution or they didn't.

So, I think I find the whole discussion 25 of number 1 highly questionable. I'm sure that I

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1 could get -- you know, I was a school teacher for
2 33 years, okay, so I know how to get a copy of a
3 resolution that has to do with a school district.
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So, I mean I would feel much better if,

you know, if before the end of this whole process

that there, in fact, is a copy of that resolution.

And my concern only has to do with the relationship between the Mountainhouse students and Tracy Unified School District. It is my understanding that the students at Mountainhouse would be attending, especially the high school students, would be attending Tracy High Schools for the first five years or something like that.

So, if, in fact, only 25 percent of the money is going to go to the Tracy Unified School District, you know, unless there is such a resolution, it's all hearsay, and I really think that we deserve better than that.

19 Thank you.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you very much for your comment. Are there any other comments on socioeconomics at this time? Okay, thank you.

I understand from the record that they amounted, the school developer fees, about \$6600,

is that what you remember from the record? So

- 2 it's not a lot of money that goes to these school
- districts. However, I agree with the last speaker
- 4 that it seems that these resolutions can be
- 5 obtained, and I would like to see them in the
- 6 record.
- 7 So the applicant and staff are ordered
- 8 to obtain documentary evidence, a copy of
- 9 resolution or some other documents, that shows
- 10 that the fees will be distributed 75/25 percent.
- 11 And to get back to the Committee within a week as
- 12 to your efforts to obtain documentary evidence.
- And so with that we're going to close
- 14 the topic of socioeconomics. The record will
- 15 remain open to receive the document or documents
- 16 to support the testimony that the fee will be
- 17 divided 75 percent/25 percent. And that will be
- 18 the only remaining document pending in this
- 19 particular topic.
- 20 And then, Ms. Stennick, I think you are
- 21 finished. You can leave. And we can close
- 22 socioeconomics.
- The next topic is biological resources.
- And we're going to ask the applicant to begin on
- 25 that one.

1 MR. GALATI: The applicant filed no

- 2 testimony on biological resources.
- 3 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And staff's
- 4 testimony?
- 5 (Pause.)
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Are you ready
- 7 to begin?
- 8 MR. KRAMER: Yes. He needs to be sworn.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Would you
- 10 please swear the witness. Identify yourself
- 11 first. Identify the witness and then swear.
- 12 MR. KRAMER: This is Richard York; our
- 13 biological resources expert.
- 14 Whereupon,
- 15 RICK YORK
- 16 was called as a witness herein, and after first
- 17 having been duly sworn, was examined and testified
- 18 as follows:
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Kramer, you
- 20 may begin.
- 21 MR. KRAMER: We would submit on his
- declaration and offer him for cross-examination
- 23 questions.
- MR. GALATI: No questions from the
- applicant.

1	CROSS-EXAMINATION

2	RY	MR.	SARVEY:
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- Q I had a question. Is staff proposing to provide money to San Joaquin species habitat conservation land for the temporary disturbance; I believe it's 67 acres of land in San Joaquin for the recycled water pipeline? Do we have a proposal for that?
 - A Staff's written a condition holding the project owner to provide funds to the San Joaquin County Council of Governments who administers the multi-species plan program.
- 13 Q Is there any dollar amounts memorialized 14 in that?
 - A No. I consulted the staff again; we consulted them a year ago, consulted them while I was doing this supplemental testimony. They were not interested in determining at this time whether or not they would be providing -- requiring any additional compensation. Apparently that's their standard procedure.
- As a result we've written the condition
 holding the project owner and the San Joaquin
 County Council of Governments to, as part of the
 building permit process they will be part of that

1	review	and app	roval pr	ocess.	At	that	time	they
2	will de	etermine	whether	or not	anv	addi	Ltiona	al

- 3 compensation for the San Joaquin County portion of
- 4 the water line, whether or not there will be any
- ,
- 5 additional compensation.
- 6 Q So, staff, themselves, is not proposing
- 7 a figure, then?
- 8 A We're not proposing a dollar amount.
- 9 We're proposing a method for assuring that if
- 10 compensation is required by that program, that the
- 11 project owner will provide us verification that
- they have, indeed, provided the required funds.
- MR. SARVEY: Thank you, that's all I
- 14 have.
- 15 EXAMINATION
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. York, on
- 17 that topic again, with respect to the new language
- and condition Bio-16, I believe that's where
- 19 you've added additional language to deal with the
- 20 temporary impacts to San Joaquin -- I believe it
- 21 was in your comment -- it's at page 33 of exhibit
- 22 128.
- 23 It's in this proposed new language added
- 24 to the verification. What I'm concerned about is
- 25 actually condition Bio-16 contains some language

1	that indicates that the applicant will be required
2	to make any kind of compensation payment that the
3	Council of Governments requires. And there's
4	nothing actually in the language or the condition,
5	itself, that makes that requirement; so that in
6	the future when compliance unit is looking at
7	compliance with this particular condition, and
8	even the applicant is looking at what they need to
9	do, it's not that clear that they must, you know,
10	comply with requirements of San Joaquin Council of
11	Governments if they find that compensation is
12	necessary.
13	So, I would suggest that we have new
14	language and Bio-16 be revised, as well. Do you
15	follow what I'm getting at?
16	MR. YORK: I think the condition does
17	hold them to provide us verification that they
18	have done what the Council of Governments
19	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, I'm not -
20	- I understand you're talking about verification,
21	but I'm talking about the actual requirement
22	MR. YORK: The condition language
23	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: the

 $\,$ MR. YORK: We consulted the compliance

condition, itself, yes.

1	staff here today. As you know, we look at our
2	conditions on a regular basis and we try to
3	improve upon them. This is something that the
4	compliance staff and technical staff re-analyzed
5	again because it's been several months since we
6	were at the staff analysis for this case. And
7	this was the language that we felt was better and
8	clarified things better than the original version
9	So that's why we were hoping we could
10	get these changes made at this time, as part of
11	these proceedings.
12	MR. GALATI: Ms. Gefter, the condition
13	requires that we demonstrate that we're in
14	compliance with the San Joaquin multi-species
15	habitat conservation and open space plan, because
16	compliance would not be habitat compensation.
17	So if it is habitat compensation or
18	whatever else the San Joaquin Council of
19	Governments decides during its process, we still
20	need to prove that we've complied with it. And s

whatever else the San Joaquin Council of
Governments decides during its process, we still
need to prove that we've complied with it. And so
I would object to requiring compensation there or
any relevant compliance. And that's the real
issue, as we're not sure exactly what compliance
would that plan, what form it will take.

25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I understand

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that. But I think that it's not -- compliance
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- 2 with the plan is one thing. Compliance with a
- 3 requirement to provide compensation is different.
- It's not the plan you're complying with, you know.
- 5 And so I think the language needs to include the
- 6 possibility that the applicant may be responsible
- 7 for providing compensation, because I think the
- 8 applicant could come in and say, well, we're
- 9 complying with the plan, the open space plan.
- 10 That's a different thing.
- 11 So, I'd like to see clarification in the
- 12 Bio language and ask the parties to get together
- during a recess and come up with some language
- 14 they can agree on. You can talk about it later,
- as well.
- MR. GALATI: Okay, I have a proposal
- 17 right now.
- 18 MR. YORK: More than willing to improve
- on the conditions. If you have some suggested
- 20 edits, we'd entertain them, as well.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- 22 MR. YORK: I'm not sure how you want to
- 23 handle this for today, or if it's okay to sort of
- do these behind the scenes, I'm not sure.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, well, let

1 m	e ask	Mr.	Galati.	You	just	indicated	you	had	а

- 2 proposed language that you would like to offer
- 3 right now?
- 4 MR. GALATI: Yeah, I mean what I would
- 5 offer is that we provide -- where it says we shall
- 6 provide written verification to the CPM that the
- 7 project is in compliance with the San Joaquin --
- 8 then we say, that the San Joaquin Council of
- 9 Governments has determined the project is in
- 10 compliance with the San Joaquin multi-species
- 11 habitat conservation and open space plan.
- 12 That way it's not us saying we're
- 13 complying; the San Joaquin Council is saying it.
- MR. YORK: That would be fine.
- 15 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Yeah, I
- think that would clarify it; that would be fine.
- 17 We would accept that language, too. If you want
- 18 to write that out for the Committee at some point
- during recess, and we will get it --
- MR. GALATI: And we can just read it
- 21 into the record, sure.
- 22 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Would you restate
- the language?
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, Mr.
- 25 Galati will write it out and state it for the

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1 record during a recess. Right now we need to move
2 through this topic. Thank you.
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- 3 All right, I do have another question,
- 4 Mr. York, on your testimony. Regarding the
- 5 changes to table 3, which you offered in your new
- 6 testimony here, it's at page 7 --
- 7 MR. YORK: Yes, table 3, page 7.
- 8 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- of exhibit
- 9 128, looking at the table I'm not sure where you
- 10 made the changes to the original table 3. Would
- 11 you indicate that to me, please, on the record.
- 12 The table doesn't show any redline/strikeout.
- MR. YORK: I'm looking at page 2-65
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Page 65 of the
- 15 PMPD?
- MR. YORK: -- of your draft PMPD.
- Originally table 3 included the water supply
- pipeline originally proposed by the applicant.
- Now they're using the reclaimed water line. One
- of the changes would be for grassland habitat you
- 21 have zeroes in both of those, the temporary and
- 22 the permanent category. And under agricultural
- and what we're suggesting adding to that column,
- 24 rural lands acres, you would have 66.7 acres under
- 25 temporary.

1	So that's about halfway down the table.
2	Your request was to edit that table, and you've
3	added some lines. I have consolidated it and
4	combined those.
5	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, I see.
6	And then in addition where you have under power
7	plant and construction laydown area there will be
8	no permanent or temporary impacts in that area.
9	Whereas, originally it was unclear.
10	MR. YORK: Correct. Then there would be
11	changes to the totals, the permanent grassland
12	habitat total would go from 28.3 down to 27.8.

13 And then the final total under temporary

agricultural impacts, with the addition of the

reclaimed water pipeline, total goes from 7.7 to

16 74.4.

14

15

17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right. And

so the total amount of temporary impacts, the

19 total amount of acreage is 74.4. And is that all

in San Joaquin County?

21 MR. YORK: That's total for the whole --

22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: But it doesn't

23 break it down which --

MR. YORK: No, it doesn't --

25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- counties?

1	MR. YORK: break that down by county.
2	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And that would
3	occur when they discuss it with the San Joaquin
4	County?
5	MR. YORK: Well, the number won't change
6	much, if any.
7	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, right.
8	MR. YORK: But whether or not they have
9	to provide compensation for some of the things
10	Scott was referring to, there will probably be
11	mitigation measures if there is compensation or
12	not. There will be biology-related guidance to
13	them that they'll have to abide by during
14	construction on the pipeline. Those kind of
15	measures will be incorporated in their
16	mitigation plan. So there's a variety of
17	things that they'll be doing, but they will not be
18	changing the acreage amount.
19	Right now they agree with what analysis
20	that we've provided as far as
21	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Do they
22	MR. YORK: the 50-foot wide work
23	corridor and the length of the pipeline.
24	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: The county
25	agrees with what staff has proposed?

1 MR. YORK: They agree with the wa	1	MR.	YORK:	Thev	agree	with	the	wa
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- 2 things are right now, yes.
- 3 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- 4 MR. YORK: I ran the conditions by them;
- 5 consulted them on more than one occasion.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Are
- 7 there any other questions of Mr. York? Okay, so -
- 8 do you have a question?
- 9 MR. GALATI: I have taken an opportunity
- 10 to write that amendment out.
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Excellent.
- MR. GALATI: If we could -- is it best
- 13 to give it to Mr. York and ask him to read it into
- the record so it comes out of someone's mouth
- who's accurate and truthful?
- 16 (Laughter.)
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: We have staff
- 18 agreeing to this language and offering it.
- 19 If you have any amendments, Mr. York,
- you can include those, too.
- MR. KRAMER: Now this is intended to be
- in the top part of the condition above the
- 23 verification?
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Page 2-95 of
- the PMPD.

1	MR. GALATI: Correct. It's modifying,
2	the way I wrote it it modifies the whole
3	condition. I tried to show what was inserted so
4	that what you have in front of you is the whole
5	condition. And then the verification stays as
6	you've written it.
7	MR. YORK: So you're recommending
8	putting it in the verification or the condition?
9	MR. GALATI: That becomes the condition.
10	And we leave the verification alone, as you have
11	suggested to amend it.
12	MR. YORK: I agree with this language.
13	PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Why don't you
14	read it into the record.
15	MR. YORK: So Bio-16, the condition
16	language will read: The project owner must
17	provide written verification to the compliance
18	project manager that the San Joaquin Council of
19	Governments has determined that the project is in
20	compliance with the multi-species conservation
21	plan prior to the start of any project-related

MR. KRAMER: And then the verification would be as proposed by staff at page 33 of

25 exhibit 128.

22 construction activities."

1	l HEAR	ING OFFICER	GEFTER:	Thanl	k you.	Any
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- other questions of Mr. York? Hearing none, Mr.
- 3 York is excused and the topic of biological
- 4 resources is closed.
- 5 At this point I don't have any
- 6 indication that there is public comment on
- 7 biological resources. Mrs. Sarvey, you do have a
- 8 comment? Okay, I'm sorry.
- 9 MS. SARVEY: I'm Susan Sarvey. I just
- 10 spoke on the phone with Mr. Jerry Park at the
- 11 Council of Governments for San Joaquin County.
- 12 And he oversees the species conservation plan for
- multi habitats. And I just wanted to give you his
- 14 phone number because he's very interested in
- talking with you. His phone number is 468-3913,
- 16 area code 209. Thank you.
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
- 18 MR. YORK: Mr. Park is my contact.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- 20 MR. YORK: I believe I provided his
- 21 phone number, also.
- 22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. Mr.
- York, you're excused and you're free to leave.
- 24 Do you have a question on biological
- 25 resources?

1 MS. AGUIRRE: Right. It's basically
2 like the one before, I mean I think it's nice for
3 a company or an agency when they can take, you
4 know, the responsibility that they have something
5 in writing and give it to somebody else. I think
6 it's wonderful. So that it doesn't become a
7 requirement, you know, the issue was compliance
8 basis requirement.

And so what the power plant people did is they found the San Joaquin County Council of Governments to say that they are the ones that are going to be, you know, that if anything goes wrong that they are the ones that have checked out everything that needs to be checked out.

My concern with this is, I mean I have a concern with the power plant found, you know, the San Joaquin Council of Governments to take up that responsibility. What I don't, because I don't have a lot of documents, I don't know whether there is, in fact, a resolution in writing that you have all received that the Council of Government has met and they have passed some kind of a resolution saying that, you know, they have accepted this responsibility instead of the power plant.

And, you know, so unless I misunderstood
what was being said, there should be some kind of
a resolution in writing saying that they are going
to be the ones that are going to be checking it
out. So it would be nice to see that kind of a
resolution if there is one.

7 Thank you.

species.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. Mr. York, did you want to explain the role of the San Joaquin County Council of Governments in this?

MR. YORK: San Joaquin County is blessed and cursed with a long list of threatened and endangered species. And what they have done is established a program to deal with mitigating development impacts on endangered and threatened

It's a program that we've used for the Ripon Power Plant project. It's part of the local permit process that the County and the Cities will go through for this project when the applicant is ready to get these permits. They are a program that's there to insert themselves at the proper time. They send a biologist out to do their own assessment; report back; look at the habitat quality; location of the project. They look at

the biology information that was provided by, in
this case it would be the information that we
provided in our spring surveys last year. And
they do their own assessment and determine whether
or not there is a requirement for any additional
habitat compensation and, as I mentioned earlier,
specific take avoidance mitigation measures that
will be implemented during the construction of the

project.

So it is a good tool that's available to developers. We've use it on actually three power plant projects now. We're not shoving this off on anybody else; it's part of the process. We, for economy's sake, tend to want to take advantage of these programs. They are good programs and they offer to us guidance on what we should include in our conditions of certification, and offer surety to the project developers as to how they're supposed to behave under certain circumstances, whether it's a new power plant or a pipeline project.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you very much. And I also want to clarify for the record, because I had closed the topic of biological resources and excused you as a witness, and now I

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1 am accepting your testimony. And so that is
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- 2 incorporated into the record on biological
- 3 resources. Thank you very much.
- 4 MS. AGUIRRE: But my question was not
- 5 answered.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, well,
- 7 we'll talk -- what I would propose is perhaps you
- 8 can talk to Mr. York off the record and --
- 9 MS. AGUIRRE: Okay, and then --
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- perhaps he
- 11 can explain it to you.
- MS. AGUIRRE: -- we can get -- okay.
- 13 Thank you.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, thank you
- very much. Mr. York, you can be excused now.
- The next topic is fire protection and
- 17 worker safety. Does applicant have any testimony
- 18 on this topic?
- MR. GALATI: We have no testimony on
- 20 that topic.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Kramer, are
- 22 you ready to proceed on fire protection and worker
- 23 safety?
- MR. KRAMER: Yes. Our witness is Dr.
- 25 Alvin Greenberg. We're willing to submit his

1 testimony on declaration unless there are

- 2 questions.
- 3 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Dr.
- 4 Greenberg was previously sworn in this proceeding
- 5 and remains available to testify under oath. Yes.
- 6 Is there any cross-examination of the
- 7 witness.
- 8 MR. SARVEY: Yes, I have some questions.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- 10 Whereupon,
- 11 ALVIN GREENBERG
- 12 was recalled as a witness herein, and having been
- previously duly sworn, was examined and testified
- 14 further as follows:
- 15 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 16 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 17 Q Dr. Greenberg, do you have a status
- 18 report for us on the East Altamont Energy Center's
- 19 funding of the firehouse on Greenville Road yet?
- 20 A Have you read my testimony, Mr. Sarvey,
- 21 the new testimony?
- 22 Q Yes, sir, I have.
- 23 A The only status report I have is that
- 24 there has been no funding made as of this date by
- 25 Calpine to Alameda County Fire Department in

- 1 regards to East Altamont.
- 2 MR. SARVEY: And I also had a question
- 3 that this may be related to public health rather
- 4 than worker safety, although it does involve the
- 5 workers safety. I don't know if this is the
- 6 appropriate time to ask that question or not, so
- 7 should I just ask it and then we'll either move it
- 8 to the public health section or not?
- 9 MR. KRAMER: We won't know till you ask.
- MR. SARVEY: Sorry.
- 11 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 12 Q Dr. Greenberg, have you instituted any
- 13 special safety measures for the construction
- workers for Valley Fever?
- 15 A For Valley Fever.
- 16 Q Yes, sir.
- 17 A No special considerations at this
- particular facility. We are aware of the issues;
- it has come up at other power plants in the state
- in the Central Valley. CalOSHA has, indeed,
- 21 investigated it and we believe that the current
- 22 CalOSHA regulations, as does CalOSHA believe, that
- 23 the current regulations are adequate to protect
- 24 against Valley Fever if they are enforced and
- 25 implemented.

1	We are considering whether or not to
2	send out any type of general warning. At this
3	time no decision by management has been made on
4	that.
5	Q Were you aware that of the 36 cases of
6	Valley Fever last year in San Joaquin County, 24
7	of them were in the City of Tracy for
8	construction workers?
9	MR. GALATI: I'd like to entertain an
10	objection at this point. We had public health and
11	worker health and safety previously in this
12	proceeding. My understanding is that the record
13	was left open to answer these particular
14	questions. And that this is not an opportunity to
15	re-try this case in front of the Committee on
16	issues such as this.
17	I let the first question go, but I just
18	wanted to also get a general ruling on that for
19	the rest of the way we conduct the other topics in
20	this evidentiary hearing.
21	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey, I
22	agree with Mr. Galati that, you know, basically
23	we're far afield in terms of the topics that we
24	were covering today. I know you are concerned

25 about Valley Fever, and perhaps this is

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something -- it's not part of our record, it was
never discussed at the original hearing.
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- Where are you going with this --
- 4 MR. SARVEY: Well, essentially I just
- 5 want to offer to the record that I wasn't aware of
- 6 it, myself, until March 27th. And I think it's
- 7 important that we protect the workers.
- 8 I'd also note that I just want to offer
- 9 the article to the Committee. You can take it as
- 10 an exhibit or public comment, but I just thought
- it should be part of the record administratively
- or evidentiary, whatever you feel is appropriate.
- HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Well, we'll
- 14 accept it as public comment.
- MR. SARVEY: Okay.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And also, you
- 17 know, under the conditions of certification for
- 18 worker safety the applicant is required to comply
- 19 with all the CalOSHA requirements, the health and
- 20 safety plans that are in place. And because this
- 21 project is being built in San Joaquin Valley, this
- 22 would probably be part of that consideration.
- MR. SARVEY: Thank you.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you very
- 25 much. Do you have any other questions of the

- 1 witness at this point?
- 2 MR. SARVEY: No further questions, thank
- 3 you, Dr. Greenberg.
- DR. GREENBERG: You're welcome, Mr.
- 5 Sarvey.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Does
- 7 applicant have any questions?
- 8 MR. GALATI: No.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, we're on
- 10 fire protection right now. All right. At this
- 11 point are there any public comments on the
- 12 testimony provided by Dr. Greenberg regarding fire
- 13 protection only?
- Mrs. Sarvey.
- 15 MS. SARVEY: Susan Sarvey. In relation
- 16 to fire protection I think the whole fire
- 17 protection issue is kind of in jeopardy because
- 18 everything we heard about was based on that there
- was this new fire station that has not even
- 20 commenced construction. So we have no fire
- 21 station over there. So we need to go back to
- 22 addressing the issue of Tracy being able to
- 23 provide time-effective, confined-space rescue and
- hazmat to protect our people in case we need to be
- 25 warned to close our doors and windows.

1	In relation to what just was discussed
2	with Mr. Greenberg, I understand that it's not
3	fair, but this study just came out. It was just
4	in the paper on March 27th about the construction.
5	That does affect firefighters, anybody that's in
6	the construction zone breathing that air. So I'd
7	just ask that we docket it. And I brought you all
8	copies. And this is the original Stockton Record
9	article. I think it's very disturbing that there
10	was 36 cases and 24 of them are right here in
11	Tracy. So, I think it is very relevant to worker
12	safety and to any person that has to provide
13	emergency response, which you could have to do in
14	relation to someone having Valley Fever.
15	Thank you.
16	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
17	EXAMINATION
18	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Dr. Greenberg,
19	in your testimony you had reported that the Tracy
20	Fire Department has begun to staff the new
21	Mountainhouse Fire Station?
22	DR. GREENBERG: Hearing Officer Gefter,
23	what they are doing is they have an engine
24	already, and they have it located at the existing
25	firehouse on Schulte Road. They will, once the

1	2001.7	firehouse	0 n	 03701100	mo	for	$\overline{}$	cocond	1 ~ +	mo
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- 2 look at -- I'm just looking at the -- Mascot,
- 3 that's the word I was looking for. Once the new
- 4 station is built at the end of this year,
- 5 beginning of next year, on Mascot, they will
- 6 transfer that engine and staff over to the new
- 7 firehouse.
- 8 It has not yet been built; however, I do
- 9 wish to let the Committee know there's a wonderful
- 10 sign out there depicting the exact location of the
- 11 new firehouse on Mascot Road.
- 12 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: That new
- 13 firehouse on Mascot is not included on your table
- on page 10 of your testimony, exhibit 128?
- DR. GREENBERG: Correct, it is not on
- there, but if you'd like some specifics I can give
- 17 you some specifics because I have driven the
- distance. And the new location would be 6.6 miles
- 19 distant to the Tesla site. And it took me nine
- 20 minutes, again consistent with the other distances
- 21 and times on the table. This was driving in my
- 22 private car, not code 3, and obeying all speed
- 23 limits and traffic signs. So it would take
- 24 emergency vehicles somewhat less than that.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. Any

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1 other questions on this particular topic?
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- 2 MR. GALATI: Not from the applicant.
- 3 MR. SARVEY: No more questions.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: No, all right.
- 5 Thank you, Dr. Greenberg, the topic of fire
- 6 protection and worker safety is closed. We will
- 7 docket the copy of the newspaper article presented
- 8 by Mr. and Mrs. Sarvey as public comment, the
- 9 newspaper article regarding Valley Fever.
- Now before we move on to the topics of
- 11 water resources, air quality and public health,
- 12 which are going to take up the rest of the
- 13 afternoon, I had a note from Mrs. Sundberg who
- indicates that she needs to leave, but she has a
- 15 comment regarding to procedure which occurred at
- the other previous evidentiary hearing.
- So, at this point we'll take Mrs.
- 18 Sundberg's comment.
- MS. SUNDBERG: Irene Sundberg, Tracy,
- 20 California. On the 18th, the last hearing, I
- 21 spoke on public comment in the morning about the
- 22 concerns that I had about -- for a hearing. After
- 23 speaking I had hoped things would be better on as
- the afternoon proceeded.
- 25 But soon to my shock Mrs. Sarvey stood

- 1 up to question Mr. Jang from BARQMB (sic) out of
- 2 Berkeley. Before he had time to leave and was
- 3 talking about mitigation, he gave, for example,
- the Legionnaire's Disease breakout in air. Mr.
- 5 Yang testified that they do not model for the
- 6 biological air quality incidents, only for the
- 7 chemicals.
- 8 I felt this was very important to have
- 9 that put into the record; but, unfortunately, at
- 10 that point in time, our Hearing Officer, Ms.
- 11 Gefter, decided that to censor Mrs. Sarvey's
- 12 comments.
- 13 At that point in time she told her that
- 14 she could ask the questions and that Ms. Gefter
- 15 would decide if they were pertinent to the
- 16 hearing. I believe this is very inappropriate. I
- 17 believe that we have a first right amendment, it's
- 18 to free speech. And I believe it also pertains to
- 19 public comment.
- I would like you to make sure that as a
- 21 Committee that all of those comments that were
- 22 made by Ms. Sarvey are put into the record
- 23 appropriately, word-for-word, because that is the
- 24 right of the people.
- 25 I want to also tell you how much I

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- 2 I've been very ill. And thank you for your time.
- 3 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
- 4 Water will be the next topic.
- 5 Let's go off the record.
- 6 (Brief recess.)
- 7 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Back on the
- 8 record. We're going to proceed with the topic of
- 9 water resources. We'll begin with the applicant.
- 10 MR. GALATI: I'd like to call Mr. Scott
- Busa and Duane McCloud; they have both been
- 12 previously sworn. I'll direct most of my
- 13 questions to Mr. McCloud.
- Whereupon,
- 15 SCOTT BUSA and DUANE McCLOUD
- were recalled as witnesses herein, and having been
- 17 previously duly sworn, were examined and testified
- 18 further as follows:
- 19 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 20 BY MR. GALATI:
- 21 Q Mr. McCloud, are you familiar with
- 22 exhibit 177, entitled supplemental testimony of
- Duane McCloud and Scott Busa on water resources?
- MR. McCLOUD: Yes, I am.
- MR. GALATI: Do you have any additions

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- 2 MR. McCLOUD: No, I do not.
- MR. GALATI: No further questions.
- 4 They're available for cross-examination. The
- 5 exhibit is already entered into the record.
- 6 MR. KRAMER: We have no questions.
- 7 When would be a good point, though, to
- 8 discuss the further changes we wanted to make to
- 9 the conditions?
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: We're going to
- 11 get to it when staff testifies.
- MR. KRAMER: Okay.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Do the
- 14 intervenors have questions of the applicant's
- 15 witnesses? Bob Sarvey.
- MR. SARVEY: One second to finish this.
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Unless the
- 18 parties all agree. Do all the parties agree that
- 19 instead of Mr. Sarvey he's going to ask his expert
- 20 witness, Mr. Bill Powers, to ask the questions.
- 21 Do you have objection to that?
- MR. GALATI: Actually I do have an
- objection to that.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right, I
- 25 was --

1	MR. GALATI: I have an objection because
2	that might probably should allow my experts to
3	just battle, and I don't think that's how the
4	process works. Mr. Sarvey's been involved in
5	several projects and so has Mr. Boyd. They can
6	ask the questions given by their witness and
7	cross-examine as intervenors.
8	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Kramer, do
9	you have objection
10	MR. GALATI: Or they can hire counsel to
11	do so.
12	MR. KRAMER: We're neutral.
13	(Pause.)
14	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Galati,
15	your objection is noted, and generally we would
16	agree with your objection. In this case it would
17	appear that Mr. Sarvey would be asking Mr. Powers
18	every time what the question should be. So in

So, Mr. Powers, you can go ahead. And you basically are a surrogate for Mr. Sarvey on

order to make it more efficient we'll just hear it

23 these questions regarding the water.

from Mr. Powers' mouth.

19

20

25

MR. POWERS: Yes, I would like to direct

the question at comment number 5, which is

1	applicant estimates the capital cost of its
2	proposed cooling tower installation would be about
3	\$18 million. And there's a paragraph that
4	describes what the logic is behind that. The
5	final sentence is: We believe that the cost
6	difference in the option shown to be accurate,
7	even though we acknowledge the absolute values
8	given are too low for a total system cost."
9	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, what page
10	is that?
11	MR. POWERS: That's page 2.
12	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
13	MR. POWERS: It's the last full
14	paragraph of page 2.
15	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes. Ask your
16	question.
17	CROSS-EXAMINATION
18	BY MR. POWERS:
19	Q This issue had actually come up in the
20	testimony that I provided earlier, that
21	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Wait, Mr.

24 MR. POWERS: Okay, the question is --

going to make comments or give testimony.

22

23

Powers. You're going to ask questions, you're not

25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Just ask your

- 1 question.
- 2 MR. POWERS: There's no detail, there's
- 3 no backup provided to justify the statement that
- 4 we believe these cost options to be accurate.
- 5 What I mean is there's no information from vendors
- of cooling tower systems for a 22-cell, plume-
- 7 abated tower that gives us some indication of what
- 8 the cost is; whether you're talking, you seem to
- 9 be indicating --
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Powers,
- 11 wait, --
- MR. GALATI: Is the question --
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- let me --
- 14 reframe the question. You are again basically
- 15 giving your comment and your testimony.
- MR. POWERS: Okay.
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: The question is
- on what basis are they making this statement.
- 19 What is their basis --
- MR. POWERS: Correct.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- for making
- this statement. Okay, Mr. Busa?
- MR. McCLOUD: McCloud.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Or, Mr.
- 25 McCloud.

1	MR. McCLOUD: As indicated in the
2	response here this was a fairly straightforward
3	gross-up of only the major costs for the cooling
4	tower versus the air cooled condenser. It's not a
5	full system design. The basis for this, and again
6	it's not detailed in the testimony and that
7	really was not asked to be detailed in the
8	testimony, so that's why it's not was estimates
9	we had on cost of an air cooled condenser versus
10	costs of a cooling tower from a variety of
11	manufacturers when we were doing the original work
12	for the power plant. The numbers that I used here
13	and reiterated were straight out of the AFC.
14	MR. POWERS: Would it be possible for
15	the applicant to provide those cost estimates from
16	cooling tower vendors?
17	MR. GALATI: I would object to that.
18	The discovery in this proceeding is over. The
19	entire cost estimate package was responded to in
20	the AFC, as well as in numerous data responses.
21	The time for discovery ended before evidentiary
22	hearings began.
23	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Your objection
24	is sustained. You can ask another question.
25	MR. POWERS: Next question relates, next

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paragraph down, same page, where the cost of the

ZLD system, capital operating costs, indicating a

larger system for a wet system, smaller system for

dry cooled system.
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Are the ZLD treatment costs for the smaller system related exclusively to boiler blow-down treatment? Is there any dry cooling component to that treatment?

MR. McCLOUD: Yes, there is. The assumption still is that you would have inlet cooling going to your combustion turbines for this project, due to the hot summer temperatures, low humidity conditions, a tremendous amount of power is made available if the inlet air is cool.

So the assumption here is it would either be done through conventional evaporative cooler or it would be done through what's known as a fogging system.

MR. POWERS: So you're presuming this 10 percent is not to treat boiler blow-down, it's to treat some type of spray, evaporative spray system?

MR. McCLOUD: Yeah, the majority of it is for that. Some of it is boiler blow-down, but the majority of it, it would be water required for

- 1 in the cooling.
- 2 MR. POWERS: Is that stated anywhere
- 3 prior to this particular document?
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: You mean --
- 5 MR. McCLOUD: The breakdown on water
- 6 usage is in the AFC. It's broken down obviously
- for a wet system; however, the water breakdown
- 8 that would go to other uses in the plant that are
- 9 not direct cooling tower is also on that chart.
- 10 MR. POWERS: But does that specifically
- 11 state some of that water is going to an
- 12 evaporative cooling system for an air cooled
- 13 condenser?
- 14 MR. McCLOUD: Yes, it specifically gives
- 15 the breakdown of various conditions of the amount
- of water that would go to the inlet cooling
- 17 process, yes.
- MR. POWERS: No further questions.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Boyd, did
- 20 you have questions? Okay.
- 21 Staff, did you have any questions of the
- 22 applicant's witnesses?
- MR. KRAMER: No.
- MR. GALATI: No redirect from the
- applicant.

- 2 Let's move on then to staff's witness.
- 3 MR. KRAMER: We would offer the
- 4 testimony of John Kessler and Tony Mediati, with
- 5 one correction that I'll note for you.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, and
- 7 that's part of exhibit 128, or page 20?
- 8 MR. KRAMER: It begins on page 20; on
- 9 page 24 in the response to question 6 near the
- 10 bottom, it says: The City provided the applicant
- 11 with a draft agreement in December of 2004."
- 12 That's a typo. It should be December 2003.
- And at the appropriate time we want
- 14 to -- maybe this is the appropriate time. Exhibit
- 15 128A, which was previously admitted, is staff's
- 16 response to the proposed changes that the
- 17 applicant provided for the soil and water
- 18 conditions in its comments on the PMPD.
- 19 We reflected those in here. And then
- 20 added some more of our own that the staff thought
- 21 were appropriate. And Mr. Galati will correct me
- 22 if I'm wrong, but I believe that the applicant is
- in agreement with these changes, provided that
- 24 where the term potable water is used, we
- 25 substitute the term fresh water.

1	MR. GALATI: I think that's accurate.
2	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Why? Why would
3	you substitute potable for fresh? Or fresh for
4	potable?
5	MR. GALATI: First, it follows it was
6	originally written as fresh. Staff, in this
7	document, changed it to potable. What all of the
8	conditions working together do, allow an interim
9	water supply from the City of Tracy, as well as
10	allow backup water in certain circumstances.
11	It doesn't make sense to us that the
12	City of Tracy should have to treat that water to
13	potable before they give it to us. So, fresh
14	water might be in their best interests, to just
15	give us whatever they have.
16	MR. KRAMER: We see it as providing more
17	flexibility without any consequences, adverse
18	consequences.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And testimony
as submitted by applicant indicates that potable
water will be provided by hauling it in.

22

23

24

MR. GALATI: We would not be using that because, again, this is only being used as interim and backup.

MR. KRAMER: Right, this is the cooling

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1 water, not the domestic water.
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- 2 MR. GALATI: With that modification the
- 3 applicant is in agreement with all of the
- 4 conditions identified in exhibit 128A.
- 5 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- 6 MR. KRAMER: I have extra copies if
- 7 anyone needs one.
- 8 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Are your
- 9 witnesses going to testify, or are you submitting
- 10 their testimony on declaration?
- 11 MR. KRAMER: We're submitting their
- 12 testimony by declaration. They were previously
- 13 sworn.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes.
- MR. GALATI: No cross-examination.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Intervenors, do
- 17 you have cross-examination of the staff's
- witnesses?
- MR. POWERS: Yes, I have a number of
- 20 questions related to soil and water resources
- 21 appendix table 5A.
- 22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And that's at
- 23 exhibit 128, page 21.
- MR. POWERS: Right. And I'm limited to
- 25 explicitly commenting on line-by-line issues in

4	
1	thic
_	this

- 2 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: You're limited
- 3 to asking questions. If you're going to make
- 4 comment it would either be public comment, or
- 5 rebuttal testimony.
- 6 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 7 BY MR. POWERS:
- 8 Q My only question is -- the questions
- 9 that I have relate to the expert testimony I gave
- 10 that covers the same thing. Okay, I'll just go
- 11 by --
- 12 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, --
- MR. POWERS: It doesn't matter, it
- 14 doesn't matter.
- The question is for staff. Looking at
- this table, economic summary of alternatives 3, 4
- and 5. What I'd like to do is just walk down the
- 18 estimates that you've got for Tracy, which is --
- 19 you've got, second column, and then you've got
- 20 your high estimate on dry cooling to the far
- 21 right.
- 22 You've got, first dollar item you've got
- is 4.4 million for water to come to the plant.
- 24 And the question is, do you assume in your
- analysis that any of this water was going to be

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1 used by the dry cooling system? And that includes
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- 2 evaporative cooling, potentially -- did you assume
- 3 -- better question -- that any of this water was
- 4 going to be used in an evaporative cooling system
- 5 for the air cooled condenser?
- 6 MR. KESSLER: Yes.
- 7 MR. POWERS: You did. Is there a
- 8 breakout that you could provide on --
- 9 MR. KESSLER: I believe in the FSA that
- 10 we've captured what the applicant provided in
- terms of their plant water use. And the 5100
- 12 acrefeet per year water use includes that inlet
- 13 cooling.
- MR. POWERS: For evaporative cooling?
- MR. KESSLER: Yes.
- MR. POWERS: Do you feel, either you
- personally or the CEC, cooling votes, that
- 18 evaporative cooling is essential to this
- installation, or is it optional?
- 20 MR. KESSLER: With respect to inlet
- 21 cooling?
- MR. POWERS: Well, you've got an air
- 23 cooled condenser. I'm saying do you -- the reason
- 24 this is an important question is you've assigned
- 25 \$4.4 million to the ACC. The question is, is any

of this water that you're piping that accounts for

- 2 this 4.4 million essential to the operation of air
- 3 cooled condenser? Or is it an optional
- 4 evaporative cooling system that you could or could
- 5 not use?
- 6 MR. KESSLER: Well, first off, the \$4.4
- 7 million has to do with the proposed project; the
- 8 fresh water supply?
- 9 MR. POWERS: Right.
- 10 MR. KESSLER: And I believe your
- 11 questions wanted to be tailored towards the Tracy
- 12 alternative? A reclaimed --
- MR. POWERS: I can barely hear you.
- 14 MR. KESSLER: I'm sorry, I've got a
- 15 cold. So I'll do my best.
- MR. POWERS: No, if you put the mike
- 17 closer I can hear you fine. You're just not
- 18 getting picked up by the mike.
- 19 MR. KESSLER: Is your question related
- 20 to just generic to all alternatives, or is it
- 21 specific to Tracy?
- MR. POWERS: No, I'll be specific on the
- 23 question. Is that just -- we got --
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Wait, Mr.
- 25 Powers. Which line are you looking at?

1	MR. POWERS: I'm looking at line 4,
2	column the far right column where it says \$4.4
3	million. It's assigning \$4.4 million to an air
4	cooled condenser option.
5	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Um-hum.
6	MR. POWERS: My point is an air cooled
7	condenser uses no water. That the plant, yes,
8	needs water for steam blowdown, replacement, et
9	cetera, or boiler water blowdown. That's
10	plantwide cost.
11	My point is the air cooled condenser
12	doesn't need any water. You can assign it with
13	evaporative cooling
14	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right,
15	MR. POWERS: system optionally
16	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Ask your
17	question. You don't need to testify.
18	MR. KESSLER: Okay, in response, Mr.
19	Powers, we took into account that the plant would
20	need some water supply overall. And we, for this
21	alternative of dry cooling, the air cooled
22	condensers, we felt that it was reasonable to
23	assume that a similar water system was proposed by
24	the applicant initially would be used, just scaled
25	down in terms of its capacity, to supply the

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1 plant.
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2
                   So you'd still have a turnout from the
         California Aqueduct. You'd still have the pump
 3
         station. You'd still have 1.7 miles of pipeline,
 5
         although you could reduce it in diameter and so
 6
         on.
                   MR. POWERS: And I understand all of
7
8
         that. I'm just saying that none of this $4.4
         million is necessarily related to this specific
9
         comparison of a wet cooling system to a dry
10
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11 cooling system. This is a plantwide cost, that's

my point.

17

18

19

13 MR. MEDIATI: It only makes sense to
14 include the pipeline cost on there because we are
15 considering the pipeline cost when we're
16 considering the wet cooling system.

So if we take pipeline out of dry cooling then we also have to take that cost of the wet cooling analysis, as well. You can't --

20 MR. POWERS: But if you --

21 MR. KESSLER: Well, when we look at
22 water supply and cooling costs, we look at all
23 plant water uses. We don't single out just the
24 cooling aspects.

MR. POWERS: But my point is if you were

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1 to take out the amount of water that you're
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- 2 supplying with the dry cool system, which is maybe
- 3 5 percent of your total flow. If you drop 5
- 4 percent off your 23 million for the main pipe on a
- 5 wet cool system, you've hardly changed the cost at
- all. It's the same. But it removes \$4.4 million
- 7 off of your capital cost assessment to the dry
- 8 cooling system. That is significant. That's my
- 9 point.
- 10 MR. KESSLER: I'm not sure I followed
- 11 you just there.
- MR. POWERS: Well, --
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, wait, Mr.
- 14 Powers. Apparently staff witness doesn't agree
- 15 with you or doesn't understand your question. And
- I think you've already iterated it several times.
- 17 So, let's move on.
- MR. POWERS: Could I please just make
- 19 one final comment --
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: You can --
- 21 MR. POWERS: -- since this has come up
- 22 in several evidentiary hearings? That if you tag
- 23 a cost of 4.4 million onto the air cooled
- 24 condenser for the water, if you subtract that
- 25 little bit of flow from your main pipe in wet

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1 system, it won't affect your number here in column
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- 2 2. It's still going to be 22- or 23-million.
- But if you do it on a unit, on a cooling
- 4 system need only, you drop out \$4.4 million of
- 5 cost. I won't belabor it more, but this comes up
- 6 many times. Doing it this way is an automatic
- 7 negative to a dry cooling system when the water
- 8 that you're talking about has nothing to do with
- 9 the dry cooling system.
- 10 MR. KESSLER: And the difference is that
- 11 staff has --
- MR. GALATI: And, again, I must object
- that this is done in this scenario. Mr. Powers
- 14 can testify, and then be subject to cross-
- 15 examination. I want to limit him to ask questions
- of staff, which I think the Committee has ordered.
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes, and your
- objection is noted, and sustained. So, Mr.
- 19 Powers, you can bring that up during your public
- 20 comment or --
- MR. POWERS: Okay.
- 22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- during other
- 23 testimony, but let's move on and keep your
- 24 questions concise and specific without arguing
- 25 with the witness.

1	MR. KESSLER: Ms. Gefter, if I could
2	just clarify that whole discussion,
3	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes.
4	MR. KESSLER: I believe that Mr.
5	Powers is taking the perspective of what is
6	cooling costs only, and we have taken a broader
7	view of water supply and cooling for the entire
8	plant needs. And those are just difference in
9	professional viewpoints as to how maybe this
10	should be approached. But that is a perspective
11	that staff has applied in this case.
12	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
13	MR. POWERS: Understood.
14	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
15	MR. POWERS: Next line is the 15 million
16	wet cooling tower cost, 15.2 million. And I think
17	staff accepted that in the FSA and is continuing
18	to use that cost here.
19	And the question is, again, what is your
20	basis for is this an equipment cost? is this an
21	installed cost? What is the technical basis for
22	this number?
23	MR. KESSLER: We derived this cost from
24	I believe it's table 3.10-5 of the AFC. I'm
25	pulling that off the top of my head, but this

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1
         number, to the best of our understanding, is a
 2
         capital cost of labor, materials installed cost of
 3
         the wet cooling tower.
                   And it's based on numbers provided by
 5
         the applicant which we feel are within the range
         of consistence of what we have seen and
 6
7
         experienced for other power plants.
                   MR. POWERS: Was my testimony that was
8
9
         submitted considered at all in assessing the
         estimated cost of the tower?
10
                   MR. KESSLER: I reviewed your testimony,
11
12
        but we did not agree with it.
                   MR. POWERS: Okay. Next question. Next
13
14
         question relates to the cost of reclaimed water
15
         that's assigned for these cost calculations. This
16
         is about two-thirds of the way down the page.
                   And the line is: equivalent annual
17
18
         recycled water costs for 30 years. And it's
19
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And the line is: equivalent annual recycled water costs for 30 years. And it's giving a cost of \$100,000 as the cost. And that the pricing is shown above. Some of the pricing was difficult for me to quite understand where this dollar figure came from, but it works out to extraordinarily low cost for recycled water.

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So my question is who is picking up the cost for producing the reclaimed water if Tesla's

not paying essentially anything for it? Who is

paying for the production of that reclaimed water?

MR. KESSLER: Well, first off, these

prices are ones that we received from the City of

Tracy; and I believe are consistent with the

latest draft agreement that the City and the

applicant are developing.

As to who is bearing their costs or what incentives the City has to make this water available at potentially no cost for the first, say, 15 years of the project, and then to begin charging a price, your answer could probably best come from Mr. Bayley who is in the audience.

But I do understand from discussions with him that there are some incentives that make that what the City believes to be a productive decision; that the City Council has already embraced. And some of those have to do with getting a recycled water program off the dime, and establishing that for the City so that it, down the road, cannot only potentially supply this power plant, but can be available for other users in the City.

There's a number of things that costs that are avoided in terms of without having to

discharge that water to the Delta, or be subject

- 2 to more stringent discharge requirements to the
- 3 Delta down the road, or additional treatment
- 4 beyond the currently envisioned tertiary treatment
- 5 for the City's wastewater plant, they are avoiding
- 6 those potential costs and risks by being able to
- 7 avoid that discharge for this increment of water.
- 8 And be able to eventually sell it and provide it
- 9 for the power plant use.
- 10 Those are the kinds of things that I
- 11 think Mr. Bayley could expand upon and help you
- 12 understand the rationale as to why the pricing is,
- 13 under this current concept, the way it is.
- MR. POWERS: Should I redirect the
- 15 question to the City of Tracy?
- MR. GALATI: I would object to that for
- 17 this purpose, if I may. The purpose of the
- 18 Committee is to determine what is the cost to the
- 19 project for purposes of evaluating these
- 20 alternatives. Staff has provided that.
- 21 Identifying what the cost to the City of Tracy is
- 22 irrelevant to that discussion. While it might be
- of interest, it is irrelevant to determining what
- 24 is the lowest cost or which is economical to the
- 25 project.

1	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Your objection
2	is sustained. Mr. Bayley will be testifying later
3	about the status of negotiations between the City
4	and the applicant, and
5	MR. POWERS: He will be available at
6	that time?
7	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes. But, if
8	his testimony doesn't cover your question, then,
9	you know, it's foreclosed. Okay.
10	MR. POWERS: Down below, fifth line from
11	above you've got present value of lost power. And
12	you include an \$83 million present value figure
13	for that, for this option.
14	Are you, in these calculations, are you
15	assuming that there is a fuel efficiency penalty,
16	meaning that there is a heat rate penalty? And on
17	top of that there is also a power loss. It was
18	difficult for me to determine if you were just
19	assuming there's an efficiency penalty; I mean you
20	need more fuel but you're going to put the power
21	out. Or you're not only getting hit with an
22	efficiency penalty, you're also getting hit with a
23	megawatt loss.

MR. KESSLER: Yeah, that's a good

question. This is another case where the approach

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1
         we chose to take, Mr. Powers, is to look at what
 2
         the lost generation would be in using the same
 3
         amount of fuel. Whereas, the other way to deal
         with it is you have provided your testimony, is to
 5
         say what would be the additional fuel costs to try
 6
         to generate the same amount of power and avoid
7
         that lost generation.
                   Our analysis looks at using the same
8
9
         amount of fuel in calculating the lost generation.
10
                   MR. POWERS: Do you know if that is
         typical of operational facilities like Sutter, to
11
12
         limit their fuel and accept power loss versus
13
         putting in more fuel and maintaining their power
14
         output?
                   MR. KESSLER: I have no understanding of
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15 16 Sutter specifically.

17

18

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MR. POWERS: So in these calculations, then, you assumed constant fuel, and that that lack of fuel input results in a reduction of megawatt power output?

MR. KESSLER: Yes. And I would just note that, you know, your estimate for additional fuel costs were on the order of 2.5 million a year; and for our low estimate on lost generation we're estimating about 3.1 million a year. So

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1 really we're talking about numbers that are on the
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- 2 same order of magnitude, and I don't know what
- 3 really the beef is here.
- 4 MR. POWERS: And I note that the numbers
- 5 are fairly similar there. My concern is that
- 6 readers would look at this as a loss of power on
- 7 hot days, when it's not. That's how it reads.
- 8 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, Mr.
- 9 Powers. Not testimony.
- MR. POWERS: Okay.
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Just ask a
- 12 question. If you have no further questions we can
- move on.
- 14 MR. POWERS: Did staff communicate
- 15 with -- we had two operational plants, Sutter and
- 16 Crockett -- to ask them, based on their designs,
- 17 since you have a design 40 degree initial
- 18 temperature difference is your design, which is a
- 19 good conservative design, similar to what those
- 20 facilities are using, did you question them about
- if they'd actually lost -- if the air cooled
- 22 condenser had ever limited their power output
- 23 during the course of their years of operation?
- MR. KESSLER: Not to my knowledge. I
- 25 know that I haven't personally, and I don't

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believe another associate that helped us on this
team, Jim Schoonmaker, to the best of my
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- 3 understanding, he did not, either.
- 4 MR. POWERS: Thank you. An additional
- 5 question on the table, this is page 22 where it
- 6 says power plant dry cooling efficiency loss. And
- 7 I think you may have answered the question already
- 8 in that you assumed constant fuel; and that you'd
- 9 actually get power loss as your end result.
- 10 And so is it stated explicitly anywhere
- in here that that's the assumption, that you're
- 12 assuming constant fuel, and that the net result
- obviously is a loss of power as opposed to
- 14 maintaining constant output, and that you use more
- 15 fuel? Does it say that in the --
- MR. KESSLER: I don't know that it's
- 17 spelled out that clearly, Mr. Powers, but that was
- 18 our intention.
- 19 MR. POWERS: Okay. And I think that
- this is, now that we've talked about this this is
- 21 pretty clear now, but it's not clear in this
- writeup that's on page 24, first full paragraph.
- 23 It says: Based on the above comparison
- of dry cooling efficiency loss, which relates --
- 25 equates to a reduction in capacity and energy," I

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think that's where it gets confusing. And what
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- 2 prompted my question, are we assuming both
- 3 efficiency penalty and in addition to that an
- 4 energy loss. And I think probably you've answered
- 5 that question. But it probably definitely needs
- to be clarified so that people don't assume that
- 7 we're getting hit with too different types of
- 8 losses that are really just a reflection of same
- 9 thing, something one way or another way.
- MR. KESSLER: Yes.
- MR. POWERS: Okay. No further
- 12 questions.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
- 14 Staff, were you going to ask Mr. Bayley to
- 15 testify, particularly about the status of
- 16 negotiations between the City and the applicant?
- 17 MR. KRAMER: We've summarized the
- 18 letters and included the letters the City wrote us
- 19 recently as exhibits. We are willing to sponsor
- 20 him for questions from any other parties and the
- 21 Committee. Would you come forward, Mr. Bayley?
- Not being at the other hearings I'm not
- sure if he's been previously sworn.
- MR. BAYLEY: Steve Bayley, City of
- 25 Tracy.

1	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes, Mr. Bayley
2	was previously sworn at the other hearing. And,
3	Mr. Bayley, before you begin, Mr. Boyd has a
4	question of the water witnesses.
5	MR. BOYD: I just have three quick
6	questions.
7	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Speak
8	into the microphone, please.
9	CROSS-EXAMINATION
10	BY MR. BOYD:
11	Q Okay, kind of confused, the first thing
12	is this find it here the \$100,000 price tag;
13	I had a question about that .
14	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, this is
15	table 5A, page 21 of exhibit 128?
16	MR. BOYD: Right there, okay.
17	Under equivalent annual recycled water
18	cost for two years, where it says \$101,755, is
19	that the typical cost for recycled water? Or is
20	that would you call it a low cost price for
21	recycled water?
22	I don't quite understand why it's such a
23	small amount considering the amount of water that
24	they will be using. So, is that a typical cost
2.5	for recycled water? For like other projects that

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1 have been approved by the Commission?
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- 2 MR. MEDIATI: That number was generated
- 3 provided on what information we got from the City
- 4 of Tracy --
- 5 MR. BOYD: Oh, I understand that. I'm
- 6 just saying is that typical?
- 7 MR. MEDIATI: Oh, is that typical?
- 8 MR. BOYD: Or is that a low-ball figure,
- 9 as we call it?
- 10 MR. KESSLER: Well, it's based on the
- 11 best information available, and those are, I
- believe, consistent with the numbers in the
- 13 agreement. But --
- 14 MR. BOYD: Is it consistent with what
- other agencies are charging for reclaimed water?
- MR. KESSLER: We've seen --
- MR. BOYD: For other power plants in the
- 18 state.
- MR. KESSLER: We've seen a really wide
- 20 range of costs of reclaimed water, some more, some
- 21 less. But just so you don't -- you understand
- this and don't take this in a misunderstanding
- 23 way, for example, what this assumes, Mr. Boyd, is
- that during the first 15 years there will be no
- 25 cost of water.

1 And our calculation takes into account 2 the time value of money. And then beginning in 3 year 16 through years -- up through year 30 the cost of that water can either be \$50 an acrefoot or \$75 an acrefoot. But 5100 acrefeet times \$50 5 an acrefoot would be about a quarter million 6 dollars, if my math is correct --7 8 MR. BOYD: Oh, I see. 9 MR. KESSLER: -- in water purchase costs 10 beginning in year 16. And if that was \$75 an acrefoot it would be on the order of \$375,000 per 11

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year.

But because that's a cost that doesn't begin until year 16 through 30, and you bring it back to a present value for an average annual cost over a 30-year period, because it was zero for the first 15 years, that's how this never equates to \$67- to \$101-thousand per year, when you take into account that time value money.

So, in practical terms in current dollar sense, the applicant is looking at basically no cost for the water, itself, is our understanding, until beginning year 16, which they could pay on the order of 250 to 375.

25 When you take into account the overall

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analysis, as we've done, it breaks it down in a
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- 2 way, in a sense kind of an average to these
- 3 accounting for time value money.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: How many more
- 5 questions do you have?
- 6 MR. BOYD: Just a couple.
- 7 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Off the record
- 8 one minute.
- 9 (Off the record.)
- 10 BY MR. BOYD:
- 11 Q Is it your understanding that the
- 12 residents of the City of Tracy pay for, you know,
- 13 wastewater through their sewer service fee?
- MR. KESSLER: I don't tend to be an
- 15 expert as to what the rate --
- MR. BOYD: I'm just asking if --
- 17 MR. KESSLER: -- as to what the rate
- 18 structure is for the City of Tracy.
- MR. BOYD: No, I'm just asking, --
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Well, if you
- 21 don't know the answer just answer you don't know.
- MR. KESSLER: I don't know.
- MR. BOYD: Okay. The reason that I'm
- 24 asking is at the last --
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: You don't need

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1 to give a reason. Just ask a question.
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- 2 MR. BOYD: Certainly. So, you don't
- 3 know what, if any, cost the residents of Tracy
- 4 will have for the cost of the production of this
- 5 wastewater for the project?
- 6 MR. KESSLER: No.
- 7 MR. BOYD: Okay, then my last two
- 8 questions are real simple. First is in your
- 9 professional opinion is dry cooling feasible for
- 10 this project?
- MR. KESSLER: Yes.
- MR. BOYD: Okay. Then on page 25 of --
- excuse me, page 27 on your summary, --
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: This is exhibit
- 15 128.
- MR. BOYD: It says another way to
- 17 consider finding (inaudible) dry cooling at -- is
- 18 the average annual generation would be reduced by
- 19 21.5 percent, while out-of-pocket costs over the
- 20 life of the project would be about the same as for
- 21 what -- based on that, that statement, is it your
- 22 opinion that dry cooling is cost effective for
- this project?
- MR. KESSLER: I missed a word you said,
- 25 that dry cooling is what?

- 1 MR. BOYD: Cost effective.
- 2 MR. KESSLER: Cost effective.
- 3 MR. BOYD: For this project.
- 4 MR. KESSLER: I believe it's in the
- 5 range of what's cost effective, but I don't
- 6 believe it's the most cost effective option for
- 7 this power plant.
- 8 MR. BOYD: Thank you, that's all I have.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. Any
- 10 redirect of your witnesses?
- MR. KRAMER: No.
- 12 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Bayley, now
- we're ready for you. And perhaps you can sit in
- one of those seats over there at the table;
- someone can switch.
- And indeed Mr. Bayley did testify at the
- 17 previous hearing, so you're still under oath.
- Whereupon,
- 19 STEVEN G. BAYLEY
- 20 was recalled as a witness herein, and having been
- 21 previously duly sworn, was examined and testified
- 22 further as follows:
- MR. KRAMER: I'll just ask Mr. Bayley a
- 24 couple questions I think may help answer some of
- 25 the implied questions we just heard.

1	DIRECT	EXAMINATION

- 2 BY MR. KRAMER:
- 3 Q Mr. Bayley, if this power plant takes
- 4 recycled water from the City or does not, is that
- 5 going to change the amount of recycled water the
- 6 City will produce?
- 7 A No, it will not.
- 8 Q So it's going to be there whether or not
- 9 it's used by any power plant or any other
- 10 project?
- 11 A Yes, it will.
- 12 Q And where does it go if the power plant
- or some other user doesn't use the water?
- 14 A It will be discharged to Old River.
- 15 Q And does that have any complications for
- the City, discharging into that river?
- 17 A There are stringent discharge
- 18 requirements.
- 19 Q So is it more desirable for the City to
- 20 send it to an industrial user if it can?
- 21 A The City has policies that encourage the
- 22 use of recycled water for industrial purposes.
- MR. KRAMER: Thank you.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Does applicant
- 25 have any questions of the witness?

1	MR.	GALATI:	No	questions.	Oh,	actually
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- 2 I do have one question.
- 3 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 4 BY MR. GALATI:
- 5 Q Mr. Bayley, are you familiar with what
- 6 has been marked as exhibit 128A? For the record,
- 7 this is staff's proposed changes to the conditions
- 8 of certification requiring the use of reclaimed
- 9 water.
- 10 A Yes, I am familiar with the document.
- 11 Q Does the City of Tracy support the
- inclusion of these conditions for the project?
- 13 A The City of Tracy supports the inclusion
- of these document changes. We appreciate the
- 15 changing back to fresh water. We think that is a
- 16 good change. The document does make reference to
- 17 backup water supply. The City of Tracy is willing
- 18 to provide an interim supply and a reliable
- 19 recycled water supply. We have not committed to
- 20 providing a backup supply, in prior testimony.
- 21 So.
- 22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, and the
- 23 distinction between interim and backup supply?
- MR. BAYLEY: There is a difference, yes.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Could you

1	explain	that?

2	MR. BAYLEY: Interim means with the
3	water we will supply for startup and until the
4	recycled water supply is available. Backup water
5	supply is, should the recycled water not be

- 6 available, then we would be committed to providing
- 7 another alternative supply. We've agreed to
- 8 provide interim and recycled, but I don't believe
- 9 I've testified that I've ever been willing to
- 10 provide a backup.
- MR. GALATI: No further questions.
- 12 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I know that Mr.
- 13 Powers has some questions. And also Mr. Boyd has
- 14 questions.
- 15 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 16 BY MR. POWERS:
- 17 Q In any of the City of Tracy's documents
- on reclaimed water do you indicate what your base
- 19 cost of production is? What is it costing the
- 20 City of Tracy to produce the water?
- 21 A We do not calculate that.
- 22 Q How do you eventually pay for it if you
- don't calculate how much it's going to cost you to
- 24 produce it?
- 25 A We treat wastewater; we have a budget

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1 for treating watewater. We discharge it to the
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- 2 river. We have never established a cost for
- 3 recycled water.
- 4 MR. GALATI: Again, I would object to
- 5 this line of questioning. It's not relevant to
- 6 the Tesla proceeding. If Mr. Powers wants to
- 7 intervene in a proceeding in the City of Tracy on
- 8 how they charge rates, that would be an
- 9 appropriate way. Here we're determining what is
- 10 the cost to the Tesla Power Plant from the
- 11 different options. And it's unrelated to what Mr.
- 12 Bayley may or may not spend.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Objection is
- 14 sustained.
- MR. POWERS: I'd just like to say that
- 16 Tracy is estimating a cost that they're applying
- 17 to Tesla.
- 18 MR. GALATI: Again, I would object that
- 19 that mischaracterizes his testimony. That's a
- 20 price, that's a price that Tesla is charged; not a
- 21 cost that Tracy incurred.
- 22 BY MR. POWERS:
- 23 Q So that remains unknown, what your cost
- of production will be?
- MR. KRAMER: Objection. Again, we are

1 still interchanging cost and price. It's not t	the
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- 2 purpose of this proceeding to decide if the City's
- 3 making money or losing money on their recycled
- 4 water.
- 5 MR. POWERS: But one --
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, okay --
- 7 MR. POWERS: -- one comment. We could
- 8 say that the air cooled condenser --
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Off the record.
- 10 (Off the record.)
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, after
- 12 discussion off the record Mr. Powers has no
- 13 further questions of the witnesses. Mr. Boyd has
- some questions.
- 15 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 16 BY MR. BOYD:
- 17 Q My question is relating to I guess the
- 18 status of negotiations that are going on now. I'm
- 19 curious to know what position the City's taking in
- 20 these negotiations regards what you guys are
- 21 asking for for your total annual administrative
- 22 costs and per acrefoot cost for the water that --
- I mean I'm -- there's nothing set in concrete yet.
- What position is the City taking? Is it taking
- 25 the same position that there's going to be no cost

1 for the water per acrefoot, but then there's going

- 2 to be some other administrative costs that are
- 3 being included?
- A Negotiations are underway and they're
- 5 privileged. We're not willing to discuss those
- 6 here.
- 7 Q Okay, now what's your prognosis on how
- 8 soon you'll be able to come an executable
- 9 agreement with the applicant?
- 10 A Hopefully within a few months.
- 11 Q Do you anticipate that will take place
- 12 before or after the project is certified by the
- 13 Commission?
- 14 A I do not know.
- 2 So what guarantees are that any
- agreement will ever be made to provide reclaimed
- water from the City to the project?
- 18 A There can be no guarantees. The
- 19 conditions of the CEC will require consideration
- of other cooling options in the event an agreement
- 21 from the City of Tracy cannot be reached.
- 22 Q So, is this like a -- this \$101,000 30-
- 23 year cost, is this in concrete, or is this -- can
- 24 it go up? Is there an opportunity for this number
- 25 to change because of these negotiations? Or is

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this the position you're locked into, is what I'm
trying to find out.
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- 3 A The agreement has not been signed, so 4 therefore it is subject to possible change.
- 5 Q So, how can we even use this then as a
 6 feasible alternative when you don't have anything
 7 that's -- you don't have -- I haven't seen any
 8 agreement --
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, Mr. Boyd,
 10 I think the witness has already answered the
 11 question.
- MR. BOYD: Okay.
- 13 BY MR. BOYD:
- 14 And my other question is regard to has 15 the -- what's the, the City Council taking this 16 up? Have they got -- what's the people of Tracy feel about this? I mean the last meeting we had 17 18 there were a lot of people that were a little upset about the fact that they felt they were 19 20 getting stuck with the cost of this reclaimed 21 water. Is there anything going on legislatively 22 or -- I heard there's a recall going on around 23 this reclaimed water issue of getting free water. Do you have any knowledge of that? That there's 24 25 concern in the community about who's paying for

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- 2 A There were some concerns in the
- 3 community. The City Council has adopted a
- 4 resolution, though, in support of the use of
- 5 recycled water for this project.
- 6 Q But they haven't adopted an agreement
- 7 yet?
- 8 A That is correct.
- 9 MR. BOYD: Okay, thank you.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Any redirect of
- 11 the witness, staff?
- MR. GALATI: Can I have --
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Does the
- applicant have any questions?
- MR. GALATI: -- one additional question
- 16 based on what was brought out?
- 17 RECROSS-EXAMINATION
- 18 BY MR. GALATI:
- 19 Q Mr. Bayley, do you believe that the
- 20 costs identified in the table for recycled water
- 21 are best estimate, as we sit here today?
- 22 A They are the best estimate as we sit
- here today.
- MR. GALATI: No further questions.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Is there --

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1 Mrs. Sarvey --
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- 2 MR. BAYLEY: Susan, there is one thing
- 3 I'd like to add in my testimony.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Certainly.
- 5 MR. BAYLEY: I'd like to confirm the
- 6 City of Tracy's assumption that the applicant,
- 7 when they use the recycled water from the project,
- 8 will conform with the requirements of the State
- 9 Water Resources Control Board and the Central
- 10 Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board,
- including but not limited to, the NPDES waste
- 12 discharge requirements to the extent applicable in
- 13 the handling and use of the recycled water at the
- 14 Tesla Power project.
- 15 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Is this
- included in the letter from the City?
- MR. BAYLEY: No, it is not.
- 18 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Oh. The
- 19 language that you just offered into the record,
- 20 would you like to see that language included in
- the conditions of certification?
- MR. BAYLEY: Yes, I would.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
- 24 Well, we will look at that and perhaps you could
- 25 work with staff when we go off the record to

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determine which condition it would be more
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- 2 appropriate to include that language in, if the
- 3 staff -- if the applicant has no disagreement with
- 4 that language. Perhaps you can work it with Mr.
- 5 Bayley off the record a little bit, and then you
- 6 could come back to us and indicate how the
- 7 language will be inserted into the proposed
- 8 conditions.
- 9 MR. BAYLEY: Thank you.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Can you stay a
- 11 little bit longer?
- MR. BAYLEY: Yes, I can.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you very
- 14 much.
- Okay, at this point I understand Mrs.
- 16 Sarvey has a public comment on the topic of water
- 17 resources.
- 18 MS. SARVEY: I have two different
- 19 comments. First I think a really important issue
- 20 was brought up and that is how the public is
- 21 perceiving the water situation in Tracy.
- 22 For the last few weeks there have been
- one to six letters to the editor about water in
- our newspaper. People are freaking. And this is
- 25 a brief letter that I want to read to you so you

1	understand, because this pertains to you:
2	"Pay Like We Do. The City of Tracy is
3	offering the Tesla Power Plant recycled water
4	at no cost from the wastewater treatment
5	plant. It is also offering FPL fresh water
6	at no cost if it cannot complete the upgrade
7	of the City's new wastewater treatment plant
8	in time to supply the initial operation of
9	the Tesla Power Plant."
10	For those of us Tracy residents who are
11	already paying the highest sewage rates in
12	San Joaquin County, and are facing upcoming
13	rate hikes to finance the new wastewater
14	treatment plant, this seems unacceptable."
15	People in the City's landscape maintenance
16	districts also pay a large part of their
17	assessment to provide landscape watering to
18	common areas enjoyed by all local residents.
19	Can't that recycled water be used to water
20	the common landscape in the various
21	assessment district zones? Why must the
22	citizens of Tracy who own and finance the
23	wastewater treatment plant and its operation
24	have to pay for the water when the Tesla
25	Power Plant can get the same water for free?

1	What is wrong with this picture?"
2	We can sit around and whine or we can show
3	up at 6:00 p.m. today at Tracy Community
4	Center and let the City of Tracy, the
5	California Energy Commission and the Tesla
6	Power Plant owners, FPL, know exactly what we
7	think of the proposed plan. The power plant
8	owners should have to pay for our valuable
9	water at the same rate as the citizens of
10	Tracy. Paula Giannini."
11	Now, what I want to say is, like I said,
12	for weeks there have been letters to the editor.
13	People are freaking out about the water issue.
14	And for everybody that we can discuss the water
15	costs and recycled water with the City of Tracy,
16	that we don't need to argue about it, I think
17	you're wrong. These people are very upset. You
18	do not know when they're going to sign an
19	agreement, and if it will be before they're on a
20	hot rail out of town because of the agreement
21	they're trying to cut. And where does that leave
22	you? You have to start all over again.
23	So you really need to take that into
24	consideration because this is the hottest issue
25	I've ever seen in Tracy in 15 years. It's hotter

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- 2 pissed off that there's weeds in their landscaping
- 3 in the road medians, and that you're getting free
- 4 water. And that we're building the plant to give
- it to you, and we're paying for it.
- 6 So you need to be aware there is a
- 7 groundswell of opposition out there.
- Now, my second comment has to do with
- 9 what Ms. Sundberg was talking about. I am just
- 10 going to read my public comment form that's been
- 11 docketed, and then explain my comment.
- 12 I participated in the Thursday , 9/18/03
- 13 hearings for Tesla. Dennis Jang, from BAAQMD, was
- 14 getting ready to leave and the Hearing Officer
- 15 asked if there were any more questions before he
- left. I said yes, I had more questions. And she
- 17 told me I could ask my questions, and after she
- 18 heard the questions and answers would decide if
- they were pertinent public comment and if they
- should be part of the record.
- 21 I feel this violated my first amendment
- 22 rights to public comment.
- 23 My question, have you modeled for
- 24 conditions of violations for compensation for
- 25 Tracy if we have a biological release in the plume

that affected my public health and safety, had
this been done. He said no, they only model for
chemical releases.

I said, with the Legionella issues that have come to light, I didn't think that BAAQMD -- didn't he think BAAQMD needed to be more forward thinking on the air quality issues in relation to biology. Mr. Jang agreed and said BAAQMD did need to be more forward thinking on this point; but at this time they are not able to test or have a protocol if there's a biological release in terms of charging them for a violation.

I think this is very pertinent to what we're discussing here today because if Mr. Jang is the air quality agency that's overseeing the air quality aspects of this power plant because it's on Alameda County ground, and he has already testified that they have no protocol, no standard, no beginning approach to how to monitor for a Legionella outbreak or any other biological release, and they have no plan for how to deal with that issue, we cannot use recycled water because there's no way to monitor it.

You cannot expect CEC Staff to monitor that water every day, and protect my public health

1 and safety. And San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution

- 2 Control District is not responsible for that
- 3 because BAAQMD took full responsibility for the
- 4 air quality issues. And they've already admitted
- 5 they're not doing it; they don't know how to; they
- 6 don't have the capability to do it.
- 7 So who the heck is going to test this
- 8 water? We've already had Legionella meetings at a
- 9 CEC level. So, that's ridiculous. That is
- 10 absolutely ridiculous.
- 11 So, I very strongly feel we need to go
- 12 with dry cooling because there is no release from
- dry cooling that is not able to be monitored and
- 14 checkpoints in place to compensate the community
- if we are put at risk. Whereas with biology it's,
- 16 I guess when we all drop down dead or start
- 17 throwing up, whatever, however you figure out that
- 18 you have a Legionella outbreak. And there's
- 19 nobody to monitor that.
- 20 But they can monitor dry cooling. But
- 21 they cannot monitor recycled water. And we do not
- 22 have that capability. And we, as a community,
- 23 have made it very clear at several of these
- hearings that we don't want our potable water used
- for cooling these towers in any way.

1	And when I read the public comment
2	responses that were mailed back, and I talked to
3	the people who made these comments, who will be
4	coming later today hopefully, none of us felt like
5	the answers addressed any of our questions. That
6	any of the issues that were brought up Ms.
7	Garamendi brought you all kinds of evidence, and
8	it said refer to land and soil in her section.
9	And nobody said what they discerned out of all the
10	legal actions over water that are going on in
11	Tracy.
12	So I don't think you can safely sit here
13	and say we got a killer deal; they're giving us
14	the water for free, you know. It's not wrong of
15	us to take free water when we can get it. The
16	deal is you don't have a signed, sealed and
17	delivered deal. Those people are in hot water
18	over this deal. And there are lawsuits all over
19	the place with this City in relation to water.
20	So if you want to not have delays and
21	you want this project to be cost effective you
22	better look at dry cooling right away.
23	Thank you.
24	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Bayley, I
25	have one more question. And that is regarding the

1	timetrame for the development of your tertiary
2	treatment plant, what's the timeline on that as
3	far as you know?

MR. BAYLEY: We have an approved

environmental document. The bonds will be sold

within the next couple of weeks. It's open April

28th, or scheduled to open April 28th. We believe

we will extend the bid date a few weeks.

9 So by June we will have our bids opened 10 and hopefully by July a contract awarded.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And how long

will it take to build out your contract -
MR. BAYLEY: It will take approximately

two and a half to three and a half years to build this project. The recycled water will be available probably about three years from now.

17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So about 2007?

18 MR. BAYLEY: That is correct.

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19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Mrs.

Sarvey just left the room. But I wanted to

indicate for the record in response to Mrs.

Sarvey's concerns about recycled water and

Legionella, just that Dr. Greenberg is here to

24 testify about that issue regarding public health.

25 So, if Mrs. Sarvey comes back for the public

1 health testimony, those issues will be discussed

- 2 at that time.
- 3 Any other questions for Mr. Bayley
- 4 before we close the topic? Okay.
- 5 At this point the topic of water
- 6 resources will be closed with the exception of
- 7 receiving additional amended language proposed by
- 8 the City in the conditions of certification. And
- 9 we'll ask the parties to discuss that off the
- 10 record and come back to us with the proposed
- 11 language change based on what Mr. Bayley has
- 12 offered to us. Thanks.
- Okay, the next topic is going to be air
- 14 quality. Let's take a short break.
- 15 (Brief recess.)
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: On the record.
- 17 Staff, you have some additional language now for
- you proposed water resources conditions?
- MR. KRAMER: Right. This was in
- 20 response to the City's request that Mr. Bayley
- 21 explained. The parties have agreed it would be
- appropriate to add to soil and water condition 9,
- and that's renumbered from 11 in the PMPD, at the
- 24 end of the condition, itself, above the
- 25 verification the following sentence:

1	"The applicant shall comply with
2	requirements of the State Water Resources Control
3	Board and Regional Water Quality Control Board
4	including, but not limited to, the NPDES waste
5	discharge requirements to the extent applicable to
6	the handling and use of recycled water at the
7	Tesla Power Plant."
8	MR. GALATI: That language is acceptable
9	to the applicant.
10	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right. Is
11	Mr. Bayley still here? I have a question about
12	this soil and water condition 9 where it includes
13	interim and backup water supply. You indicated
14	that the City would not be providing backup water.
15	MR. BAYLEY: I don't want to say that we
16	would not provide it, but I wanted to make sure is
17	that no one assumes that we are committed to
18	provide it.
19	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: But it is part
20	of the condition, part of the language of the
21	condition?
22	MR. BAYLEY: It has "may provide."
23	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Um-hum.
24	MR. BAYLEY: The word "may" is in front
25	of the word "interim" and "backup", is it not?

1	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Not in soil and
2	water 9.
3	MR. KRAMER: Well,
4	MR. BAYLEY: Oh, it says "any"? Let me
5	see. The word "any" is what I was mixing up
6	with it says "any interim and backup water."
7	MR. GALATI: I mean if there is none,
8	then it's some interim and no backup, but
9	MR. KRAMER: We don't intend this
10	condition to describe exactly what the deal
11	between the applicant and the City is.
12	MR. GALATI: The reason we made the
13	modifications to include interim and backup is
14	because as originally written it only included
15	recycled water. We didn't want to get two
16	agreements, one for something like an interim
17	supply and/or backup, and one for recycled water.
18	We plan on getting one user agreement that serves
19	all our needs.
20	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right,
21	well, maybe we could change it instead of saying

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right,
well, maybe we could change it instead of saying
"and any" say "and interim and backup water
supply, if any"; in other words, put it on the
other side so it kind of makes it so that it's not
incorporated in this necessary --

1 MR. GALATI: That's satisfactory to us.

- 2 We just didn't want to include that we only have
- 3 to use recycled water with no interim supply.
- 4 MR. KRAMER: That's fine.
- 5 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right. Any
- other questions of Mr. Bayley before he leaves?
- 7 Okay.
- 8 MR. BAYLEY: Thank you.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, the topic
- 10 on water resources is now closed, and we're going
- 11 to move on to air quality.
- We'll begin with applicant.
- MR. GALATI: Yes, Hearing Officer
- 14 Gefter. Mr. Stein has been previously sworn; he's
- our witness on air quality.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Stein, you
- 17 were previously sworn at earlier hearings and you
- 18 will testify under oath.
- MR. STEIN: Yes.
- Whereupon,
- 21 DAVID STEIN
- 22 was recalled as a witness herein, and having been
- 23 previously duly sworn, was examined and testified
- 24 further as follows:
- 25 //

1	DIRECT	EXAMINATION

<u> </u>	D 3.7	N/TD	07 T 7 M T .
Z.	Bĭ	MR.	GALATI:

- 3 Q Mr. Stein, are you familiar with exhibit
- 4 169 entitled, the supplemental testimony of David
- 5 Stein on air quality, dated April 1, 2004?
- A Yes, I am.
- 7 Q Do you have any modifications or changes
- 8 to that testimony today?
- 9 A Yes, I do. One minor correction on item
- 10 number 6, in the second-to-the-last paragraph just
- 11 preceding the item number 7. In the fifth line of
- that, and it's the paragraph beginning with: "It
- is also noteworthy..." in the fifth line of that
- 14 paragraph the word or acronym, SJVAPCD, should be
- 15 stricken and replaced with BAAQMD.
- ${\tt Q}$ With that modification do you have any
- 17 additional changes, Mr. Stein?
- 18 A No.
- 19 MR. GALATI: At this time -- we have
- 20 already submitted the testimony, and that
- 21 modification is in the record. I have no further
- 22 questions for Mr. Stein and would make him
- 23 available for cross-examination.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I have a
- 25 question; let's get these out of the way and then

1 we'll ask staff and intervenors for their cross-

2 examination.

3 EXAMINATION

4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: At page 5 of

5 your testimony, -- my copy wasn't numbered, but I

6 numbered it page 5.

7 MR. GALATI: They are numbered.

8 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.

9 MR. STEIN: This is --

10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, it's

11 regarding the landfill ERCs and the discussion --

MR. STEIN: Okay.

13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- and the

14 discussion about the Crown Zellerbach ERC which

you have indicated that you would be using, --

MR. STEIN: Yes.

15

18

17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- in addition

to the ERCs from the landfill. The question is

19 Crown Zellerbach, are those pre 1990 offsets?

MR. STEIN: I do not know.

21 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Well, okay, I

22 believe the intervenor has made the assertion that

they are pre 1990 offsets. Is there a requirement

by BAAQMD, Bay Area, regarding pre 1990 ERCs?

MR. STEIN: No, not for PM10.

1	HEARING	OFFICER	GEFTER:	Α	restriction?

- 2 MR. STEIN: I think it's for ozone
- 3 precursors.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: But not for
- 5 PM10?
- 6 MR. STEIN: Yes.
- 7 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Staff, do you
- 8 have cross-examination?
- 9 MR. KRAMER: Mr. Birdsall might be able
- 10 to help with that question. Were you previously
- 11 sworn?
- 12 MR. BIRDSALL: I believe I've been
- 13 previously sworn.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, I'm not
- asking for your testimony right now. I'm asking
- if you have cross-examination of the applicant's
- witness.
- MR. KRAMER: No.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey.
- MR. SARVEY: Yes, I do.
- 21 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 22 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 23 Q Concerning the pre 1990 ERCs, Mr. Stein,
- 24 doesn't the project also utilize some ozone
- 25 precursor pre 1990 ERCs?

1	7\	Yes
	A	1 4 5

- 2 MR. GALATI: Again, I would entertain an
- 3 objection at this time that we have had
- 4 substantial air quality evidentiary hearing.
- 5 Could we please limit the questioning to Mr.
- 6 Stein's supplemental testimony which was the
- 7 purpose of this evidentiary hearing. Not to re-
- 8 litigate air quality issues.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey, try
- 10 to limit your questions to the testimony that Mr.
- 11 Stein filed for today's hearing.
- MR. SARVEY: Thank you.
- 13 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 14 Q Mr. Stein, on page 6 of your testimony,
- exhibit 168, you state that it is also noteworthy
- 16 that the concern regarding ammonia slip --
- 17 secondary particulate was raised by Mr. Sarvey
- during the recently licensed East Altamont Energy
- 19 Center proceedings.
- 20 Did the CEC Staff also raise that issue?
- Or was that exclusively my issue?
- 22 A I don't recall.
- 23 Q Mr. Stein, on page 16 of exhibit 172,
- 24 A 172?
- 25 Q Exhibit 172, page 16.

1 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: There's no --

- 2 MR. SARVEY: Oh, I'm sorry. I got my
- 3 numbers wrong.
- 4 MR. STEIN: Would you please identify
- 5 that document by title? That would help.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah. There is
- 7 no page 16 of exhibit 172.
- 8 MR. SARVEY: I'm sorry, I have the wrong
- 9 exhibit.
- 10 (Pause.)
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: While we're
- 12 waiting for Mr. Sarvey to locate his exhibits, I
- 13 have another question about the Crown Zellerbach
- offset.
- 15 Is this, in your testimony, Mr. Stein,
- where you're indicating that certificate number
- 17 831 will be included as an ERC, was that already
- 18 included in the list of offsets the Bay Area
- 19 approved in their DOC?
- MR. STEIN: Yes.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So in terms of
- 22 the conditions of certification does that
- 23 particular offset have to be inserted, or is it
- 24 already listed?
- MR. STEIN: It's already listed.

1 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, Mr.

- 2 Sarvey.
- 3 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 4 Q Okay, I'm sorry, Mr. Stein. Exhibit
- 5 174, page 16, please.
- 6 A I'm sorry, Mr. Sarvey, what is the title
- 7 of that?
- 8 Q Sensitivity to particulate matter,
- 9 nitrate formation precursor emissions in
- 10 California.
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Before you
- 12 question Mr. Stein on this particular document, I
- 13 have a question about who sponsored this study and
- what is the authenticity, and who authenticates
- this study. Who sponsored it; who did it; where
- 16 did it come from?
- 17 MR. GALATI: Well, I can certainly lay
- 18 the foundational requirements. It has already
- 19 been admitted.
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: It has been
- 21 admitted, but for my edification.
- MR. GALATI: First of all, I want to
- 23 make sure, I think you said -- are you talking
- 24 about exhibit 174, report of sensitivity to
- 25 particulate matter, nitrate formation?

1	MR	SARVEY:	VAS	sir
⊥	T-TT / •	DUI/ADI.	169,	O T T •

- 2 MR. GALATI: On the first page of that
- 3 it shows that this is an Atmospheric and
- 4 Environmental Research, Incorporated paper by Pund
- 5 and Signon, dated 2 April 2001.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Stein, can
- 7 you tell us who sponsored it or did it just
- 8 appear?
- 9 MR. STEIN: Well, AER is one of many
- 10 technical contractors that are working on an
- 11 evaluation of the nature of the air quality
- 12 problem in the San Joaquin Valley.
- This particular paper was sponsored by
- 14 PG&E and the Energy Commission under a PG&E
- 15 contract. And a fellow by the name of Steve
- 16 Zieman at Chevron Research Technology Corporation,
- who has also been very actively involved in
- 18 understanding the nature of the San Joaquin Valley
- 19 airshed atmosphere chemistry was involved, I
- 20 believe, in a peer review capacity. And actually,
- 21 I think, suggested this particular research topic
- 22 to the writers.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey.
- MR. SARVEY: Okay.
- 25 BY MR. SARVEY:

1	Q On exhibit 174, page 16, the paper
2	states it should be noted that the (inaudible)
3	represents some domain average chemistry, but kind
4	of characterized the specific chemical regimes.
5	Have you done any sampling to determine
6	the ammonia concentrations of the project?
7	A I have not specifically done sampling,
8	but sampling has been done and there are other
9	there's another exhibit here, Mr. Sarvey, where
10	some of those measurements have been compared with
11	a thermodynamic model to demonstrate that the San
12	Joaquin Valley airshed is ammonia rich, which was
13	the point of my testimony on this topic.
14	Q Mr. Stein, the San Joaquin Valley
15	airshed is 350 miles long and 35 miles wide. Do
16	you have any specific sampling of the project
17	area, not just the San Joaquin Valley, per se, in
18	total?
19	A Well, sampling has been done at a
20	variety of locations, Mr. Sarvey. They aren't
21	specifically addressed and summarized in this
22	paper. But sampling has been performed and
23	carried out in a variety of locations.
24	Q But none in the project area, correct?

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25

A I don't honestly know where there is a

1 sampling station in Tracy. But I do know that

- 2 sampling has been conducted at multiple locations
- 3 in the Valley.
- 4 Q So at this point you cannot characterize
- 5 the locally specific chemical regime, is that
- 6 correct?
- 7 A Excuse me, can you repeat that?
- 8 Q So at this point you cannot characterize
- 9 the locally specific chemical regime in the
- 10 project area, is that correct?
- 11 A Well, I believe that the Valley, with
- 12 respect to ammonia, is widely regarded to --
- 13 believed to be a regional problem, not a localized
- 14 problem. And that there is abundant literature on
- 15 this topic which is the consensus conclusion that
- 16 the Valley is rich in ammonia.
- 17 Q Now, since 33 percent of the emissions
- 18 from this project will drift toward Livermore, how
- 19 about the Livermore area? Have you done any
- 20 sampling to determine if the Livermore area is
- ammonia rich, or do you have any information on
- 22 that?
- A No, I do not.
- 24 Q The same exhibit, 174, page 1, states
- 25 that the -- in fact, an increase in NOx emissions

1 may have the counter-intuitive effect of

2 increasing PM10 nitrate, do you agree with that

- 3 statement?
- 4 A Can you point me to the specific --
- 5 Q Page 1, it's the last sentence.
- 6 A Give me a moment, please, Mr. Sarvey.
- 7 Q Sure.
- 8 A That is the conclusion of this
- 9 researcher. Yeah, that I agree that the research
- 10 supports that conclusion.
- 11 Q So your professional opinion is that NOx
- 12 emissions are irrelevant to the formation of
- 13 PM2.5?
- 14 A Within the context of the particular box
- 15 modeling exercise that was conducted by Betty Pund
- and Christian Signor, yes.
- 17 Q Well, under those circumstances can you
- define why we would use ammonia to control NOx if
- 19 NOx is not effective in controlling ammonia -- I
- 20 mean controlling PM2.5 formation?
- 21 A You're relating to an entirely different
- 22 processes. One is the broad, original scale
- 23 atmospheric chemistry, which is the topic of this
- 24 paper. The second is the controlled environment
- of a combustion gas screen that is being exposed

1 to a catalyst that's specifically designed to take

- 2 ammonia as a reagent and promote the reduction of
- 3 NOx to nitrogen and water vapor.
- 4 The two have no correlation.
- 5 Q It also says that the -- on page 1, the
- 6 concentration of particulate matter nitrate was
- 7 found to be sensitive to reductions in VOC
- 8 emissions. Do you agree that a reduction in VOC
- 9 emissions would be beneficial in reducing PM2.5?
- 10 A I believe that this research
- demonstrates that very real possibility, yes.
- 12 Q Okay. And if that's the case and you
- 13 believe that under AQ-7 should we also not be
- 14 requiring VOC reductions and emission reductions
- in the PM2.5 season which is from November to
- 16 February?
- 17 A No. Again, this is research that is
- dealing with a generalized box model
- 19 representation of the Valley; and looking at the
- 20 efficacy of different types of control regimes for
- 21 broader air quality planning. So, no, I don't
- 22 believe that that has specific relevance. What
- they're talking about is in terms of much larger,
- 24 regional scale reductions of pollutants for
- 25 achieving attainment of the standards.

1	Q So then we can go back to the first
2	question then, this paper here is not too relevant
3	considering we don't know the locally specific
4	regimes and we're not applying it to this project,
5	is that correct?

A I think that the paper is relevant in the context of trying to understand whether or not ammonia emissions from the project might possibly contribute to secondary PM10 in a significant way. I think the paper helps to shed light on that in the conclusion paper, which is that the San Joaquin Valley is ammonia rich. There's other paper that I've included, which reaches a similar conclusion based on an evaluation of the large body of regional air quality data.

And because the Valley is ammonia rich, an attempt to try to control ammonia from a small source that is a minuscule fraction of the overall regional emission inventory for ammonia would not produce any perceptible effect.

- Q I'd like to ask you a question about exhibit 172, please.
- MR. GALATI: Is this one entitled the year 2000 ammonia emission inventory?
- MR. SARVEY: That's correct.

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1 MR. STEIN: Okay.
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- 2 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 3 Q Okay, on the second-to-the-bottom of the
- 4 last line where it says, power plant approximated
- 5 emissions of ammonia, tons per year, it says 203
- 6 tons a year in San Joaquin Valley. Does that seem
- 7 like an accurate figure to you?
- 8 A I think it probably was for the year
- 9 2000, yes.
- 10 Q Now the applicant is proposing to limit
- 11 emissions when they cannot provide the necessary
- 12 emission reduction staff's AQ-7. Can you describe
- to me, or to the Committee how you will apply
- 14 that? Particularly in the ozone season.
- 15 A I don't believe that I'm qualified to
- 16 provide a response to that. I'm not a power plant
- operator.
- 18 Q Okay, well, let's put it a different
- 19 way, then. The new plant is to restrict emissions
- 20 over a six-month averaging period, is that
- correct, to avoid impacts to air quality?
- 22 A Yes.
- 23 Q Now in the ozone season from April to
- 24 September you may not run in April and May due to
- load management which allows you to run 100

1 percent in June, July and August are worst ozone

- 2 months and our highest electrical demand months.
- 3 Can you explain how limiting the output over a
- 4 six-month period prevents violations of the ozone
- 5 standard in June, July and August?
- 6 A I'm sorry, could you repeat your
- 7 question?
- 8 Q Sure. In the ozone season from April to
- 9 September you may not run in April to May due to
- 10 low demand, which allows you to run 100 percent in
- June, July and August, or worst ozone months and
- 12 our highest electrical demand months. Can you
- 13 explain how limiting output over a six-month
- 14 period prevents violations of the ozone standard
- in June, July and August under these
- 16 circumstances?
- 17 A I think it's a hypothetical question
- that has no basis in fact. I'm not going to
- speculate on how the power plant would run. I
- 20 think that, you know, every power plant is
- 21 designed with some engineering margins. So I
- think there is every expectation that the plant
- 23 will be able to comply and more than comply with
- 24 its emission limits. And that it will achieve
- 25 emissions that are near or at these emissions

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1 targets.
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2	Q The limitation on the six-month
3	averaging period, would that be a limitation that
4	could be applied on a daily basis, or it will be
5	on a monthly basis, or it will be on a six-month
6	basis?
7	MR. GALATI: Object to get some
8	clarification. What six-month averaging time are
9	you talking about
10	MR. SARVEY: I'm speaking of the six
11	months, in your PMPD comments you stated that you
12	opposed the Committee restricting the six-month
13	operating
14	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Are you
15	referring to Mr. Stein's testimony? Or to
16	applicant's comments?
17	MR. SARVEY: That's actually applicant's

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Where are you

20 referring --

comments --

18

19

22

23

24

21 MR. SARVEY: -- applicant's comments and

applicant's proposal to limit operation of the

plant during certain months when they haven't

achieved the -- and this is in applicant's

25 proposal. I'm assuming Mr. Stein --

1	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay,
2	MR. SARVEY: is the one who developed
3	it; maybe I'm wrong, but
4	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: and this is
5	contained in the applicant's comments?
6	MR. SARVEY: Yes.
7	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: It's separate
8	from Mr. Stein's testimony?
9	MR. SARVEY: Well, it's in their earlier
10	proposal; it's contained in staff's condition.
11	The applicant proposed that if they couldn't
12	achieve all the emission reductions under AQ-7
13	plan, then they would reduce operating hours to
14	make up for that. I'm trying to figure out how
15	exactly that prevents violations at the times when
16	we need that plant, not to be operating the most,
17	if they don't have those emission reductions in
18	place. That's the question
19	MR. GALATI: Mr. Sarvey, are you looking
20	at page 163 and 164 of the PMPD, the actual AQC-7?
21	Is that what Mr. Stein should be referring to?
22	MR. SARVEY: Yes.
23	MR. GALATI: Okay. Then I withdraw my
24	objection. Go ahead and ask the questions. I

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didn't know what you were talking about.

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1 MR. STEIN: Okay, I have AQC-7 in front
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- of me. And your question, Mr. Sarvey, again is?
- 3 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 4 Q My question is there's going to be a
- 5 limitation if you don't achieve the emission
- 6 reductions under AQ-7 to operate in your plant.
- 7 Now, how will those restrictions on the plant be
- 8 administered? Will they be administered on a
- 9 daily basis you'll cut back production per average
- 10 per day, or will it be on a weekly basis, or a
- 11 six-month basis? That's my question.
- 12 A Well, again, I'd say that, you know,
- it's not going to be my responsibility to operate
- 14 this power plant. The applicant might be in a
- 15 better position to respond to how they intend to
- operate. But, I think the limits speak for
- 17 themselves, and beyond that I would say that there
- is a strong belief that the combination of
- 19 engineering margin that will be built into the
- 20 design and the ability to dispatch will allow the
- 21 facility to meet these emission limits quite
- 22 handily.
- Q On your table 16 revised --
- 24 A Or, excuse me, let me add -- I should
- 25 add, or provide supplemental emission reductions

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in the event that additional operation is deemed to be necessary.
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- 3 Q Exhibit 169, table 16 revised.
- 4 A Is that my testimony, Mr. Sarvey?
- 5 Q Yes, it is. You don't have page numbers
- on my copy so I can't tell you what page it's on.
- 7 A Okay, table 16 revised, yeah.
- 8 Q You've revised the PM2.5 24-hour impact
- 9 to 5.1 mcg/cubic meter, is that correct?
- 10 A I think what we did there is simply pick
- 11 up the staff's estimated impact value since the
- 12 Committee had issued a PMPD and had concluded that
- those were the values that should be used.
- 14 And with a specific note that we didn't
- do any additional analysis or detailed modeling of
- 16 PM10. So, for purposes of responding to the
- 17 Committee's request, we simply overstated the
- 18 impact by saying that all of -- let's assume the
- 19 worst case that all of the PM10 -- PM2.5, these
- 20 are the values that we show; these are the impacts
- 21 would be shown. We don't believe that it's all
- 22 PM2.5, but we did not perform a separate
- 23 calculation to determine what the true number
- should be.
- 25 Q So, --

1	A This is a high over-estimate.
2	Q So on the same table of PM10 you'd have
3	a project impact of 5.1 mcg/cubic meter, do you
4	feel that that's an appropriate figure?
5	A Again, I've testified previously as to
6	what we separately believe those impacts to be.
7	What we're doing here is picking up the
8	information that was presented by the Committee in
9	the PMPD and providing a specific update. I think
10	I previously testified that we had separately
11	modeled and shown the impacts to be slightly lower
12	than that. But, you know, for purposes of
13	responding to the Committee's request, we simply
14	updated the table that was provided in the PMPD.
15	Q Okay, thank you, Mr. Stein.

MR. SARVEY: That's all.

17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: That's all. Do

you have any redirect of your witness?

19 EXAMINATION

20 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Mr. Stein,

your exhibit 172, I had a couple of questions on

this table that's titled year 2000 ammonia

emission inventory.

18

21

22

MR. STEIN: Yes.

25 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: And these are

1	fairly	trivial	quest	cions.	Could	you	explain	to	me
2	what na	ative an	imals	are th	ere?				

- 3 MR. STEIN: That's the bugs and bunnies 4 that are out there, the natural like the kit fox.
- 5 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Okay. And
 6 also do you know what might be included under the
 7 category here domestic? What would account for
- 8 domestic emissions of ammonia?
- 9 MR. STEIN: I don't know off the top of 10 my head what that would be. But, you know, 11 sewage, emissions from sewers might be --
- 12 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Okay. Thank
- 13 you.

25

- HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Regarding the

 cumulative impact analysis that was submitted in

 the initial AFC, does your impact analysis include

 foreseeable mobile sources due to the housing

 developments in the nearby communities?
- MR. STEIN: In one of the analyses that

 we did, we did include mobile sources -- did we

 include -- We included areawide sources, which may

 not have included mobile sources. I think the

 difficulty with including really any of these

 sources in a model is that the nature of the

source that they are highly variable emitters. It

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1
        is almost impossible to characterize the terms of
2
        their movements, whether they're inside the area
3
        and outside the area.
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None of that kind of information is 5 carried into the EIR that reports them. We're 6 simply left with this bulk number of so many additional vehicles or vehicle miles traveled 7 produces so many emissions. And it would just be 8 9 highly speculative to try to stuff that kind of information into the dispersion models that are 10 routinely used for evaluating stationary sources. 11 12 So we don't do it. It would just be garbage in/ garbage out.

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HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right, now in terms of the landfill again, the landfill ERCs. Assuming that all of the PM10 emissions are PM2.5, which is what I understand you testified to, using the more conservative analysis?

MR. STEIN: No, let me be sure I'm clear on that. What I thought I said was that we didn't separately calculate the portion that would be PM2.5. In order to be responsive, we made a very conservative over-estimate, worst case that it's all PM2.5. We believe it's less than that.

25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Right, that's

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1 what I was --
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2	MR. STEIN: And okay, and your
3	question was specifically for the landfill
4	emissions. We believe that the PM2.5 component of
5	the landfill emissions are substantially under-
6	estimated by staff.
7	And we had looked at some site specific
8	content analysis that suggested the PM2.5 fraction
9	was substantially greater. So the staff's
10	correction of 15 percent is quite conservative.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And so in terms of using the landfill, it's being used, but only to the extent that it doesn't cover what Crown Zellerbach and the other ERCs would be offsetting, is that --

MR. STEIN: Well, in the landfill the ERCs are part of the overall package. So, those ERCs were necessary in order to meet the full offset liability for the project.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: It seems that, at least in the most recent filings, and perhaps it's in the comments from the applicant, that with the Crown Zellerbach ERCs, plus the landfill, and in fact your offset package exceeds those required by the Bay Area Air District. Am I misreading

1	that?
_	ciiac.

2	MR.	STEIN:	No,	Ι	think	you	are	mis-
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- 3 reading that, yes. There all --
- 4 MR. GALATI: If I could provide some
- 5 clarification, early on in the project they were
- 6 going to be a much -- paving the same amount of
- 7 roads, the Bay Area Air Quality Management
- 8 District initially was going to give a much larger
- 9 PM10 number. Once that was revised to be cut in
- 10 half. The applicant has proposed to make up that
- 11 half with Crown Zellerbach.
- 12 The only remaining issue, as I
- 13 understood it, was on this CEQA residual
- liability, how much should the landfill portion of
- 15 the total package be given credit for 2.5.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right, I
- 17 think I'm done with Mr. Stein. Does staff have
- any cross-examination?
- MR. KRAMER: No.
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: No? Okay.
- 21 Intervenors are finished with Mr. Stein, right?
- 22 So we're going to move on to the staff --
- MR. GALATI: Can I ask some redirect?
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes. You have
- 25 some redirect.

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1	MR. GALATI: Okay, thank you.
2	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. GALATI:
4	Q I just have a Mr. Stein, regarding
5	the questions that you were asked by the
6	Committee, cumulative impacts and mobile sources.
7	Do you believe the project is mitigating
8	all of its direct impacts?
9	A Yes.
10	Q Once those impacts are mitigated, do you
11	believe there is any contribution to the
12	cumulative problem?
13	A No. The project would be fully
14	mitigated and would not contribute to any
15	cumulative impacts in the area.
16	Q When you look at the modeling analysis
17	of whether it includes mobile sources or not,
18	there is a cumulative impact number for PM10, is
19	that correct?
20	A Yes.

Q Does that number include all the 21 mitigation being imposed by the sources considered 22

in that analysis? 23

24 A No. The analysis is very conservative 25 because it does not address the mitigation that's

1	provided	for	this	project,	or	other	power	plant
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- 2 projects that were included in the analysis. It
- 3 simply looks at the stack emissions and the other
- 4 components of the project.
- 5 MR. GALATI: No further questions.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Staff.
- 7 MR. KRAMER: Okay, so we're ready for
- 8 our witness?
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes.
- 10 MR. KRAMER: Okay, that would be Mr.
- 11 Birdsall.
- 12 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Birdsall
- 13 was previously -- were you previously sworn, I
- 14 believe you were --
- MR. BIRDSALL: In September.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- in the
- 17 earlier hearings. So you will testify under oath.
- Whereupon,
- 19 BREWSTER BIRDSALL
- 20 was recalled as a witness herein, and having been
- 21 previously duly sworn, was examined and testified
- 22 further as follows:
- 23 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 24 BY MR. KRAMER:
- 25 Q Mr. Birdsall, did you prepare the air

1 quality testimony portion of exhibit 128, which is

- 2 the March 30 comments and testimony that the staff
- 3 filed in this proceeding?
- 4 A Yes, I did.
- 5 Q And is that your best professional
- 6 judgment?
- 7 A Yes, it is.
- 8 Q Do you have any corrections to make to
- 9 that testimony?
- 10 A I don't have corrections to make to that
- 11 testimony, no.
- 12 Q Okay. I'm going to ask you a few
- 13 questions to deal with some of the issues that
- 14 have been raised already or are likely to be
- 15 raised after you testify.
- 16 First, let's talk about your cumulative
- 17 impact analysis for this project. Do you believe
- it is adequate?
- 19 A Yes, I believe it's adequate.
- 20 Q Okay. One of the criticisms that you've
- 21 heard is that mobile sources were not included
- from projects like Mountainhouse and other
- 23 projects. Is that true of your analysis, or were
- 24 they included?
- 25 A Mobile sources are included in staff's

cumulative assessment. As Mr. Stein has pointed

out, there are a number of complications with

explicitly quantifying mobile sources in the

4 models that staff and applicant uses.

So the method that staff uses is to look at the past background concentrations of ambient pollutants and consider that to be the future worst case scenario in the future cases that include the buildout of the Tesla Power Plant project.

And the reason why that accounts for the mobile source growth in the area is because the mobile source sector is under control through a variety of programs from the State Air Resources Board, the USEPA, fuel reformulation programs, and whatnot, that when all taken together help to decrease the background concentrations that exist today. Even in the face of growth of vehicle miles traveled and the growth of numbers of vehicles in the area.

Q So more cleaner cars and trucks equals the same or less amount of total emissions?

A That's the premise. And so the background conditions that we've assumed in our model, which are from monitoring data in Stockton

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in 1999, that, in our opinion, represents the
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- 2 starting point and worst case of the mobile source
- 3 sector and its contributions.
- 4 And all of the mobile source sector
- 5 growth that occurs in the future is offset by
- 6 these ongoing programs to control tailpipe
- 7 emissions.
- 8 Q Okay. Did you review exhibit 111? That
- 9 was Mr. Ngo's email and data regarding the
- 10 modeling for the East Altamont project.
- 11 A I did. Mr. Sarvey's exhibit 111?
- 12 Q Yes.
- 13 A Yes.
- 14 Q And were you able to understand the
- inputs that went into that model?
- 16 A I was. Mr. Sarvey submitted an
- 17 electronic version of modeling that CEC Staff on
- 18 the East Altamont case had prepared at the time,
- which is around October of 2002.
- 20 O And did the results of the East Altamont
- 21 modeling differ from the results you came to in
- this case?
- 23 A Well, they did because they used a
- 24 slightly different inventory of sources in the
- 25 model. But, on the other hand they did not when

1 you look at which sources were included. And I
2 can elaborate on this.

3 Q Please.

A The differences between the cumulative
assessment that Mr. Sarvey provided in exhibit 111
and that Energy Commission Staff Tuan Ngo put
together on East Altamont, I believe are an overestimate of cumulative impacts.

9 The reason why I believe it's an over10 estimate of cumulative impacts is because Tuan,
11 when he was preparing the East Altamont
12 assessment, included mobile source emissions from
13 the Mountainhouse development with the assumption
14 that background concentrations in the future would
15 not decline.

And what I'm saying is that Tuan used a background condition from 1999 or earlier, and did not extrapolate that background condition into the future when Mountainhouse is fully developed. His mobile source emissions from Mountainhouse are expected to occur and grow gradually from today into the future.

And I believe that the mobile source emissions from Mountainhouse that Tuan put into the model are probably around the year 2020.

1	So this is a future source that's
2	emitting in the area, but what Tuan did not
3	consider is that the background would also decline
4	during that time between now and 2020.

5 So I think that Tuan's analysis is a little bit conservative, and this is why it shows 6 that the East Altamont cumulative impacts are a maximum of approximately 8 mcg/cubic meter on a 24-hour basis for PM10 versus Tesla, which has been shown to be about 6. 10

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- And that's those two numbers compared to 11 what total value? 12
- Well, the 8 that Tuan found and the 6 13 14 that I found, I compare that to the 1999 15 background condition which is approximately 150. 16 So, I'm saying that the Tesla project, and the cumulative stationary sources that are coming into 17 18 the area would contribute 6 to a background condition of 150. 19
 - And do you agree with Mr. Stein's conclusion that the direct impacts of Tesla Power Plant are fully mitigated by the offsets and other means?
- I do agree with Mr. Stein on that. And 24 we've worked long and hard on this project to 25

1	fully	characte	erize	the	impacts	and	then	develop	а
2	very	specific	mitic	gatic	n scheme	€.			

- And to back up, the results of our

 cumulative assessment that indicated the project

 would, in conjunction with other projects, cause a

 mcg/cubic meter increase to the background

 conditions which are 150 mgc., we consider that to

 be a significant cumulative impact.
 - And our mitigation scheme that has been hashed out through the hearings and subsequent documents, and then showed up in the proposed decision is all embodied in AQC-7. And AQC-7 is the mitigation approach that would fully reduce the project's significant cumulative impacts to a less than significant level.
- 16 Q In other words it's fully offset?

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- 17 A In other words the project is fully
 18 mitigated with the conditions that are in the
 19 proposed decision right now.
- 20 Q Okay. I believe Mr. Sarvey has
 21 suggested that a project or two was also left out
 22 of the modeling for cumulative impacts, and that
 23 the result is suspect for that reason. Could you
 24 respond to that criticism?
- 25 A I can. Mr. Sarvey's testimony addresses

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specifically a project called Tracy Gateway, and
he's called out the expected sources that are
attributed to Tracy Gateway and tabulated them for
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us.

And he is right that we did not
explicitly include Tracy Gateway in the cumulative
air quality assessment. I did include some other
land use developments, the Mountainhouse, for
example, and Tracy Hills and South Schulte, I
believe. My written testimony would support that.

The issue with Tracy Gateway is that no, staff did not include it, but in the scheme of the impacts that are predicted in my cumulative assessment, it would not alter the results. And I can explain that by showing the emissions from Tracy Gateway that are shown in Mr. Sarvey's testimony.

For PM10, for example, are less than .1 ton per year of various sources. And those area sources are distributed over the entire Tracy Gateway project area. So we have .1 tons per year of emissions that are distributed over a land use development of approximately 500 acres.

And because those area sources are so widely diffused they would not change the results

1 of my cumulative assessment. And, as I said a few

- 2 minutes ago, the mobile sources that are
- 3 associated with Tracy Gateway are included in the
- 4 background conditions.
- 5 So I believe that my cumulative
- 6 assessment is accurate and complete.
- 7 Q Okay. Mr. Sarvey is suggesting that
- 8 it's necessary to require offsets for the
- 9 particulate matter that might result from the
- 10 conversion of ammonia in the atmosphere. Do you
- agree that that's necessary?
- 12 A Could you rephrase that?
- 13 Q Mr. Sarvey says that the Commission
- should require offsets for the ammonia slip
- 15 because some of it will convert to particulate
- 16 matter. Do you agree that that's necessary or
- 17 required?
- 18 A Well, it is not required. The project
- 19 emissions of ammonia are occurring in a context
- 20 where -- well, let me back up and say, the ability
- 21 for ammonia to create particulate matter, which is
- 22 the question of whether or not there is an impact
- 23 from the ammonia.
- 24 The ability for the ammonia to create
- 25 particulate matter depends on the availability of

1	precursor	r po	ollutants	s besi	ides	ammonia.	The
2	ammonia,	by	itself,	does	not	necessaril	Ly cause

particulate matter impact.

The availability of nitrogen oxides and sulfur oxides and other reactive chemicals can lead to particulate matter. I think that Mr. Stein's recent testimony and some of the conversation that we've already had today about VOC control in the region, and nitrogen oxides control in the region, and how would it alter the ammonia particulate in the region, I think that indicates just how complicated the problem is, and how complicated the chemistry of the Valley is.

The reactivity of the ammonia depends on things like the availability of those precursors, the nitrogen oxides and sulfur oxides; and it depends on the relative humidity; it depends on the temperature. So it cycles throughout the day.

And staff does not have at its hands a good yardstick to correlate the emissions of ammonia into a project impact of PM10. So what staff does is staff seeks to fully offset the limiting reagents or the limiting reactants in this equation.

25 We fully offset the nitrogen oxides and

1 the sulfur oxides by causing source reductions

- 2 elsewhere. And so that the project impacts of
- 3 nitrogen oxides and sulfur oxides are zeroed out.
- 4 And then we seek to minimize the ammonia
- 5 emissions.
- 6 And for this project the applicant came
- 7 forward with ammonia slip being proposed to be
- 8 limited to 5 ppm. On other cases when the
- 9 applicant comes to the Energy Commission and says
- ammonia slip will be limited to 10 ppm, we fight
- for 5. And on this case the applicant proposed 5
- 12 and we believe that the ammonia slip is minimized.
- So we haven't recommended additional
- 14 mitigation for ammonia.
- 15 Q Okay. Mr. Sarvey cited a couple of
- other cases, the Walnut case, I believe, and one
- other whose name slips my mind. Did you review
- 18 the testimony he cited?
- 19 A I did.
- 20 Q Would you put it in context in those
- 21 cases? Was staff asking for offsets, or just that
- the ammonia slip be reduced down to 5 ppm?
- 23 A In those cases staff was asking for the
- 24 applicant to minimize its ammonia emissions. So
- 25 staff was not looking for offsets, and staff has

1 not requested offsets for ammonia emissions in any
2 other case, including Walnut and I believe it was

3 Cosumnes, which is the other one referenced here.

So, in this way, what I am recommending
on Tesla is consistent with what staff has
recommended on these previous cases. Because on
those previous cases the applicant did not come to
the Energy Commission with ammonia already

minimized.

Q Could you briefly explain the situation with the -- the current situation and your understanding of it regarding the Bay Area District's ability to issue a PSD permit?

A Sure. There is a current state of disarray right now in how the Bay Area Air District regulates PSD sources. The EPA has withdrawn the delegation and it's my understanding that the Bay Area District is trying to regain a sort of temporary or a conditional delegation so that they can finish up permitting sources that are in the pipeline already. Sources like the Tesla Power Plant.

So, at this point it's still unclear which agency, either the USEPA or the Bay Area Air District, will issue the PSD conditions. But the

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1 Bay Area District has already done the PSD
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- 2 analysis and those conditions are included in the
- 3 FDOC and also included in our staff assessment and
- 4 proposed decision.
- We don't believe that the EPA would
- 6 likely issue additional conditions or conditions
- 7 that are any different. But if EPA should issue
- 8 additional conditions, we have a condition that
- 9 staff recommended that is included in the PMPD
- 10 called AQC-5. And AQC-5 would capture new
- 11 conditions if they are issued by the USEPA, and if
- they are different from what is already included
- in the decision.
- MR. KRAMER: Let me ask. We have some
- 15 comments on the applicant's comments on the PMPD.
- 16 Would you prefer for us to discuss those now or
- 17 later?
- 18 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I think --
- MR. KRAMER: Later?
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- now, because
- 21 it's in context and the applicant's witness is
- 22 here, as well.
- 23 BY MR. KRAMER:
- Q Go ahead.
- 25 A Okay. I've reviewed the applicant's

1	comments on the PMPD and I wanted to offer our
2	opinion so that we could provide some direction to
3	the Committee as the Committee tries to synthesize

everything.

The applicant filed some written comments on AQC-7, which is the one key mitigation measure, I think, for this project. We have no objection to the applicant's comments. We also have no objection to the Committee's proposal.

These are additional words that were suggested by the Committee for AQC-7. And I wanted to just clarify that staff really has no objection to either the Committee's suggestion or the applicant's recommendations that those words be deleted.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: One of the things that applicant seemed to be concerned about was the difference between the words target and limit. Do you want to -- staff used the word target and that seemed to make sense.

MR. BIRDSALL: Well, I think that the applicant's comments, now you're referring to applicant's comments on page 145 of the PMPD and also page 146 of the PMPD.

25 And I think that again the applicant's

1 comments are acceptable. I think on page 145, if

- I was going to write it, myself, I don't think
- 3 that -- well, I think that if I were to write the
- 4 comments on page 145 myself, it starts out and it
- 5 says, staff believes that seasonal -- the
- 6 applicant's version says, staff believes that
- 7 seasonal mitigation -- sorry, seasonal limits are
- 8 necessary because air quality impacts blah, blah,
- 9 blah, are seasonal by nature.
- 10 The applicant recommended changing the
- 11 word target to limits. I would recommend changing
- 12 limits to mitigation. So that on page 145 of the
- 13 PMPD my recommendation would be, staff believes
- 14 seasonal mitigation is necessary because air
- quality impacts are seasonal by nature.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: In the actual
- 17 condition AQC-7, in other words the word target
- was used by staff's original draft.
- 19 MR. GALATI: If I could just provide a
- 20 clarification. That was our original draft.
- 21 Staff was proposing limits. We asked for targets.
- 22 And since you were summarizing what staff wanted,
- 23 we were trying to make it clear. That was the
- 24 purpose of those limited comments.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. So, the

1	comment, just to be clear, our major concern is
2	that AQC-7 had a prelude couple of sentences that
3	removed the concept of targets and made them pure
4	emission reductions without giving us the
5	opportunity to change our operations, which was
6	instrumental in our agreeing with staff's
7	analysis, which we had previously disagreed with.
8	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Right, and the
9	Committee took that out. And we can talk about
10	that in a little bit, okay, because that is
11	something that we ought to address.
12	So, unless, staff, do you have any
13	comment on that?
14	MR. BIRDSALL: Well, on that my opinion
15	is that the change that was recommended by the
16	PMPD did not necessarily it was not my opinion
17	that it converted those targets into strict
18	limits.
19	I believe that the condition retains its
20	flexibility. And, as Mr. Galati has pointed out,

I believe that the condition retains its
flexibility. And, as Mr. Galati has pointed out,
the condition that staff and the applicant agreed
to was to preserve flexibility. And I think if
Mr. Galati needs that first sentence removed,
staff would not object.

I have one other minor comment, again on

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the applicant's comments. And this is regarding
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- 2 AQC-9, which is a new condition in the PMPD that
- 3 staff had not seen before it was created by the
- 4 Committee.
- 5 AQC-9 was reviewed by the applicant, and
- 6 the applicant provided comments to the Committee.
- 7 I believe that the applicant's comments are
- 8 valuable and I encourage the Committee to go
- 9 forward with them. The idea of directing the
- 10 funds that are given to the City of Tracy to a
- 11 certain program, to any one specific program, I
- 12 think, is not in the best interests of the City of
- 13 Tracy or the regional air quality mitigation
- 14 scheme. We need to provide flexibility to make
- sure that that \$600,000 gets the biggest bang for
- 16 its buck.
- So, I encourage the Committee to adopt
- the applicant's recommendations on C-9.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: It also
- 20 reflects the City's interest in the letter they
- sent us, which is exhibit 130, the City of Tracy
- also asked for that to be modified to give them
- 23 more flexibility.
- MR. BIRDSALL: Okay, good. I had not
- 25 seen that exhibit.

1	HEARING	\triangle EET \triangle ED	CEEMED.	Yes.	Okav,
1	DULARING	OFFICER	GELLER.	ies.	UKav,

- 2 anything else from staff?
- MR. BIRDSALL: That's all.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Before we go to
- 5 cross-examination I have a question for staff. On
- 6 page 5 of exhibit 128, which is your testimony,
- 7 you say that -- it refers to the Crown Zellerbach
- 8 offset, and you were suggesting that it be
- 9 included in condition AQC-7. And that's why I was
- 10 asking those questions of Mr. Stein, because he's
- indicated that that offset is already included in
- 12 the FDOC conditions. And I'm wondering what you
- were referring to. I was confused by that.
- It's at page 5; it's the first full
- paragraph.
- MR. BIRDSALL: Right. Let me make sure
- I understand the question correctly. And I think
- maybe, I read through this and I see that it's a
- 19 little bit unclear.
- 20 The applicant -- I agree with Mr. Stein
- 21 that the applicant has come forward with a Crown
- 22 Zellerbach emission reduction credit, and they've
- 23 also come forward with a proposed credit for road
- 24 paving. And together that makes up the bulk of
- 25 the PM10 mitigation scheme.

1	There has been an ongoing question of
2	whether or not the applicant would consider
3	changing that mitigation package from being a
4	combination of Crown Zellerbach and landfill
5	credits to be an all Crown Zellerbach. And that
6	was a suggestion that staff had had early on.
7	And if the applicant had pursued it,
8	which they've indicated that they are not
9	interested in pursuing, then what it would do is
10	it would trigger an additional edit to the numbers
11	in AQC-7.
12	So to kind of clarify these last two
13	sentences of my testimony on March 30th, I could
14	change the sentence, or I would change the wording
15	of the sentence that begins, If the applicant
16	chooses to use the Crown Zellerbach ERC. I would

Then it would be necessary to modify AQC-7. The applicant has not proposed any such thing. We've written AQC-7 to incorporate the applicant's current proposal. And we think that no changes need to be made to AQC-7, and that the issue is closed really.

change that to, If the applicant chooses to use

the Crown Zellerbach ERC to fully mitigate -- or

to substitute the landfill road paving ERC.

1	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Well, but that
2	is, in fact, what is confusing. If staff thinks
3	that the Crown Zellerbach ERC could replace the
4	landfill ERC to meet the PM10 scheme, that sounds
5	to me like there's enough in the Crown Zellerbach
6	offset, unless you mean that applicant would then
7	purchase another offset.
8	MR. BIRDSALL: The applicant would have
9	to purchase additional tons.
10	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, that
11	MR. BIRDSALL: Thank you.
12	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: that is what
13	is not clear from the testimony on both sides.
14	MR. BIRDSALL: Right.
15	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
16	MR. BIRDSALL: But those additional tons
17	would come from the same Crown Zellerbach place.
18	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, so to,
19	actually if applicant chooses to purchase
20	additional Crown Zellerbach ERCs or something like
21	that.

MR. BIRDSALL: That's perfect. Thank

23 you.

MR. GALATI: The only update I would add

is except that they're not in a significant amount

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T	LO	Lake	Care	OT	LIIE	remaining	Talluttii	CIEUILS.

- 2 There's not like another 90 tons of Crown
- 3 Zellerbach ERCs to obtain.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, so
- 5 they're not available, and there are no other ERCs
- 6 that would be in compliance with the requirement,
- 7 is that --
- 8 MR. GALATI: Yeah, none that we have
- 9 identified, as well as --
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
- Okay, that seems to be what was confusing from the
- 12 testimony. Because it wasn't clear that it meant
- that you'd have to purchase additional ERCs.
- 14 All right. That clears that up. All
- 15 right.
- 16 And then --
- MR. GALATI: I mean to the extent that
- 18 we found ERCs we would come in to the Energy
- 19 Commission and propose for them, and I think that
- 20 would also mean an amendment to AQC-7, having the
- 21 reduction target go down.
- 22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And that would
- 23 be provided under AQC-5, which --
- MR. GALATI: Correct.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- already

1	covers	that.	Okay,	aood.	That	clears	it	up.
-		011000	01101,	9000.	11100	0 = 0 0 = 0		~ ₽•

- 2 Also on page 5 in your testimony, Mr.
- 3 Birdsall, you indicate that air quality agencies
- 4 do not generally manage ammonia as a particulate
- 5 precursor except South Coast. And I wanted to
- 6 know what does South Coast do with ammonia.
- 7 MR. BIRDSALL: Okay, that's a good
- 8 question. Thank you for bringing it up. The
- 9 South Coast, and I'm fortunate because I just
- 10 worked on a licensing case down there -- the South
- 11 Coast currently recommends that ammonia slip from
- 12 large-scale, combined cycle power plants like this
- one be reduced to 5 ppm. And so this project
- 14 would meet the South Coast standard for ammonia.
- 15 And that's how the South Coast would
- 16 manage it on this plant.
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right, so
- 18 South Coast has a BACT of 5 ppm on ammonia slip?
- 19 MR. BIRDSALL: That's correct.
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And Bay Area is
- 21 10, but they were happy with the 5 in this case?
- MR. BIRDSALL: I don't know what Bay
- 23 Area would -- I don't know if Bay Area would force
- 24 the applicant to reduce its emissions, because
- 25 there is no ammonia BACT.

	10
1	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: There is not
2	one at the Bay Area?
3	MR. BIRDSALL: In the Bay Area.
4	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, all
5	right. So the difference is that South Coast
6	actually has adopted a BACT for ammonia slip?
7	MR. BIRDSALL: That's correct.
8	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Are you
9	familiar with the large power plants that the
10	intervenor has referred to in Massachusetts where
11	the ammonia slip limits are 2.0? Familiar with
12	that technology?
13	MR. BIRDSALL: Well, I'm only familiar
14	with them to the extent that the information has
15	been presented here.
16	PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Mr. Birdsall,
17	I have a relevant question. Have you had a chance
18	to read Mr. Stein's testimony?
19	MR. BIRDSALL: Yes, I have.
20	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I believe it's
21	exhibit 174 excuse me, 169.
22	MR. BIRDSALL: Could you read the title
23	of the exhibit so I get it correct? Or is that

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PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Supplemental

24 his testimony --

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1 testimony of David Stein.
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- 2 MR. BIRDSALL: Okay, thanks.
- 3 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: If you turn
- 4 to his comment number six.
- 5 MR. BIRDSALL: Okay.
- 6 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: And I'd like
- you to read to yourself the second paragraph in
- 8 response, the paragraph that starts, The San
- 9 Joaquin Valley airshed...".
- MR. BIRDSALL: Yes.
- 11 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Then it
- 12 continues over on the next page. My question is,
- is there anything in that paragraph that you
- 14 disagree with?
- MR. BIRDSALL: No. I would agree with
- 16 that paragraph.
- 17 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Thank you.
- 18 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Also, Mr.
- 19 Birdsall, in your testimony at page 4, the
- 20 question was finding points of maximum impact
- 21 which occurred both in Alameda County to the west
- 22 and San Joaquin County to the east. And that was
- 23 confusing because it wasn't clear that this is
- 24 what you do in all projects -- for all projects,
- or was it only in this case?

1	Because typically what I'm familiar with
2	is there is a point of maximum impact and it
3	remains he same in a particular location for a
4	particular plant.
5	MR. BIRDSALL: That's right. In a case
6	that was a little bit more routine I would say
7	there is one point of maximum impact, that is the
8	point of maximum impact. But I wanted to
9	highlight for the readers in the San Joaquin
10	Valley, especially, whether or not the impacts
11	from the San Joaquin County side of the project
12	were any different than the highest impact.
13	And so that sentence is intended to just
14	highlight that for the area that happens to be
15	within San Joaquin County, the highest impact is
16	such.
17	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. But the
18	highest concentration is still to the west?
19	MR. BIRDSALL: But the highest
20	concentration overall is to the west.
21	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right. And
22	also with respect to cumulative impacts, you noted
23	that cumulative impacts are going to be higher
24	than the direct impacts in the San Joaquin Valley,

or east of the project?

1	MR. BIRDSALL: Well, that's right. The
2	cumulative impacts are higher because we're
3	including all of the cumulative sources. And
4	MR. KRAMER: So they would always be
5	higher.
6	MR. BIRDSALL: they would always be
7	higher because there are more sources in the
8	model.
9	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Where would the
10	point of maximum cumulative impact be? Would that
11	be to the west or to the east? Or do you model
12	that?
13	MR. BIRDSALL: Well, that's a good
14	question. And if I didn't explain it in this
15	testimony then it's in the final staff assessment
16	of where the maximum cumulative impacts would
17	occur. So let me just dig that out for a moment.
18	When all of the cumulative sources are
19	taken into account the final staff assessment
20	shows, and this is page $4.1-50$, the cumulative
21	assessment shows that the peak impact becomes very
22	close to the Tesla cooling tower.
23	And the reason for this is the wind

And the reason for this is the wind

directions must be such that the air that's coming

close to the Tesla Power Plant from upwind

1 locations like the East Altamont Power Plant and

- 2 the other sources in the cumulative model, then
- 3 add up with the Tesla cooling tower impacts, and
- 4 cause the highest cumulative impact to be actually
- 5 right next to the cooling tower at Tesla.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So that's the
- 7 point of maximum impact for cumulative impact
- 8 analysis in this project?
- 9 MR. BIRDSALL: Right.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
- 11 Cross-examination? Where did Mr. Sarvey go? Why
- don't you ask your questions, Mr. Boyd.
- MR. BOYD: Certainly.
- 14 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 15 BY MR. BOYD:
- 16 Q I'm a little confused about the role
- of -- sorry -- I had some questions about the
- 18 ammonia issue. In your testimony you seem to be
- saying that the secondary formation due to the
- 20 presence of ammonia slip from the project, that
- 21 really there was no, since it's not regulated, am
- I interpreting it's not regulated, that it's not
- 23 really required to be identified as impacting
- particulate matter? Is that true?
- 25 A Well, in --

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A -- an effort to simplify my position on ammonia, the effect and the consequences of ammonia on PM10 are variable and uncertain. I would like to try to reiterate that, because as we've seen already the chemical reactions that take place in order to convert the ammonia to a particulate matter are complicated, they're dynamic and they're very difficult to model.

And there is no consensus among the regulating agencies, including the San Joaquin Valley Air District. There is no consensus on how ammonia should be managed.

So staff's position is to minimize the ammonia emissions from the plant, and then to fully offset the other precursors.

Does that answer your question?

Q Yeah, well, you said -- you answered that they were basically -- your answer is you have minimized the production of ammonia, but it's not really clear. Are you saying that there's no impact of ammonia emissions on production of PM, or are you saying that it's just uncertain. And therefore you're just limiting the ammonia emissions because it's not certain?

1 A Well, because it's uncertain we're 2 requiring, and we request that the applicants 3 minimize their emissions.

- Q Right. Now, is it also interesting that
 there's no requirement under the Clean Air Act for
 controlling ammonia emissions?
- 7 A No, there is not.

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- 8 Q And is it your understanding that in
 9 this process it's the role of the Air District to
 10 determine compliance with requirements for the
 11 Clean Air Act, et cetera?
 - A Well, that's one of the components of the staff assessment, compliance with LORS.
- 14 Q Is it staff's role, then, for us to
 15 insure noncompliance say with the Clean Air Act,
 16 which is a federal statute, but to insure
 17 compliance with CEQA, which is a state statute?

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: You know what,

I'm going to end this line of questioning, because

you're asking the witness to give you a legal

analysis of the role of the different statutes --

MR. BOYD: Well, I'm trying to find out
if this -- when he makes a statement that, based
on the statements -- I'm trying to separate if
there's a requirement under the federal law or the

1 state law to provide some mitigation --

- 2 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Why don't you
- 3 ask him the direct question.
- 4 MR. BOYD: Okay.
- 5 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: If it's a CEQA-
- 6 related question, ask it.
- 7 MR. BOYD: It's a CEQA-related question.
- 8 BY MR. BOYD:
- 9 Q Under CEQA, if there's any potential for
- 10 an impact from the ammonia emissions to produce
- 11 particulate matter, are we not required to
- 12 mitigate those impacts?
- 13 A Absolutely.
- 14 Q So, what mitigation then are you
- offering besides -- so your offer is, your
- 16 mitigation you're offering up is to reduce those
- ammonia emissions to 5 parts per million?
- 18 A Our mitigation for ammonia is twofold;
- it includes, yes, minimizing the ammonia to 5
- 20 parts per million for ammonia slip; and then
- 21 secondly, full offsets of the other precursors of
- 22 nitrogen oxides and sulfur oxides.
- 23 Q Now, also you were talking about the
- 24 complex nature of the formation of the particulate
- 25 matter, but you had to have certain precursor

1 compounds present. When you did that analysis did

- 2 you consider the presence of mobile source
- 3 precursors? And would those also be -- I'm
- 4 saying, the existing ambient background that comes
- 5 from, I assume, from mobile sources, not
- 6 stationary sources, in your analysis did you
- 7 consider the fact that these mobile sources are
- 8 going to be the major source of the precursors
- 9 that are going to react with ammonia? Or did you
- 10 base it on just precursors coming from the plant,
- 11 itself?
- 12 A Well, I always take into account the
- 13 setting of the project. And the environmental
- 14 setting here in the Central Valley includes, as
- 15 you're well aware, lots of mobile source activity.
- 16 It also includes lots of agricultural
- source activity. And what happens is, as we've
- 18 talked about earlier today, the airshed, it's got
- 19 nitrogen oxides present; it's got ammonia present.
- 20 And the project is coming along and is going to
- 21 emit some of each. And I look at the project
- 22 emissions in that context and the strategy for
- 23 minimizing the effects or reducing the impacts of
- 24 the ammonia to a less than significant level, is
- 25 to do this twofold approach, like I've said, fully

offsetting the nitrogen oxides from the project, and then minimizing its ammonia.

Q Okay, and there was one other thing that I was kind of confused about. You seem to be suggesting that over time things are going to get better in the San Joaquin Valley, and that might be a reason why the numbers are artificially high in this case. Do you have any empirical basis for that, like previous -- can you point to some air inventories for the Valley that show a trend downward as opposed to upward? All I've seen is upward trends.

And, in fact, the recent change in status -- nonattainment would suggest that we're going in the opposite direction. And if that is the case, that we are going in the opposite direction, wouldn't you therefore be required to provide more mitigation upfront to accommodate that, by the same logic?

A I would not dispute that the Central Valley has had difficulty in reducing its PM10 concentration historically. We're talking mainly about PM10 here. And the area has been redesignated downward in its quality.

25 But I do have information that indicates

that in the future the mobile source sector will

cause less and less emissions even though people

will be driving more and more vehicle miles

traveled, and there will be more vehicles here.

The San Joaquin Valley Air District,

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The San Joaquin Valley Air District, when they prepared their 2003 PM10 plan, which is currently proposed for approval by the USEPA, the PM10 plan for the region takes a look at all of these different sources and how they change over time. And the mobile source sector in that plan is shown to substantially reduce its carbon monoxide emissions and its nitrogen oxides emissions, and also the PM10 from the tailpipes are essentially staying the same. But what's happening in the mobile source sector is that the reductions of the nitrogen oxides and the other organic compounds are helping to offset the growth in mobile source activity to such a point that the PM10 concentrations are predicted to decline. And that's the background case.

So when I set up my cumulative assessment and I use a background condition from 1999, but I'm trying to portray a future case, for example when Mountainhouse is all built out in 2020, and the Tesla and East Altamont Power Plants

- 1 are sitting there doing their thing, taking a
- 2 background condition from 1999 is the worst case.
- 3 Because the predictions of background
- 4 concentrations, and the only agencies that I would
- 5 trust to predict this are the San Joaquin Valley
- 6 Air District and the ARB, with the EPA reviewing
- 7 and blessing the plan, all of that evidence points
- 8 to a decline in background concentrations.
- 9 And it has to incorporate the growth of
- 10 sprawl in the area, the growth of Walmarts and,
- 11 you know, single family housing and commuters
- going off to Sacramento and the Bay Area. All of
- that is included in the plan.
- 14 Q So you're saying all things considered,
- 15 considering the downward trend in emissions for
- 16 mobile sources over time, coupled with the
- increase in population over time, all things
- 18 considered that it's your position that things are
- 19 going to go down?
- 20 A That's true.
- 21 Q Thank you.
- 22 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey.
- MR. SARVEY: Yes, thank you very much.
- 24 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 25 BY MR. SARVEY:

1	Q You testified that emissions from mobile
2	sources should be included as background. And we
3	have several certified EIRs here in front of me.
4	For instance, the Gateway project, 180 tons of
5	VOC, and approximately 320 tons of NOx. We've got
6	a couple of other projects similar types of
7	impacts. They're certified EIRs.
8	And the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution
9	Control District has commented on these EIRs.
10	Certified them and said that, yes, there is a
11	significant impact that will not be mitigated.
12	Now, how can you include those elements
13	as background, when the majority of those
14	emissions from those developments is mobile
15	sources, the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution
16	Control District has said, yes, this is a
17	significant impact.
18	Can you explain to me how you can
19	include those as mobile sources?
20	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Referring to
21	exhibits
22	MR. SARVEY: I mean
23	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: You're
24	referring to exhibits 115 and 116?
25	MR SARVEY: Yes

1	ΒY	MR.	SARVEY:
_	$_{\rm L}$	Later •	SALVEI.

2	Q Can you explain to me how, when the
3	permitting agency of the City of Tracy has
4	admitted it's a significant impact that will not
5	be mitigated; the Air Pollution Control District
6	has stated in these EIRs that it is a significant
7	impact that will not be mitigated, how you can
8	include those as background?

A I understand that the City of Tracy, when they permit the land use developments that we're talking about, they commonly will allow the mobile source sector to emit and to emit in quantities greater than the CEQA significance threshold that is recommended by the San Joaquin Valley Air District. And the City of Tracy, and many other cities around anywhere, including the Bay and including Modesto and Stockton, they will approve land use development projects that do cause significant unavoidable, many say, air quality impacts.

And what that means is that the City of Tracy has approved a project without looking for offsets to offset their mobile source emissions, for example.

25 When I look at the long-term picture of

the background concentrations of ozone or the
background concentrations of PM10 in the Central
Valley and the Stockton monitoring station, I
cannot discretely model every year of changing
source activity and every change of mobile source
activity. It's just simply impossible. It would
be impossible to track all of the regional
activity. The vehicles that are caused by
Mountainhouse are starting maybe in Mountainhouse,
but they're driving off to go to work in Modesto.
To model something like that for every
year in the future is just beyond the scope of the
assessment. And the evidence that I have that
allows me to be comfortable with the methodology
I've proposed is that the San Joaquin Valley Air
District is revising its ozone plan right now.
And as it revises its ozone plan it has to take
into account the changes in land use patterns like
the growth in residential development around here.
It just recently revised its PM10 plan,
so I'm pretty confident that the PM10 plan
captures most of the boom in the Valley's
population growth. And because the PM10 plan

24 captures this population growth and this growth in 25 vehicle miles traveled and the growth in vehicles

1 just in number, I believe that the PM10 plan is

- 2 accurate. And that in the future, yes, background
- 3 concentrations will decline.
- 4 So, the method of handling the mobile
- 5 source emissions is very simple, but I think it's
- 6 also accurate.
- 7 MR. GALATI: Ms. Gefter, I need to
- 8 entertain an objection to this line of questioning
- 9 for this reason. The mitigation under CEQA, the
- 10 legal mitigation under CEQA, the most mitigation
- 11 that you could employ on this project is its
- 12 contribution to cumulative impact.
- 13 Staff found a significant cumulative
- 14 impact, and as a result made us mitigate above and
- 15 beyond what the Air Quality Management District
- 16 made for San Joaquin Valley, such that we are
- 17 accounting for almost molecule-for-molecule each
- one of our emissions.
- Now, whether the impact that staff
- 20 calculated was 5.1, 6, 6.2, 7.9, 9.7, the most you
- 21 could make us mitigate, and we are now accepting
- 22 that mitigation, is total mitigation of our own
- 23 contribution. We cannot, nor do we have any
- 24 responsibility to mitigate for Tracy Gateway or
- 25 Tracy or East Altamont. We can't offset their

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plants. Ours is fully offset and we've had two
experts testify to that effect, that the full
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3 direct impacts are mitigated.

So we can go down the road as to how the modeling should have been done, but it's basically irrelevant at this stage. The Committee would not be imposing additional mitigation, I think, in following CEQA.

MR. SARVEY: Number one, I don't think this witness, since staff's attorney has not objected, I don't think it's a valid objection.

Number two, where I'm going is not that these people haven't fully mitigated, although I don't think they have. I'm going to the fact that this project should not be sited here no matter what mitigation is provided, because the people that have gone in advance of you have sited so many unmitigated projects that it just doesn't make sense to put another project here. You've already put East Altamont 1100 megawatts; you put GWF 169 megawatts. And we've got all these other projects.

I mean at some point we have to draw a line and say, well, we've got enough projects.

I'm not questioning this portion, whether they

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fully mitigated the project, I don't believe they
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- 2 have. But, --
- 3 MR. KRAMER: Well, and that's a policy
- 4 argument that has nothing to do with the topic, I
- 5 think.
- 6 MR. SARVEY: That's exactly the topic.
- 7 We're here to discuss whether this project can be
- 8 sited here. It has to look at the conditions that
- 9 -- the conditions have not been looked at, and
- 10 that's my point.
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
- 12 Actually, to all parties, this is an issue that
- you could brief to us if, at the end of this
- 14 hearing you feel you want to argue it. In the
- 15 meantime, why don't we go on and you can ask your
- 16 questions.
- MR. SARVEY: Okay, --
- 18 MR. GALATI: I withdraw the objection;
- 19 you can continue to ask.
- MR. SARVEY: Thank you.
- 21 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 22 Q Brewster, is it your testimony that CARB
- 23 has projected that PM emissions from cars is
- 24 actually going to decrease over time, is that your
- 25 testimony?

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1	A No. My testimony is not that PM from
2	the automobiles will decrease, but that the
3	background conditions of PM10 in the Valley will
4	tend to improve. And that's a combination of PM10
5	precursors well, it is probably mostly
6	attributed to the improvement of PM10 precursors.
7	When you look at vehicle miles traveled
8	PM10 directly from the mobile source sector is
9	about steady. And the improvements in nitrogen
10	oxides and VOCs will improve the chemistry in the
11	region to the point where secondary PM10 formation
12	and background concentrations of PM10 will
13	improve.
14	Q I'm holding in my hand the 2003
15	Almanac final from CARB. I'd like to give you
16	a copy of it. And I want you to read to me the
17	protected emissions from light passenger vehicles
18	and light duty trucks for the handout I'm about to
19	give you.
20	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey, you
21	could give all the parties copies of this handout.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey, you could give all the parties copies of this handout.

You need to tell us where you got it from. It's not necessary for the witness to read it out loud.

You just ask the question.

There's just one copy? How many copies

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- 2 (Pause.)
- 3 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 4 Q Earlier you said you trust CARB's
- 5 determinations on these matters, so I'll point to
- 6 you on page 3 of 4 there where it says onroad
- 7 motor vehicles, and if you look at the column
- 8 light duty passengers, PM10 emissions from light
- 9 duty passenger trucks is expected to increase from
- 10 .28 tons per day to .296 in 2002, .318 in 2005,
- 11 and .356 in 2010.
- Now, does that indicate any type of
- 13 reduction in PM10 emissions from mobile sources in
- the San Joaquin Valley or County?
- 15 A When you are portraying the -- well, let
- 16 me back up. I'm familiar with this kind of data.
- I didn't print this out, myself, of course, but
- 18 I've reviewed this and I understand your concern.
- 19 What you are illustrating, however, is only a part
- of the overall picture.
- 21 You are focusing on light duty passenger
- vehicles, and yes, the PM10 from this source
- 23 category does increase over the period from 2000
- 24 to 2010. But I'd like to draw everybody's
- 25 attention to the lower half of this same page

1	where	the	bold	row	is	highlighted,	total	onroad
2	motor	veh	icles.					

And total onroad motor vehicles shows
that the PM10 trend is actually fairly stable
throughout the future ten-year horizon, or sixyear horizon, out to 2010 at least.

The other part of this picture -- so I want to just remind everybody that we have to look at all mobile sources together.

The other part of this picture are the reactive pollutants that cause PM10 to form secondarily in the atmosphere. And those are the pollutants of nitrogen oxides and VOCs, especially nitrogen oxides. Those contaminants, if we printed out a very similar page from ARB which maybe you have or maybe you're familiar with, but we could print out a similar page that focuses on nitrogen oxides and show that the reductions in nitrogen oxides are actually fairly substantial.

The reductions in nitrogen oxides would reduce the ambient PM10 concentrations, because the nitrogen oxides are all reacting in this broth. As we've talked about for ammonia, the nitrogen oxides is a precursor to PM10 formation.

25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Before we go on

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1 about this document, Mr. Sarvey, you did not
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- 2 identify it for the record. And since we have
- 3 been talking about it we need to number it exhibit
- 4 178, and indicate to us where you got it.
- 5 MR. SARVEY: I got it off the website,
- 6 CARB website. It's the 2003 Almanac data file
- 7 particulate matter less than 10 microns, projected
- 8 emission inventory for San Joaquin County.
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. And
- 10 since the witness has responded to your question
- 11 about this document is there any objection to
- 12 receiving this into the record?
- MR. GALATI: No objection; this document
- 14 can come in.
- MR. KRAMER: No.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Exhibit
- 17 178 will be received into the record. I'm going
- 18 to hand it to the reporter so you can look at it
- 19 and write it down.
- Okay, you may move on, Mr. Sarvey. I
- 21 think we've covered this quite a bit.
- MR. SARVEY: Okay.
- 23 BY MR. SARVEY:
- Q Mr. Ngo's exhibit, exhibit 111, he
- 25 models PM10 there, doesn't he? Does he model

1	ozone	$\circ r$	does	he	model	anv	other	precursor?
_	OZOIIC	\circ	accs	110	model	arry	OCIICI	procursor.

- 2 A The model that Mr. Ngo compared for East 3 Altamont is for PM10 only, with no precursors.
- Q Okay. Has staff or anyone modeled what
 the NO2 impacts might be from all these projects?

 Do we know that all these projects together might
 contribute to a violation of the NO2 standard? Do
- 8 we know that?
- 9 A Well, for the purpose of our analysis,
 10 first of all, I'll start off by saying that there
 11 are no existing violations of NO2 in the area.
 12 And so in order to cause an impact to nitrogen
 13 dioxide, the project or all of the cumulative
 14 development would have to, by itself, cause a
 15 violation.
- That means that it would have to

 overwhelm the background condition of NO2 and

 create a new violation.
- I don't think that the State of

 California anywhere, at least in the past say ten

 years, has had an NO2 violation. And so I think

 it would be very unlikely to cause a new violation

 here in Tracy. The reason is because NO2 is,

 although it does come from nitrogen oxides, the

 mechanisms that go into forming NO2 are almost as

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1 complicated as those that go into forming ozone.
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- 2 You have the nitrogen oxides reacting in
- 3 a number of ways, and ultimately they will cause
- 4 NO2 concentration. But it's sympathetic to the
- 5 ozone concentrations; ozone scavenges NO2, so
- 6 impacts of NO2 and violations of NO2 are very
- 7 uncommon. And I wouldn't expect them here or
- 8 really on any of the projects that I've looked at
- 9 recently.
- 10 Q But since we haven't modeled all these
- 11 projects, it is possible?
- 12 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, Mr.
- 13 Sarvey, where are we going with this? Can we move
- on and ask --
- MR. SARVEY: Sure, we can move on.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- 17 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 18 Q Brewster, in your previous testimony
- when you arrived at the amount of emission
- 20 reductions you require from the applicant in AQ-7,
- 21 you used a 70 percent effectiveness ratio that you
- 22 borrowed from the East Altamont Energy Center
- staff, is that correct?
- 24 A Well, there are a number of factors that
- go into the calculation of this project's

1 mitigation scheme. And the numbers in AQC-7

- 2 encapsulate a number of assumptions, and some of
- 3 them I've drawn from the San Joaquin Valley Air
- 4 District, some of them I've drawn from other
- 5 Energy Commission cases. And one of the factors
- 6 is the 70 percent factor for Bay Area emission
- 7 reduction credits that are located in the
- 8 Carquinez Strait region.
- 9 Q And that was from the East Altamont
- 10 Energy Center staff analysis, correct?
- 11 A That's correct.
- 12 Q Okay. Now are you aware that in the
- 13 East Altamont Energy Center filed PMPD on page 144
- 14 the Committee said the following: Staff adopted
- 70 percent factor for emissions from Pittsburg
- 16 area. This was adopted because staff felt
- applying the 27 percent transport factor would be
- 18 too punitive. Our analysis of the transport
- 19 factor is equally applicable here. We find no
- 20 logical basis for a 70 percent factor."
- 21 Were you aware of that when you adopted
- that for your analysis?
- HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, Mr.
- 24 Sarvey, that was the original PMPD, and that's not
- 25 the decision.

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                  MR. SARVEY: That's the final decision -
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                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: That was the
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        final decision?
                  MR. SARVEY: -- directly out of the
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        final decision.
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                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Well, we
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         can take administrative notice of what the final
        decision says. No need to ask the witness about
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        that.
                   MR. SARVEY: Well, I just want to know
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         if he was aware of that, if he adopted that --
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Why is it
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        relevant to whether he's --
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                  MR. SARVEY: Well, it's very relevant --
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                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- aware of it?
                  MR. SARVEY: -- because the emission
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        reduction credits that were applied for the
         Pittsburg -- 70 percent benefit to San Joaquin,
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20
         and the PMPD for East Altamont clearly rejected
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        that.
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: The PMPD, but
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        did the final decision?
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MR. SARVEY: The final decision clearly

rejected that premise, clearly rejected it. And I

think it's very significant here. That's why I'm

- 2 saying that this project is not fully mitigated.
- 3 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Again, there's
- 4 no need for the witness to answer that. And you
- 5 can argue that to us.
- 6 MR. SARVEY: Okay, thank you.
- 7 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 8 Q In your testimony on page 5 of exhibit
- 9 128 you testified that due to the uncertainty in
- 10 the conversion rate of ammonia staff recommends
- 11 minimizing ammonia slip, that's correct?
- 12 A Are you referring to my testimony from
- 13 March 30th?
- 14 O Yeah.
- 15 A Yes, that's correct.
- Okay, and you've examined exhibit 113,
- is that correct, the CARB report on NOx controls
- in appendix A and B?
- 19 A Yes, I've taken notice of that. I think
- 20 this is the draft document for NOx control.
- 21 Q Right. And in that document there are a
- 22 couple of large combined cycle projects that have
- 23 achieved in practice and have been permitted at 2
- ppm NOx, 2 ppm ammonia slip, A&P Blackstone
- 25 project, which I have provided as an exhibit, and

- 1 the Mystic Station.
- 2 After reviewing this information do you
- 3 consider a 2 ppm NOx level and 2 ppm ammonia slip
- 4 level feasible for a large combined cycle project?
- 5 A The determination of feasibility does
- 6 not solely rest with me. It depends on the
- 7 operator experience; it depends on the longevity
- 8 of the power plant and its ability to repeat its
- 9 performance; and the regulatory environment.
- The regulatory environment in
- 11 California, except for the South Coast as I've
- 12 said, does not capture ammonia. Now,
- 13 notwithstanding, we've sought to reduce large-
- 14 scale, combined cycle power plants from 10 ppm
- 15 ammonia slip, which had kind of been the project
- 16 proponents' standard operating procedure, to 5 ppm
- 17 ammonia slip. And we sought that and we have been
- 18 seeking that on cases including Tesla. And
- 19 fortunately, Tesla is proposing 5 ppm ammonia
- 20 slip.
- 21 Whether or not a lower ammonia slip
- 22 number can be achieved on a long-term basis I
- 23 cannot say. What I can say today is that we are
- comfortable that a 5 ppm will be achieved. It
- 25 will be achieved year-in and year-out for the life

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of the project. And that it represents the minimum today.
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- And in Massachusetts they may have a 3 more stringent regulatory scheme for ammonia, 5 depending on maybe the atmospheric chemistry or the availability of sulfur oxides, for example, to 6 react with the ammonia, and they may be forcing 7 lower levels in their permit conditions, but I 8 9 don't have experience with the operating history of these plants and their ability to achieve that 10 ammonia slip limit in the long term. I don't know 11 12 if they can achieve that at year five, or at year 25. 13
 - And I'm not saying that I need to wait for 25 years of operating experience, but I think that what this draft document from the California Air Resources Board is showing is that here in California we are looking to improve the ammonia slip performance of our power plants. And this might be good evidence, but I just can't say at this time whether or not it is the lowest achievable rate.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you, Mr.
- 24 Birdsall. Let's go off the record.
- 25 (Off the record.)

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2	Q Staff, in previous cases, most notably
3	the Walnut Energy Center, East Altamont Energy
4	Center and the Cosumnes project, staff has
5	testified that even in an ammonia rich area,
6	ammonia conversion emissions from a power plant
7	could result in a conversion rate to PM2.5 as high
8	as 30 percent. Do you disagree with that
9	assessment?
10	A On those cases staff is creating a
11	position to force the applicant to change its
12	project proposal to minimize the ammonia slip.
13	So, staff prepares the evidence to build its case
14	that ammonia will cause some kind of particulate

We have, with this case, the ammonia slip mitigated to a less than significant level. And so the analysis that was done for East Altamont and Cosumnes may not apply in this case.

I'm not saying that I disagree with staff, but I'm saying that I didn't prepare an assessment like that because this project came in with a proposal that was acceptable.

So, if this is correct, you don't disagree with their assessment, if the Tesla

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       project --
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                  HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I think you're
        mischaracterizing --
 3
                  MR. SARVEY: Oh, I'm sorry.
                  HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- the witness'
 5
        testimony --
6
                  MR. SARVEY: If -- if --
7
8
                  PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: -- he didn't
9
        disagree.
                  MR. SARVEY: Okay. Well, we don't know
10
11
        what he --
12
                  HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Just go on with
13
        your next --
14
        BY MR. SARVEY:
15
             Q If the Tesla project emits 186 tons of
16
        ammonia a year, and staff is right that it could
17
        convert at a 30 percent rate, that would be an
18
        additional 56 tons per year secondary PM2.5, do
        you think that 56 tons per year secondary PM2.5
19
20
        would be a significant impact?
                  HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: That's a
21
        hypothetical. Okay, --
22
23
                  MR. SARVEY: Hypothetically speaking.
                  HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: You can move
24
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on; that's a hypothetical question. Let's move on

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1 about this case.
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- 2 MR. SARVEY: Well, I am talking about
- 3 this case.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I think that
- 5 was --
- 6 MR. SARVEY: I'm talking about staff's
- 7 previous decision that 30 percent would convert,
- 8 and that's a perfectly legitimate question. It
- 9 converts to 56 tons.
- 10 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 11 Q Is that a significant fact? That's a
- 12 yes or no question.
- 13 A I think that the conversion is variable
- 14 and uncertain. And so I would not agree that
- 15 necessarily the project could cause 56 tons of
- 16 ambient particulate matter.
- 17 Q I want to draw your attention to the
- 18 exhibit that Mr. Geesman asked you about, the same
- 19 paragraph, 169, Mr. Stein's testimony. And I want
- to discuss the same paragraph he did.
- 21 Particularly I want to talk about, it
- 22 says: ARB has not identified ammonia injection for
- NOx control as an important source of ammonia.
- 24 And has assigned the source category a low
- 25 priority source of atmospheric ammonia emissions

- in the Valley."
- 2 Has ARB issued guidance that power
- 3 plants should adopt 5 ppm or less for ammonia
- 4 slip? And I want to emphasize "or less". I
- 5 believe it's their 1999 guides. I have, as an
- 6 earlier exhibit, one of our --
- 7 A I'm familiar with that, and I think that
- 8 the recommendation from the ARB was to the Air
- 9 Quality Management Districts to determine whether
- 10 or not ammonia control would be beneficial for
- 11 managing particulate matter.
- 12 And I think that the jury is still out
- on that. And because the ARB document says that
- 14 essentially the ammonia slip should be controlled
- 15 to 5 ppm, we believe that that is an achievable
- level. And so it represents the lowest achievable
- 17 level.
- 18 Q And so the statement that the ARB has
- 19 not identified ammonia injection for NOx control
- 20 is not really a true statement, then. The ARB has
- 21 identified it as a significant precursor and it's
- therefore issued guidance limit to 5 or less,
- 23 correct?
- 24 MR. GALATI: I object to the
- 25 mischaracterization of Mr. Stein's testimony. Mr.

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1
         Stein's testimony says, "The ARB has not
 2
         identified ammonia injection for NOx control as an
 3
         important source of ammonia and has assigned a
         source category a low priority source of
 5
         atmospheric ammonia emissions in the Valley."
         That's the entire context of his statement.
 6
                   MR. SARVEY: -- answer that question.
7
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: You're going to
8
9
         ask another question?
10
                   MR. SARVEY: No, I'm asking that exact
         same question, word-for-word. Hasn't ARB, the
11
12
         fact that they've adopted that, sort of make that
         statement false?
13
14
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, okay.
15
         You know what, I think what Mr. Galati has just
16
         indicated to us is that it speaks for itself.
                   Are you asking Mr. Birdsall whether he
17
18
         agrees or disagrees? I believe he's already --
19
         that question was asked and he answered it. So,
20
        basically we're going in circles here. I'm not
21
         sure what --
                   MR. SARVEY: Well, I'm specifically --
22
23
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- you're
24
        getting at --
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MR. SARVEY: -- he testified that he

1 agreed with this entire paragraph. And I'm

- 2 pointing out that the ARB has already issued
- 3 guidance. So, I mean the fact to say that ARB
- 4 doesn't think NOx control and ammonia is important
- is a misstatement. And that's all I'm trying to
- 6 point out. I'll move on.
- 7 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 8 Q The San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution
- 9 Control District has adopted many attainment
- 10 plans. Have you seen any significant improvement
- of ozone violations over the last few years?
- 12 A The background concentrations that were
- 13 current and up to date at the time of the final
- 14 staff assessment are in the final staff
- 15 assessment. And that data is available in my
- 16 final staff assessment.
- 17 I haven't looked for the year 2003
- specifically; or for last week.
- 19 O In 2001 the state exceedances were 123;
- 20 2002 they were 127; and in 2003 they were 131.
- 21 Does that indicate any kind of general trend
- 22 towards improvement, even though supposedly
- emissions are decreasing?
- 24 A I think you have to consider trends on a
- 25 longer term average than just looking at three

1	-1.5	
1	discrete	MAAre

2	MR.	SARVEY:	Okay,	nothing	further.
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- 3 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So you're
- 4 finished? Okay. Thank you.
- 5 Do you have any redirect of your
- 6 witness?
- 7 MR. KRAMER: One or two.
- 8 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 9 BY MR. KRAMER:
- 10 Q Mr. Birdsall, do you know why the San
- 11 Joaquin District recently decided to be
- 12 reclassified as far as their federal status goes?
- 13 A The reclassification is an effort to
- 14 give the District more time to reduce its
- 15 likelihood of causing violations. It gives the
- 16 District more time to plan for attainment; and so
- 17 that the test of attainment will occur now, I
- think, in the year 2010 or sometime in the future
- 19 beyond that. But it gives the District more time
- 20 to make these reductions.
- 21 Q So it doesn't necessarily mean that
- 22 things are getting worse; it may mean that things
- just aren't getting better soon enough?
- 24 A That's one way to put it.
- MR. KRAMER: I guess that's my two

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1 questions.
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2 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Do you have
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- 3 anything further?
- 4 MR. GALATI: No.
- 5 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, at this
- 6 time we're going to discuss the applicant's
- 7 comments -- we're going to discuss the applicant's
- 8 comments, but why don't we do that during the
- 9 comment period later so that we can move along.
- 10 And right now I'm going to take public
- 11 comment. And Ms. Connie Hoag was here to make a
- 12 comment. And if you'd like to come forward at
- 13 this time.
- 14 MS. HOAG: Good afternoon. I'm a little
- disorganized here because I've been taking notes
- on the run, so I'll do my best.
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, just tell
- us your name, please, and spell it.
- 19 MS. HOAG: My name is Connie Hoag. And
- I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this.
- I was born and raised here in the
- 22 Valley, and I moved to Washington State and lived
- 23 up there for 13 years. While I was in Washington
- 24 State I served on the Northwest Air Pollution
- 25 Authority as a Board Member for two terms. And I

1 served as a County Councilmember for four years.

2 And I'm very concerned about the choice

3 of this location for this power plant, in addition

4 to the other power plants that are being located

5 here.

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We have a long time board member on the

Northwest Air Pollution Authority that stated at

one meeting that if there was one thing he wished

the public knew it was that the air pollution

authority cannot protect them from bad land use

11 decisions. They have no discretion. It's simply

if it's a square peg it goes in a square hole; if

it's a round peg it goes in a round hole. All

14 they do is regulate.

The approval decision is the point at

which the discretion is, is this a good idea,

should this be located here.

I've heard some comments just while I'm sitting here, and I've heard so many comments when I've served in public office where people said, well, they wouldn't let it go in if it was going to hurt us. Or the standards will protect us, et cetera. And I'm sure you've heard enough testimony, or at least I hope you have, that would let you let go of that notion if you ever held it.

In regards to air quality, one of the

projects that came before our board was a

comparable but smaller power plant, which was 660

megawatts. It's still in the permitting process.

Very similar design using SCR technology to reduce

NOx, et cetera. And the annual particulate matter

on it was the equivalent of 330,000 cars. That

was a 660 megawatt plant.

plant.

If you look at this plant and the East Altamont project, and the Tracy Peaker Plant, et cetera, you're going to have a cumulative impact of nearly a million cars. And I don't care how clean those cars are, that is a huge impact. And actually, if you talk about cars getting cleaner, that 330,000 number is from two years ago. So if you were comparing them with cleaner cars it would

be even more cars equaling the impact of that

I share Mr. -- is it Sarvey? -- Sarvey's concern about the, I'm not sure quite what you'd call it, the averaging emissions over the six-month period, rather than saying, look, in this particular time period when we've got these peak ozone levels you can't exceed this amount.

25 Because the health impacts don't care about what

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1 happened last month or what happens next month.
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- 2 It's what's in the air that you're going to
- 3 breathe at that time. And as public officials,
- and as serving on the Commission, that's what your
- 5 concern should be, is protecting the public and
- 6 looking at what is the impact of this plant going
- 7 to be on the health.
- I hear, in sitting in the audience,
- 9 comments about mitigation and offsets that make it
- 10 almost like the plant isn't going to even be here.
- 11 And then when I look at where the offsets are
- 12 proposed and what the offsets are actually made up
- of, and what the local impacts will actually be, I
- 14 couldn't disagree more. It's going to have a huge
- 15 local impact. And to have that impact right next
- 16 to the East Altamont one is just something beyond
- 17 my comprehension. I can't even imagine it being
- 18 proposed, much less considered, much less
- 19 approved.
- I wanted to know what kind of modeling
- 21 was done by the Commission's consultant in
- 22 determining the cumulative impacts. I was
- 23 glancing through very briefly, but was it Cal
- 24 Puff? I don't know what was used.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. You

1 know, when you finish speaking, maybe later off 2 the record you can talk directly with our staff.

MS. HOAG: Okay. Well, then in order to

4 get concern on the record about the modeling, in

5 the project that was proposed that I was working

6 with up there, the modeling that was done was

highly inadequate. And there were experts that

were brought in that showed that the impacts would

actually be up to 3 mcg/cubic meter greater than

the very basic run-of-the-mill modeling that had

been done that really didn't look at what the

atmospheric conditions were, what the topography

13 was like, et cetera.

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And so I would ask that the Commission take a hard look at the modeling and make sure that it is good accurate modeling.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, in the final staff assessment that staff submitted reference to all the modeling is included in that document. Also, the applicant submitted their impacts analysis also using EPA-approved modeling. And so, you know, rather than go into details, you can speak to them later and they will direct you

MS. HOAG: Yeah, and I have the

to the actual documentation.

- document, just haven't had a chance to look
- 2 through it. And I'm sorry, I'm undergoing cancer
- 3 treatment and I'm pressed for time. I have sat
- 4 out hoping that this thing would be killed a long
- 5 time ago because I couldn't imagine that it would
- 6 be considered. But I decided it's time for me to
- 7 just speak up. So I hope you'll take into
- 8 consideration what I have to say.
- 9 Regarding standards, there's a couple
- 10 things that were mentioned on standards. One of
- 11 them, as you know, well, we did the modeling and
- 12 it meets the standards, blah, blah, blah. I can't
- even begin to understand where they're getting
- 14 that from.
- 15 If you look at the cumulative impact
- 16 modeling that shows what the end result will be,
- we will be at what, 300-something percent of the
- 18 standard, three times the standard. Let me look
- it up, so I can give it to you right. It's on
- 20 PM10, and it's the 24-hour period. And it's 312
- 21 percent of the standard.
- The standard, itself, is outrageous.
- 23 But to be at 312 percent of the standard means
- 24 that you are literally killing people on a regular
- 25 basis and you're causing people to have heart

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1 disease and lung disease and high morbidity rates
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- 2 already. And --
- 3 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, I just
- 4 want to ask you, are you referring to table 16 in
- 5 the applicant's testimony?
- 6 MS. HOAG: I'm referring to the
- 7 cumulative air quality impact report that was done
- 8 by the consultant for the thing, and I'm sorry, I
- 9 don't know what --
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right,
- 11 well, in --
- 12 MS. HOAG: -- what table or whatever.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, in table
- 14 16 of the applicant's testimony which is exhibit
- 15 169, it indicates the percent of standard, and it
- says 310 percent. So that's the table I have --
- 17 MS. HOAG: 310?
- 18 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- before me.
- 19 MS. HOAG: Okay, that's not the one I'm
- looking at, then, because it was 312. I got it
- 21 from this gentleman here.
- 22 Thank you. It's table 23 of the final
- 23 staff assessment. And I'd like to point out that
- this PM10, PM2.5 is much more deadly and of much
- 25 more concern. And yet even on PM10 we would be at

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1 300 percent. And power plants put out almost 100
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- percent PM2.5, which I'm sure you're aware.
- 3 When I was on the board a health officer
- 4 came and gave us a slide show demonstration on
- 5 PM2.5 and talked about how the standard was
- 6 created and what went into it, et cetera. The
- 7 current standard for PM10 -- or, well, we might be
- 8 confused with PM2.5, but I think it's PM10, is 65,
- 9 is that correct, 65 mcg/cubic meter on the 24-
- 10 hour --
- 11 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Federal standard?
- MS. HOAG: -- federal standard, okay.
- 13 And she said that the Seattle area, when they did
- some epidemiological studies and things like that,
- and looked at the thousands of studies that had
- been done nationwide and internationally, they
- said that it should not be any higher than 25.
- And they said even at 25 they had recommended 25
- 19 just because they felt that the point at which it
- 20 caused significant health impacts was too hard to
- 21 attain.
- 22 And so they were recommending 25.
- 23 That's not where it ended up at the federal level
- 24 because of politics; not because of health.
- 25 So when you're looking at having such a

1 huge violation and the existing $\operatorname{--}$ some existing

- 2 background right now on PM10 on the 24-hour is
- 3 150. That is so so far out of line. We should be
- 4 doing absolutely everything we can to bring that
- 5 number down.
- And the problem is that when you have a
- 7 project like this that says, well, we're going to
- 8 have offsets so that our plant doesn't have an
- 9 impact, it absolutely has an impact. Because it's
- 10 going to take away those things that you could fix
- 11 to help to begin to bring that number down. It's
- 12 having a very negative impact.
- And in addition to that, it's having an
- 14 even greater impact on the mobile area, because
- 15 these offsets aren't anywhere close to here. And
- so you're going to have a huge local impact.
- 17 You're going to have some offsets somewhere else.
- 18 One of the questions from the Commission
- 19 here to the gentleman here was did he agree with
- 20 this particular paragraph regarding the formation
- 21 of secondary particulate ammonium nitrate. And I
- do not agree at all with that. I've had a lot of
- 23 background in that particular thing.
- 24 The problem is this plant will be
- 25 producing those very precursors at the very same

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1 location. And so the ammonia that you're
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- 2 producing is going to have a NOx right there, the
- 3 VOCs right there, along with the background stuff
- 4 that's there. And those will be traveling
- 5 together in the air over time and with temperature
- 6 to produce those particulates.
- 7 Having an offset in, what, Union City,
- 8 Fremont, whatever, Los Gatos and Oakland, that's
- going to be where those precursors are. Not here.
- 10 Yes, it will eventually reduce the amount of those
- 11 precursors in the background air, but you're
- 12 producing them right here out of the same smoke
- 13 stack. So you're going to have everything you
- 14 need to get your chemical reaction right here. So
- 15 I could not disagree more. They're ignoring the
- 16 chemistry of the items involved.
- I asked the local air authority how our
- 18 valley compared with the rest of California. On
- 19 PM2.5 we're second only to L.A. On our ozone
- levels we're the second worst in the state, the
- 21 third worst in the nation. I asked them do the
- 22 limits that are proposed in AQ-28 and 29 reflect
- 23 the other large plant being up and running. Are
- 24 they figuring it into it. The answer was no.
- 25 On the cumulative air quality impact

1 report the NO2, if you look at the background, and

- 2 this is once again the same table 23, the
- 3 background on it is 149 for the one-hour NO2. The
- 4 cumulative impact is 140.2. You're almost
- 5 doubling it.
- 6 What some of the testimony has been, and
- 7 what the air agency person told me was that in
- 8 this area you're ammonia rich. And the governing
- 9 factor on whether or not you end up with ammonium
- 10 nitrate is the amount of NOx that you've got.
- 11 Because you've already got all the ammonia you
- 12 need.
- 13 Well, now you're going to be doubling,
- 14 almost doubling, your NOx. You're going to have a
- 15 huge problem.
- I apologize, I'm just -- I had a
- 17 question about on one of the tables -- I'm trying
- 18 to find where I wrote what the table was -- on one
- of the tables it talks about the amount of
- 20 particulate matter that would be produced by the
- 21 cooling tower. Please let me find my notes on
- that because it's important.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: While you're
- searching we can go off the record for a minute.
- 25 (Off the record.)

MS. HOAG: Okay. Regarding the PM that
was produced by the cooling towers, and I lost
them again. Where is it? Here it is. Table 5
shows 6.10 tons per year of PM10 coming from the
cooling towers, and I wanted to know does any of
that include anti-corrosives. I guess I can't get
an answer.

San Joaquin County does not allow chromium-6 in the cooling towers, but San Joaquin County doesn't have discretion here. And I wanted to know does the Air District that has jurisdiction prohibit chromium-6.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: When we get to the public health testimony the staff witness can address those questions, I hope.

MS. HOAG: Okay. Regarding PM2.5 and health, there is a study done in Boston, I believe it was Johns Hopkins University, and it was backed up by thousands of other epidemiological studies. But the Boston study was particularly interesting because they interviewed all these heart attack victims, and they found out that each of them had had their heart attack when the PM2.5 level went up, every single one of them. And yet that PM2.5 level did not even reach the level of the

- 1 standard.
- 2 There is a very direct correlation
- 3 between PM2.5 and lung and heart disease. And
- 4 there's testimony on the record which if there's
- 5 any way I could submit it to the Commission I
- 6 would really appreciate it. It's from Dr. Jane
- 7 Koenig, who is the leading PM2.5 on health
- 8 researcher in the nation. And she has sworn
- 9 testimony that she submitted regarding the impacts
- of the plant in Washington.
- 11 And she said that on children and the
- 12 elderly there are documented health impacts at 11
- 13 mcg/cubic meter. And we already have 150 here.
- 14 What we have here is something that is so
- 15 desperate to get fixed. And if you approve a
- plant that removes offsets in the area and then
- adds more stuff to the area, we're going in
- 18 exactly the opposite direction of where we need to
- 19 go.
- 20 We've also given a lot of testimony
- 21 regarding how PM2.5 works. You can't keep it out
- of your house. They've done studies, they
- 23 compared the levels inside the house compared to
- outside the house; they were the same. It moves
- as a gas. It's the same thing when you breathe it

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in; it gets past all of your natural defenses and passes as a gas right into your blood.
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The other thing that I wanted to say is that in my position there I had the pleasure of working with Canadian counterparts. And they do not accept offsets at all. For the very reason that it removes the easy fixes that they need to solve the air quality problems and to address air quality in the future as they have growth. And so they absolutely will not accept offsets.

And also regarding offsets, when I glanced at the list of what was proposed, what's coming out of this plant -- with particulate matter it doesn't just matter that it's a little particle. It matters what it is. And what's coming out of this plant is toxic. And if you look at what they're proposing to mitigate it with, there's a couple of very small PM10 mitigations, that first of all, you know, I don't agree with it in the first place because it's way over there, but even if you want to say it's going to have an effect, there's a couple of very small combustion ones that would be comparable.

24 The majority of what they're proposing 25 is bare dirt. It's not the same thing at all.

1 It's not going to have the same thing, it's not

- 2 going to have the same effect on public health.
- 3 And I heard the gentleman here say the plant was
- fully mitigated. And I've heard that term before.
- 5 It's usually only referring to criteria
- 6 pollutants. And I want to know what about the
- 7 toxins.
- 8 Because usually from a power plant
- 9 burning natural gas there's a list of about 13 to
- 10 15 toxins. I've never seen any of them mitigated
- 11 yet. And if you've got your huge plant and the
- other guy's huge plant and they're all dumping
- every single day on this community, you're going
- 14 to have the highest cancer rates in the nation;
- 15 you're going to have the highest birth deformities
- in the nation; you're going to have the highest
- 17 health problems in the nation.
- 18 You need to be looking at apples and
- 19 apples, not apples and oranges. And I'm just
- going to quit there. Thank you very much.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. And
- when you get a chance, why don't you have a
- conversation with Dr. Greenberg, who's going to be
- 24 testifying in a little while about some of the air
- 25 issues that you raised regarding toxic air

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1 contaminants.
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- MS. HOAG: Great, thank you.
- 3 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: He will be
- 4 testifying pretty soon.
- 5 MS. HOAG: Oh, can I say one more thing?
- 6 When you mentioned the health thing, I kept
- 7 hearing ammonium nitrate discussed. But one of
- 8 the things we're very concerned about was just
- 9 plain ammonia, because it's corrosive to the
- 10 lungs; it's got a negative impact on health. And
- so you can't just say, well, there's ammonia being
- 12 produced, but it's not ammonium nitrate so it's
- not a big deal, or it's not forming ammonium
- 14 nitrate.
- 15 SCONOx is some technology that we looked
- into before that not only reduced NOx, but it also
- 17 reduced carbon monoxide. It was a better
- 18 technology. And plant after plant after plant,
- 19 the only reason it wasn't employed was because
- 20 they said that nobody their size had done it
- 21 before. Well, guess what? Nobody their size will
- 22 ever do it until it's required of them.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
- 24 Mrs. Sarvey.
- 25 MS. SARVEY: Susan Sarvey. The most

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1 disturbing thing that I heard this afternoon was
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- 2 when Mr. Brewster left me feeling like stabbed,
- 3 adjust the numbers to fit siting a plant. That
- 4 was like really scary to hear.
- 5 The comments that came out in regards to
- 6 the final PMPD with East Altamont, which I was
- familiar with, which I thought were disturbing.
- 8 The concern was being too punitive, I mean I just
- 9 don't understand this. We're not here to be good
- 10 or bad to the applicant. We're here to decide
- 11 what is real and what to do about it.
- 12 And so these adjusted numbers, the way
- 13 they float them around and change them, is really
- 14 scary. And for him to say , well, you know, in
- 15 those other three cases that you just talked
- about, well, I don't disagree with staff, but, you
- 17 know, it's different. It isn't different. We're
- 18 talking about the same thing, the same numbers.
- 19 We're talking about a different town. And in my
- 20 case I got a sucky town that's not going to go
- 21 away. So he needs to be taking the worst case.
- 22 So that was just really disturbing to me.
- 23 But here's my comments. In the Tracy
- 24 Peaker Plant it was established that we live in an
- 25 ammonia-rich area, so we must do everything we can

not to add to the high ammonia numbers since it

creates secondary particulate. Two ppm ammonia

slip is a must, due to our high particulate levels

and how particulate exacerbates asthma and

respiratory illness.

Two ppm is used in the United States now effectively. There is no reason it cannot happen in California where we need it so desperately.

We must also look at ways to control spore dispersal during construction to prevent a widespread outbreak of Valley fever, especially among the workers and the children attending Mountainhouse schools. We need the applicant to do everything they can voluntarily to protect the children at Mountainhouse school, which again I must say, the solar panels so the kids can play indoors during construction to protect them from the floating spores, the PM2.5, the PM10. And I just don't see any other way to do that.

And the school districts are broke and cannot afford to pay their PG&E bills, so you've got to give them a way to turn on the lights, turn on the air, turn on the heat. You cannot expect school officials and parents to know the health risks to their children from breathing PM2.5, PM10

1 and loose spores floating around in the air due to
2 their construction.

Just because Tesla is coming you cannot expect a general population to become air quality experts overnight. You must protect the public by requiring the 2 ppm ammonia slip and dry cooling until biological testing, monitoring and protocols are available to protect us when there is a problem, to find a problem, and to know what to do about the problem.

In relation to the air quality situation that I mentioned at the beginning, in relation to Mr. Brewster's testimony that was so alarming, I do want you to know that Tuan Ngo is the only staff member -- I have been involved in three siting cases now -- he is the only staff member who adequately tried to answer my concerns and questions.

When I asked for a cumulative study he did those isoplex, and he tried to explain to me what the deal was. And he tried to reassure me and tell me what the things that could be done to address the problems that came with that.

And I just don't understand why he is the only staff member who ever has reached out to

1 me in any category and tried to explain to me in

- 2 plain English the answer to my question. Much
- 3 like she said, oh, I guess you're not going to
- 4 answer my question. And when I read the public
- 5 comment answers in the book, some of those answers
- that are in that book do not even pertain to what
- 7 the question was. Ms. Garamendi talked about
- 8 water at length and it said refer to soil and
- 9 land. What the heck does soil and land have to do
- 10 with water? Nothing.
- 11 My issues were never answered in a
- 12 straightforward, understandable, plain English
- 13 manner. I really hope that you send Mr. Brewster
- 14 back to work; you tell him he needs to do a new
- 15 cumulative study, not one that makes it so he can
- build his plant, or doesn't make him build his
- 17 plant, but one that tells the truth.
- 18 The modeling for the new, enlarged glass
- 19 plant that we have; one that includes East
- 20 Altamont; one that includes all the mobile
- 21 sources; one that includes everything that we've
- talked about here today, that we've moved the
- 23 numbers around so it's convenient for this
- 24 proceeding. That does not protect the public
- 25 health.

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1
                   And your job, sitting up there, is not
 2
         to site his plant; your job is to listen to his
 3
         proposal, listen to what they have to say about
         it; hear our concerns and figure out if it's do-
 5
         able safely for the public. It's not to make it
 6
         so we can have a power plant so we can plug in the
7
         toaster. If ya can't breathe ya can't eat, you're
        buried.
8
9
                   Thank you.
10
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Anyone else on
         air quality? Okay, we're going to close the topic
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12
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of air quality and we will discuss applicant's comments later during the public conference on the PMPD.

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So we have one more topic, which is public health. Mr. Birdsall, you're excused, and, Mr. Stein, you're excused. We would like you to stay this afternoon, though, when we have public comment.

20 And, Mr. Stein, is your witness --21 MR. GALATI: I have no witness on public 22 health.

23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. So, it's up to staff now to do our public health section, 24 25 and --

	224
1	MR. KRAMER: Okay,
2	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Dr.
3	Greenberg was previously sworn and will testify
4	under oath.
5	Whereupon,
6	ALVIN GREENBERG
7	was recalled as a witness herein, and having been
8	previously duly sworn, was examined and testified
9	further as follows:
10	MR. KRAMER: Yes. He won't go over all
11	of his testimony, but a couple questions came up I
12	think he should address. Although actually the
13	people who asked about them aren't here.
14	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, well, you
15	could still put them on the record. And
16	MR. KRAMER: Okay. One was what I'd
17	call a division of labor between who regulates
18	criteria pollutants, or how they're discussed in
19	our analysis. And all the other issues, the so-
20	called toxics.
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION

22 BY MR. KRAMER:

23 Q So, Dr. Greenberg, could you explain 24 where the different elements of the emissions from 25 the plant are analyzed and discussed in the

- 1 staff's assessment?
- 2 A I'd be happy to. Air quality is an
- 3 issue area that addresses what we call the
- 4 criteria pollutants. These are oxides of
- 5 nitrogen, sulfur, carbon monoxide, particulate
- 6 matter. And these have national and state ambient
- 7 air quality standards.
- 8 The toxic air contaminants that were the
- 9 subject of a question or rather of concern by a
- 10 member of the public are addressed in the public
- 11 health section. There are no national or state
- 12 ambient air quality standards for toxic air
- 13 contaminants. Rather that we consider them not
- 14 individually, but rather in an additive manner in
- 15 a human health risk assessment.
- 16 And so they are addressed by the
- 17 applicant in a risk assessment that is prepared
- 18 according to U.S. and California EPA criteria.
- 19 Staff reviews and evaluates that health risk
- 20 assessment and arrives at any decision based upon
- 21 what we consider to be significant or
- insignificant risk; or whether or not there is a
- 23 hazard associated with noncancer impacts.
- Q Okay, and did you find any significant
- 25 risks or hazards with this project?

A No, not even, you know, given the

conservative nature of the health risk assessment

process, where the risks are usually over
estimated by a significant level, sometimes a

couple of orders of magnitude over what the real

or true risk might be.

But we do this over-estimation so that we have a level playing field, everybody follows the same protocol. What I mean by everybody, I mean every power plant or every emission source, regardless of whether it's a power plant or not, in the State of California all follow the same protocol.

That way we can compare one source with another source and nobody can say, oh, well, they assessed it differently. Everybody assesses it the same way, using the same assumptions, using the same EPA-approved air dispersion models, and using the same exposure assessment assumptions, and California EPA toxicity values, which are, for the most part, more conservative. That is, more health protective than USEPA toxicity values.

And what the applicant's risk assessment found, and I reviewed and evaluated that risk assessment and I concur with its findings, was

1 that the risk of contracting cancer is below what

- 2 California considers to be a significant risk.
- 3 And the chances of getting noncancer impacts are
- 4 zero because they're below the regulatory levels,
- 5 what we call threshold levels, of impact for those
- 6 noncarcinogens.
- 7 Q What is that cancer level? You didn't
- 8 give the level, itself.
- 9 A The level is a lifetime risk of ten
- 10 excess cancers in a million persons exposed.
- 11 Q The model, if I understand correctly,
- 12 assumes that those persons have lived their whole
- 13 70-year life in a particular place?
- 14 A Yes. They would be living every minute
- of every -- every second of every minute of every
- day for 70 years at the location that the air
- 17 dispersion model predicts would be the maximum
- 18 airborne concentrations.
- 19 Q And does anybody --
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Kramer, let
- 21 me interrupt. All of this is discussed in the
- final staff assessment; it's also reiterated in
- 23 the Presiding Member's Proposed Decision --
- MR. KRAMER: Okay.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- and if the

1 public comment on -- the person who had questions

- on these topics can talk to Dr. Greenberg off the
- 3 record, because we really want to address the
- 4 issues that are contained in exhibit 128 today.
- 5 MR. KRAMER: Okay, I think I have one
- 6 more question that probably wasn't discussed in
- 7 the staff assessment.
- 8 BY MR. KRAMER:
- 9 Q Does the concept of offsets apply to the
- 10 toxics that you examined in the public health
- 11 analysis?
- 12 A No.
- 13 Q Thank you.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Do you have any
- direct on the exhibit 128?
- MR. KRAMER: We'll just offer it by his
- 17 declaration. That would be the quickest way.
- 18 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Does
- 19 applicant have any cross-examination?
- MR. GALATI: No cross-examination.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Mr. Boyd
- 22 had a question.
- 23 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- BY MR. BOYD:
- 25 Q Page 16, --

1 MR. KRAMER: Sorry, we can barely hear

- 2 you.
- 3 BY MR. BOYD:
- 4 Q It's under the first -- is it prions or
- 5 prions? How do you say it?
- 6 A Prions.
- 7 Q Prions, that's what I thought, okay. At
- 8 the top paragraph here you're saying -- you're
- 9 talking about inactivation of prions. You say
- 10 despite the stability and resistance to routine
- 11 disinfection medicines, prions can be destroyed by
- 12 the application of preprotein denaturing, organic
- 13 solvents such as phenol and alkali such as sodium
- 14 hydroxide. They are inactivated by one more,
- 15 sodium hydroxin, sodium hydrochloride 2 percent,
- 3, concentration -- and steam autoclaving at 132
- degrees C. for four and a half hours.
- 18 My question is do you know what the
- 19 normal operating temperature of the combined cycle
- 20 power plant of this type is in normal operating
- conditions, what the temperature is?
- 22 A No. I'm sure the applicant does.
- 23 Q Would it surprise you that it's lower
- than 132 degrees C?
- MR. GALATI: Objection, he said he

- 1 didn't know.
- 2 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, objection
- 3 sustained.
- 4 MR. BOYD: Okay.
- 5 BY MR. BOYD:
- 6 Q So since you don't know, based on the
- 7 lack of knowledge of what the operating
- 8 temperature is, is it possible, based on this 132
- 9 degrees C temperature you've identified, to
- 10 determine whether or not the project, as proposed,
- 11 using recycled water, will be able to inactivate
- 12 any prions present?
- 13 A I think I'm hung up on your word, the
- 14 project, because if you want to include the
- 15 treatment at the Tracy wastewater treatment plant
- 16 providing tertiary treated water or secondary
- 17 treated water and then the plant providing another
- 18 step for tertiary treatment, and disinfection, and
- 19 the halogen that would be added as part of a
- 20 biocide program to the cooling tower, if that is
- considered the project, then my considered
- opinion, after reviewing all the information on
- 23 prions is that it's doubtful that there would be
- 24 any prions present in that water.
- 25 And if they were, it would be of such

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1 low concentration that it would not pose a
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- 2 significant risk.
- 3 And finally, there is absolutely no
- 4 evidence that prions can be transmitted via any
- 5 other exposure route except ingestion of either
- 6 infected nervous tissue of animals or by human
- 7 cannibalism.
- 8 So, --
- 9 Q Your study was, in fact, you analysis
- 10 was based on secondary treated effluent, wasn't
- 11 it?
- 12 A The question originally asked was --
- 13 Q Yeah, no, I understand. I'm trying to
- make sure that we're asking the same thing. Based
- on the analysis --
- 16 A But my analysis on the prion section,
- 17 which was added sort of separately, based upon a
- 18 request for further clarification made at the
- 19 September 18, 2003 hearing, --
- 20 Q Right.
- 21 A -- was based on all the treatment that
- 22 would be provided. It has to be tertiary treated
- 23 water in order to be used in a cooling tower in
- the State of California.
- 25 Q Okay. So, I guess that's the best I'm

- 1 going to get. Thank you.
- 2 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Do you have any
- 3 other questions?
- 4 MR. BOYD: No, that's it.
- 5 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Mr.
- 6 Sarvey.
- 7 DR. GREENBERG: Okay, Mr. Boyd, thank
- 8 you.
- 9 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 10 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 11 Q I only got one question now because we
- 12 only got 15 minutes.
- 13 (Laughter.)
- 14 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Make it a yes or
- 15 no answer, then.
- 16 BY MR. SARVEY:
- 17 Q This is our third hearing and you've
- 18 heard me rant and rave about all these EIRs I got
- 19 up here, and all these projects are not included
- in the cumulative analysis.
- Now, in your health risk assessment do
- you include all the toxic air contaminants that
- 23 are coming from all these new projects in
- 24 conjunction with the Tesla Power Plant? Yes or
- 25 no.

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             Α
                  Yes.
 2
              Q.
                  You do?
 3
              Α
                  Yes.
                   You do a cumulative assessment of all
 5
         the toxics from these projects in these EIRs and
         whatever?
 6
              Α
                  Yes. And --
 7
                   Okay, thank you.
 8
              Q
                   PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: That was
 9
         three questions.
10
11
                   (Laughter.)
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Three answers.
12
                   PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: But they were
13
14
        quick.
15
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
16
                   MR. SARVEY: I'm done.
17
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
18
                             EXAMINATION
19
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: On page 12 of
20
         your testimony, exhibit 128, you indicate that the
         cooling water will also be treated at the power
21
         plant site with additives to guard against
22
23
         corrosion and biofouling. And I think there was a
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First of all, I hadn't heard from staff

public comment questioning that.

24

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about the water treatment and what's going to

ccur at the plant, since the project will be de
nitrified apparently at Tracy.

So what other chemicals for corrosive

treatment will be at the plant, and how does that

impact in terms of emissions?

DR. GREENBERG: The other chemicals that are used in water treatment at the facility are described actually in the hazardous materials management section. And this is nothing new at this facility as compared to other facilities.

And they do include -- excuse me, the word I'm looking for is halogen, sorry, had a senior moment -- halogens, in this case hypochlorite for biocide activity. There will be anticorrosive agents. There are some antifouling biofouling agents. And just to set your mind at ease, there will be no hexavalent chromium used. There hasn't been hexavalent chromium used in a cooling tower in California in probably 15 or 20 years.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And then I
think you indicated that you had analyzed cooling
tower emissions at a power plant recently over a
two-day period.

1	DΒ	GREENBERG:	Yes.
_	DIV •	GIVEENDEING.	169.

- 2 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Where was that
- 3 located?
- 4 DR. GREENBERG: It was located somewhere
- 5 in the southwest United States. We have not --
- 6 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right; not
- 7 in California?
- 8 DR. GREENBERG: Yes, it was in
- 9 California. We're not prepared to divulge the
- identity just yet; probably next week --
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
- DR. GREENBERG: -- we'll be able to. I
- 13 hope you understand that.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And then I
- 15 think the question that has been sort of the
- 16 undercurrent of all the questions from the public
- 17 regarding your risk analysis is whether or not
- you're using precautionary principle in your risk
- 19 analysis assessment.
- DR. GREENBERG: I would say yes. It's
- 21 not a stated policy. I'm not given a directive to
- use the precautionary principle. I would state,
- 23 however, that that is a de facto use, our
- 24 approach. Our approach is one of several layers
- of conservatism.

1	We're not even, in this case, taking
2	into account the detriment or the health risk to
3	safety of not building the power plant and putting
4	Californians at risk for power shortages and
5	blackouts, which could indeed result in some
6	significant risks. So, we're not balancing out
7	our precautionary principle by looking at that
8	side of the coin.
9	But all of the analysis that I do, as a
10	toxicologist, in looking at whether it be
11	emissions from a cooling tower, emissions from the
12	stack, or even hazardous materials use is from a
13	very cautious point of view. And more stringent
14	health protective levels are used here in
15	California than in other states.
16	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: But, of course,
17	you analysis is based on the existing standards by
18	the regulatory agencies?
19	DR. GREENBERG: That is correct. The
20	analysis is based on existing standards.
21	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, what
22	we'll do is if there's anyone who would like to
23	make public comment right now on public health,
24	we'll take those public comments.
25	State your name again, please.

1 MS. HOAG: Thank you. It's Connie Hoag.

2 And I have a bunch of questions written down. I

3 understand I can't do it that way. And so I'll

try to rephrase them as something else, just for

5 the record, to show that I've got some concerns

6 about some of the statements that were just made.

One of the things was -- it's hard to put it in a statement -- possibly the standards and regulations that you used to conduct your analysis complete with recent epidemiological studies. And possibly no power plant has ever been found to present a health risk in recent years, yet downwinders show health symptoms.

The environment in Canada, which has stricter regulations than in the United States, recently published a document stating that current regulations are not adequately protecting public health and are lowering their regulations and standards even lower.

I find it very difficult to believe that a 660 megawatt plant with the same technologies used, and bringing things down to the same parts per million, et cetera, et cetera, would cause two deaths per year and increased morbidity rates in the tens of thousands, but yet this plant would

- 1 cause no health problem.
- 2 And I wondered what modeling was used to
- determine what the individual impacts were on a
- 4 particular individual in a particular environment.
- 5 And I also am concerned that a subject
- 6 that is exposed to multiple toxins has an
- 7 exponential impact from those toxins, as opposed
- 8 to single toxins. And it's a little hard because
- 9 I can't ask questions. I'm concerned whether or
- 10 not that is taken into account, because of the
- 11 proximity of the number of power plants and the
- 12 amount of toxins in the area.
- 13 Thank you.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. Do
- 15 you have a comment on public health? Mrs. Sarvey.
- MS. SARVEY: Susan Sarvey. I asked Mr.
- 17 Swaney about the biological thing because BAAQMD
- 18 said they don't monitor for that. And he feels in
- 19 this situation that probably it would be the
- 20 Department of Public Health that would have to
- 21 look into this.
- Does anybody have any knowledge? Do
- 23 they have any knowledge of how to monitor and
- 24 check for this? And what kind of --
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: What are you

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1 referring to, to be monitored?
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- 2 MS. SARVEY: The recycled water. And if
 3 there's a biological thing coming out of the
 4 cooling tower because it didn't burn all up.
 5 So if it's the Department of Public
- Health that has to deal with it, is there any -
 does Mr. Greenberg know, is there any historical

 evidence that they even know how to test for this

 and monitor for this and protect us from this?

 Because I've never heard about the Department of

 Public Health dealing with an issue like that,

 coming out of a cooling tower.
- 13 I'm just wondering, are they area that
 14 they're supposed to monitor that?
- HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. And do
 you have other questions, because we'll ask Dr.
 Greenberg to address --

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MS. SARVEY: And then I would just ask again, if we live here and we have existing asthma and respiratory issues, if there was a release like that, what would -- how would that affect me? Am I going to recover from that? And I base this on in the last week me and five other people that I know, we have gotten infections and hives, and we've all been told by five different physicians

1 at five different medical groups that it's due to

- 2 contaminate airborne particulate that's in the
- 3 air.
- 4 And so I have a lot of concerns about
- 5 what is in the air. And if there's going to be
- 6 more than one agency responsible for monitoring
- 7 what's floating around in our air, how are we
- 8 going to coordinate all this and keep it together?
- 9 Because like she said, it's three plants at one
- 10 time, not a good scenario.
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, Dr.
- 12 Greenberg, hearing the public comment on your
- 13 topic of public health, can you address some of
- 14 the issues that were raised, in the next few
- 15 minutes?
- DR. GREENBERG: Certainly, Hearing
- 17 Officer Gefter. Mrs. Sarvey has brought up the
- issue of biological, perhaps she was referring to
- 19 Legionella coming from cooling towers.
- 20 I am not surprised that the Bay Area Air
- 21 Quality Management District told her that they
- don't know anything about that, and they don't
- 23 regulate that. Because they are not the
- 24 appropriate agency and they have no regulatory
- 25 responsibility in that area.

1	There would be two agencies in
2	California, perhaps three, that would have some
3	regulatory responsibility. The first, when it
4	comes to a cooling tower from a power plant, would
5	be the California Energy Commission. And we are,
6	indeed, addressing that issue.
7	She is right to bring that up as a
8	concern. We have brought that up several times in
9	evidentiary hearings, and the California Energy
10	Commissioners have, indeed, adopted a condition of
11	certification, Public Health-1, for a number of
12	power plants in the state, where they will have to
13	provide proof to us in the form of a biocide
14	program to address the issue of Legionella.
15	As a matter of fact, we do review those
16	biocide programs. And just two weeks ago I
17	rejected one and sent it back. We expect to get
18	an approved program that meets our criteria and
19	will be protective of the public.
20	The second agency would be the
21	California Department of Health Services, which

The second agency would be the

California Department of Health Services, which

does have a regulation in Title 22. And that's

all listed in the staff assessment under LORS.

The third agency delegated to protect

the workers of California, and that's Cal-OSHA.

1 And then, of course, there's federal OSHA. There

- 2 are no OSHA regulations regarding Legionella
- 3 exposure from cooling towers. However, federal
- 4 OSHA has published a guideline; it's not a
- 5 regulation, it's a guideline. However, under the
- 6 general duty clause of the federal OSHA Act, as
- 7 well as section 3200 of the California General
- 8 Industry Safety Orders, Cal-OSHA and federal OSHA
- 9 can enforce worker protection from Legionella, or
- 10 potential exposure to Legionella from cooling
- 11 towers.
- 12 It's a real issue. There have been
- documented outbreaks of Legionella coming from
- 14 industrial cooling towers. And we feel that this
- 15 condition of certification Public Health-1 will
- and reduce it to an insignificant risk.
- 18 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And with regard
- 19 to other questions about the health risk
- 20 assessment and the modeling that was done, perhaps
- 21 you can just point to the staff assessment and
- 22 also to the applicant's filings on, you know, the
- 23 basis on which those health risk assessments were
- done.
- 25 MS. SARVEY: Can I ask my last question?

1 HEARING OFFICER GEN	FTER: Just	а	minute.
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- 2 I'm talking. Just wait, okay?
- 3 DR. GREENBERG: Forgive me for not
- 4 remembering the page of the staff assessment, but
- 5 we did do a thorough review and analysis. There
- is a complete table listing some 20- to 30-odd
- 7 toxic air contaminants there, and what the
- 8 individual risks, and then what the additive risk
- 9 would be.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes, I'm
- 11 familiar with that. I just wanted to alert you
- 12 that perhaps you can --
- DR. GREENBERG: Right.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- speak with
- 15 the people who have those concerns after the
- 16 meeting, after the hearing this afternoon.
- 17 DR. GREENBERG: Mrs. Sarvey did ask a
- 18 question or made a statement about the impacts of
- 19 exposure to mixtures of more than one substance.
- I think she used the term multiplicative.
- 21 And I do address that in my response to
- 22 your first concern regarding the potential for
- 23 synergistic effects. And so that's in the record,
- 24 also.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, thank

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1 you. Mrs. Sarvey, you have one more question?
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- 2 Also, I understand that Intervenor Bob Sarvey also
- 3 would like to make a public comment. We're going
- 4 to hold your public comment till after 6:00, Mr.
- 5 Sarvey, and then we'll hear from you then.
- 6 MS. SARVEY: I'm relieved that he's
- 7 talking about who's responsible to do this, but
- 8 I'm not understanding if we know who's responsible
- 9 to do this, how come these people aren't here
- 10 talking to us about how they're going to do it,
- 11 when everybody else came and talked to us about
- 12 biology, air quality, everything.
- I think this monitoring and the people
- in public health, it's critical that they come and
- 15 talk to us so that we all are on the same page
- about who's doing what job, and what we're doing.
- 17 And, if you're just going to close the hearing and
- 18 we're not going to hear from those people, I would
- ask in the future that they definitely be called
- 20 to testify --
- 21 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: I think we
- had a compliance section in one of our earlier
- 23 hearings, and --
- 24 MS. SARVEY: And the public health
- 25 people came and said how they were going to do it?

1	PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: I believe
2	that all of that is in the record.
3	MS. SARVEY: Okay, because maybe I just
4	didn't read the right part. I didn't see where
5	the Health Department explained how they were
6	going to monitor the
7	PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Well, I think
8	Dr. Greenberg said that we have the primary
9	responsibility.
10	MS. SARVEY: So who, from the Energy
11	Commission, is going to do that?
12	PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Our
13	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Compliance, we
14	have a representative from the compliance unit
15	here today, and you can speak with her as soon as
16	we go off the record.
17	MS. SARVEY: Okay, okay. And so maybe
18	she should testify next time is what I'm saying.
19	Thank you.
20	DR. GREENBERG: Hearing Officer Gefter,
21	as I testified, compliance does ask me to review
22	these plans. And I just rejected one, and
23	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Right, and

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DR. GREENBERG: -- so we do do our job.

MS. HOAG: Pardon me, but could I ask a

24

1 quick question? The testimony that I referred to

- before from Dr. Jane Koenig, how can I get it on
- 3 the record? Because it doesn't agree at all with
- 4 what your health officers say.
- 5 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes, tomorrow
- 6 by 5:00 p.m. written comments can be submitted on
- 7 the PMPD. And if you want to, fax it to us or
- 8 somehow, you know, --
- 9 MS. HOAG: Or email or something like
- 10 that?
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- email it to
- 12 us --
- MS. HOAG: That would be great.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- and the
- 15 Public Adviser can give you the information on how
- 16 to get it to us. But by 5:00 p.m. tomorrow
- 17 afternoon.
- MS. HOAG: Great, thank you.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
- Okay, at this point we're going to close the
- 21 evidentiary hearing; the topic of public health is
- 22 closed.
- We're going to take a recess now until
- 6:00 p.m., and then we're going to reconvene and
- 25 take public comment on the PMPD.

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1	Off the record.
2	(Whereupon, at 5:04 p.m., the hearing
3	was adjourned. Committee Conference to
4	convene at 6:00 p.m., this same day.)
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1	EVENING SESSION
2	6:15 p.m.
3	PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: For members
4	of the public that weren't here earlier, I'm John
5	Geesman, the Presiding Member of the Committee of
6	the California Energy Commission assigned to the
7	Tesla Power Plant application. Commissioner
8	Rosenfeld, who is the Associate Member, is unable
9	to join us. To my left is Susan Gefter, the
10	Hearing Officer who conducted our hearing today
11	and will conduct the public session tonight.
12	We've got some administrative matters
13	and evidentiary matters or rather I should say
14	editorial matters to take up with the applicant
15	and the staff in terms of their comments on the
16	proposed decision.
17	But the primary purpose of tonight's
18	session is public comment. So we will get to that
19	as quickly as we can. And I'll turn everything
20	else over to Ms. Gefter.
21	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right. And
22	we're going to apologize for the kind of crowded
23	room. It's just we had to move from the larger
24	room to the smaller room this evening because the
25	other room was reserved. So there are some seats

in the front if anyone wants to move u	L	TII CIIC .	TTOIL	\perp \perp	anyone	wants			uρ
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- Before we go to public comment we are
 going to discuss the comments filed by the
 applicant and staff on the Presiding Member's
- 5 Proposed Decision.
- The first thing I'm going to ask the

 staff and the applicant is whether they have any

 disagreement with each other's comments. And if

 so, what they are. Because then we can focus on

 those issues.
- 11 And we'll start with applicant. Do you
 12 have any concerns or comments on the information
 13 filed by staff?
- 14 MR. GALATI: No, we don't have any 15 comments on what staff filed, other than I'd like 16 to point out to the Committee that we made a 17 comment on public health, specifically public 18 health-1. It looks like Dr. Greenberg has addressed that in their comments, and so we agree 19 20 with specifically that portion of that's how public health-1 should be constructed. 21
- HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And staff
 specifically requested that requirement three of
 the condition public health-1 be deleted. That's
 one of the things that staff is agreeing with you

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1 on.
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2	MR. GALATI: Yeah, I think that there's
3	an actual condition that is reproduced in staff's
4	comments; it was the one we agreed to. Which I
5	think is more than just deleting three.

So we'd just prefer that public health-1
in staff's comments be substituted for the

The State S Comments be Substituted for the

8 existing public health-1.

9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, we'll

look at that. I do have staff's comments.

Anything else with respect to staff's comments?

MR. GALATI: No, and I think we've

already discussed the air quality portion of

those, of our comments, so we don't have any more

comments on the PMPD. We'd be happy to answer any

16 questions on our comments.

17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And, staff, do

you have any comments on the applicant's PMPD

19 comments?

MR. KRAMER: We covered air quality;

21 soil and water. We agree with the applicant on

22 public health-1. And we have no objections to the

removal of hazardous-13, as the applicant has

24 requested.

25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. And

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intervenors did not file any specific comments on
the PMPD in writing, so we'll just take your
comments orally after we go through the discussion

between the applicant and staff.

With respect to condition public health
1, we know that the staff has said that they want

us to use, it's at page 39 of your comments, you

want us to use the language here; and that you

thought that the PMPD didn't reflect the final

version that staff had proposed.

And I wanted to go over it just a minute with you. In fact, the condition that is in the PMPD reflects language from the FSA, the final staff assessment. It wasn't in the condition, itself, but it was in the text of the final staff assessment. And it was at page 4.7-16. And that's where the comment in the PMPD comes from.

And it makes sense to actually be more specific, it seems, and follow the guidelines that were set out in the FSA. Although it makes sense from the comments of the applicant, requirement 3, as written in the PMPD, be removed because it seems that the requirement for periodic testing isn't necessary if they're following CTI guidelines.

1	So, Dr. Greenberg, do you follow what
2	I'm referring to?
3	DR. GREENBERG: I do follow, Hearing
4	Officer Gefter, and the reason that staff supports
5	the applicant's proposal is because that is what
6	we did indeed negotiate at the evidentiary
7	hearing.
8	The difference is specification versus
9	performance. And the key here is that the
10	performance standards that the applicant and staff
11	have provided does take into consideration and
12	does include key issues that we have to follow,
13	either by the Cooling Technology Institute
14	guidelines or staff guidelines. And the staff
15	still will, through the CPM, still will review and
16	approve those plans that the applicant submits.
17	Just to be consistent with our agreement
18	we think that it's important to have the words of
19	the condition of certification reflect that.
20	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Well, we'll
21	take that under consideration.
22	MR. GALATI: I just wanted to clarify
23	one thing on what you said, Ms. Gefter, is number

problem with the testing as is done by the

three is actually periodic cleaning. We have no

24

1 guidelines. It's just that the periodic cleaning

- 2 is something that, quite frankly, conflicts with
- 3 the guidelines.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, okay, I
- 5 stand corrected. It is. I meant to say periodic
- 6 cleaning and I was looking at something else,
- 7 also. Okay, thank you for clearing that up.
- 8 All right, so we will move on then to,
- 9 let's see, I think the next area that we wanted to
- 10 talk about was applicant's comments on air quality
- 11 which we were holding over from the evidentiary
- 12 hearing.
- And I think if we can, at this point,
- 14 focus on condition AQC-7. In the PMPD we deleted
- 15 the reference to allow the applicant to modify its
- operations to reduce emissions until emission
- 17 levels could be reached. And that was eliminated
- 18 from the condition in the proposed decision. And
- 19 the applicant has a concern about that, and so we
- 20 wanted to focus our discussion on that at this
- 21 moment.
- 22 MR. GALATI: Our position was is that as
- 23 you're well aware the applicant's modeling was
- 24 substantially different than staff's modeling.
- 25 And in an effort to come to some agreement we

adopted and proposed that staff's numbers of what
should be mitigated for, we would accept those
numbers, provided that we had the flexibility to
either get actual emission reductions, or to
reduce our emissions, which staff was in agreement
with.

The idea here is that if we reduce the emissions we don't have those impacts, as well as if we have the emissions we actually have to get the emission reductions.

We asked for other changes that the PMPD did not adopt, and we're not asking for those now. But what we are asking for is that the -- my concern is in reading air quality C-7, the additional wording which specifically requires the getting of them -- let me get that language in front of me, I apologize -- my concern is that it could be interpreted when you read AQC-7 by the addition of the sentence that says: The project owner shall achieve permanent emission reduction targets according to the following."

It could be interpreted that that's actual getting emission reductions, as opposed to altering the operations. That's why we asked that, so when you read the way we originally wrote

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1 it, it's: We shall limit or" if you don't want to
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- 2 limit then these are the reductions you have to
- 3 get.
- So we'd ask for that clarification.
- 5 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Well,
- 6 the second sentence of AQC-7 says: The project
- 7 owner shall limit facility emissions equivalent to
- 8 the amounts shown in table AQC-7." So, in fact,
- 9 it still does allow that flexibility because it
- 10 allows the facility to reduce its emissions. It
- 11 also says that you need to achieve the limits
- 12 established by the targets that staff and the
- 13 applicant had agreed upon.
- MR. GALATI: My only concern is that
- 15 later on it could be interpreted that the project
- owner shall achieve, permit emission reduction
- 17 targets. Even though it says according to the
- 18 following, just to make it clear --
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So you want to
- 20 eliminate "according to the following"? Is that
- 21 the part --
- 22 MR. GALATI: Actually just eliminate the
- 23 first sentence, and then it poses the same
- 24 requirements: One, we shall limit or we shall get
- 25 the reductions, which was the intent of what we

drafted. And I was just concerned that it could

- 2 be interpreted that we had to do both.
- 3 MR. KRAMER: When you say the first
- 4 sentence, that ends with the colon?
- 5 MR. GALATI: That ends with the colon,
- 6 yeah, just that which was added, which I believe
- 7 is highlighted.
- 8 MR. KRAMER: Okay.
- 9 MR. GALATI: Just that the project owner
- 10 shall achieve permit emission reduction targets
- 11 according to the following. If we wanted to
- 12 change that to say that, you know, the project
- 13 owner shall do either of the following, something
- 14 like that, I mean if that makes it clearer.
- But that was our only concern, and I do
- 16 recognize that it is picking nits, but I wanted to
- 17 make sure the condition reflects what we all
- 18 anticipated.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, we'll
- 20 consider that modification. Anything else with
- 21 respect to AQC-7?
- MR. GALATI: Yes, and this is another
- 23 reason why they kind of tie together, is the
- 24 modification to the verification is such that we
- 25 would be required to provide the funds above the

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amount required by the AQMA to achieve all the
emission reduction targets right away.
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- If the applicant chooses, and that's why

 we had written it that way, if the applicant

 chooses to reduce their emissions there wouldn't

 be a requirement to fund emission reductions for

 that particular amount of time.
- 8 So, the timing of funding and the timing 9 of --
- HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Well, it also
 says you can identify alternate emission
 reductions, which would mean reducing operations.
- MR. GALATI: Right, but when -- if you 13 14 read the sentence as it's modified now, it's at 15 least 60 days after delivery of the turbine, we 16 have to show proof that we provided sufficient funds to achieve the emission reduction targets. 17 18 And if you look at the table that's what it's called. Along with an additional plan of 19 allocating the funds are identified in alternate 20 21 emission reductions.
- We have committed to provide San Joaquin
 Valley x number of dollars, which we agreed to do
 ahead of time. Whatever is the remainder we may
 do by limiting the emissions from the plant as

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1 opposed to getting additional reductions.
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And so by providing the funds prior to

60 days, we're actually funding all the emission

reductions when the plan may show that we're going

to alter our operations, and we've accepted them

as permit limits. So that either way there will
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8 So, requiring all of the funds to be

not be an impact.

placed up front when that might not be the mitigation strategy was something that we --

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, well, two things. One is that as you read the PMPD we don't necessarily accept the AQMA as the final word on mitigation, on mitigation fees. So, you know, we are not committed to limiting the applicant's mitigation requirements to the AQMA. And we haven't.

MR. GALATI: Yeah, AQC-7, and we now agree, but we are committed to give the AQMA funds, and so that's why --

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: But that's a separate agreement between the applicant and the Air District. And it can be used to comply with AQC-7.

25 MR. GALATI: I guess what I'm saying is

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we could verify compliance with the condition by
showing you how we're not going to emit more than
these. And that requires us to put no money

anywhere.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And that was another question that came up, which was the proposal to modify operations to reduce emission limits.

How can the project assure that it will modify its operations if, in fact, you have a contract to provide a certain amount of power at any given time, and if there's a must-run contract with Cal-ISO or any other purchaser of the power.

And, you know, the applicant then says, well, we can't meet the contract because we have to reduce emissions and we have to, therefore, curtail operations?

MR. GALATI: We'll have to get emission reductions in order to enter that kind of contract. But we may not enter it such as contract. And condition AQC-7 limits us to one of two ways of providing that mitigation. And it's enforceable -- if the applicant would be in violation of the conditions and could lose their license if they don't operate within these

- 1 criteria.
- If we got such a contract like that, I'm
- 3 sure that the emission reduction targets would be
- 4 achieved through placing the appropriate funds in
- 5 the appropriate place, so that there would be
- 6 limited operations. Or maybe it's a contract that
- 7 only provides limited operations.
- 8 So, that's, again, the whole idea behind
- 9 the flexibility we're requesting. And I point out
- 10 that under no circumstance would there be an
- impact using staff's analysis, using this
- 12 approach.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Again, we'll
- 14 take that under consideration.
- 15 MR. SARVEY: Can I make a comment about
- that? Is it possible?
- 17 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes.
- MR. SARVEY: I tried to bring this point
- 19 up earlier, and maybe I didn't elaborate it very
- 20 well, but I have a problem with the project being
- 21 told during a six-month period that they can't
- 22 run. That doesn't necessarily line up with the
- 23 times and dates where these violations might
- 24 occur, particularly in the ozone season. And I
- 25 tried to make that point. I didn't do a very good

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1 job.
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2	But, you know, if they restrict their
3	operations in months where there's no real severe
4	impact it doesn't make a lot of sense in terms of
5	reducing the chances that there could be a
6	violation. My main months of concern are July,
7	August and probably June, July and August.
8	And, you know, there's no teeth in the particular
9	condition here that prevents that from happening.
10	Because those are the months where we have the
11	problems, and
12	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Let me ask Mr.
13	Birdsall, because it seems to me they took that
14	into account and they divided it into two six-
15	month periods, and they came up with the emission
16	limits for each season.
17	Could you address Mr. Sarvey's concerns?
18	MR. BIRDSALL: Well, I hope so. I think
19	it seems like an open dialogue here, and I think
20	what Mr. Sarvey is concerned about is that under
21	these limits the plant could, for example, run
22	June, July and August, and curtail its operations
23	in April, May, and still not exceed the caps.
24	Because the caps are defined on a six-month basis.
25	Now, in response to that I want to

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1 remind everybody that the project emissions on an
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- 2 hourly basis, every single hour, must first of
- 3 all, meet the conditions of the Bay Area Air
- 4 Quality Management District BACT requirements, and
- 5 so every hour the plant operates they won't
- 6 operate more than that maximum allowable emission.
- 7 And that's what is the basis of our analysis for
- 8 AQSC-7 -- or AQC-7.
- 9 I think -- I guess I'm not sure I
- 10 understand what the concern is. Are you worried
- 11 that more of the emissions will occur in --
- 12 MR. SARVEY: Well, I'm just -- what I'm
- 13 concerned --
- MR. BIRDSALL: -- July --
- MR. SARVEY: -- is, you know, obviously
- in May, April and May there's not a lot of demand
- for electricity, and those would be times when the
- 18 project would most likely be down. Now the months
- 19 when we have the most violations, June, July and
- 20 August, the plant will probably be called on to
- 21 run.
- So, basically they're not being
- 23 restricted in the time when it really needs to be
- 24 restricted. It's being restricted in April and
- 25 May and September -- but the few months when we

- 1 really have the ozone problem there's no mechanism
- 2 in this thing to keep them from running, and
- 3 because they don't have the emission credits that
- 4 we're going to get through these programs, in my
- 5 eyes we're not preventing a violation in those
- 6 three months; but we're most likely going to have
- 7 that violation.
- 8 And I think it's a timing thing, and I,
- 9 you know, I don't know how you revise the permit
- 10 condition. I sympathize with where we're at, but
- 11 that's what I see.
- MR. GALATI: The only thing I'd like to
- 13 comment on that is remember the plant is fully
- 14 offset for the Clean Air Act. This condition only
- 15 takes into account those residual CEQA impacts
- 16 that we sit here today, believe were fully taken
- 17 care of by the AQMA. We believe that this is
- 18 extremely conservative. And to account for the
- 19 plant's emissions on an hour-by-hour basis is not
- 20 how it's done federally, and it shouldn't be how
- 21 it's done CEOA-wise.
- We're going to be providing, under any
- 23 scenario, a net air quality impact, I think, a net
- 24 air quality benefit to the area doing this program
- or limiting our emissions. And, you know, our

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1 modeling has showed that we're not causing
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- 2 violations, and I don't think that we will
- 3 continue.
- 4 So, I think that this is an extremely
- 5 favorable compromise on behalf of the applicant to
- 6 come a long way towards accepting every number
- 7 that staff used. And we're asking for the
- 8 flexibility that makes sense, which is don't emit,
- 9 or if you do, get the reduction.
- 10 Because staff's original was get all the
- 11 reductions, so then we could continue to emit.
- 12 That doesn't resolve your issues, either.
- MR. SARVEY: Well, it does if we do have
- 14 the reductions in hand. But I understand your
- 15 position and that's something we're going to
- disagree on. Unfortunately, you're going to have
- 17 a tough call on that one.
- MR. GALATI: But the original --
- MR. SARVEY: -- my position.
- 20 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, let me
- just interrupt you for a minute. As the condition
- is written it's in six-month seasons. Originally
- 23 it was written with three-month seasons, you know.
- 24 And perhaps the quarterly approach would address
- 25 Mr. Sarvey's concern more appropriately than the

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1 six-month approach.
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- And, you know, I don't really remember

 why it was switched from quarterly to six-month

 type of approach.
- 5 MR. BIRDSALL: Well, hopefully I can 6 kind of try to tie this all together. Staff needed -- well, at the early stages of this 7 8 project we really had no idea how to assess the 9 residual impacts to the Central Valley. We knew that Bay Area credits would mitigate the project 10 partially. And as Mr. Sarvey is pointing out, --11 12 well, -- we knew that the Bay Area credits would 13 mitigate the project partially. We weren't sure 14 how to assess the residual impacts to the Central 15 Valley.
 - The first indication that we got from the Central Valley Air Pollution Control District in the form of their agreement with the applicant was to divide the year into ozone season and particulate matter season. And that's the first step of the air quality mitigation agreement that the Central Valley District and the applicant entered into.
- And so we've kept that as our theme for staff's mitigation. And there will be days within

- the season that maybe the original source that is
 reduced in the Bay Area is reduced, and then the
 project isn't turned off. Or maybe there are days
 when the project is turned on, and the mitigation
 is occurring. You cannot force the project to
 operate on a day-by-day basis.
- So, we devised the mitigation to follow
 really the theme of the Central Valley's
 mitigation approach, which was to just look at the
 nonattainment seasons. And so that's how the cap
 is divided into just these two seasons.
- HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: So the County

 Air District uses two seasons and what for -
 MR. BIRDSALL: Well, the San Joaquin

 Valley Air District's mitigation agreement with

 the applicant is divided into particulate season

 and ozone season. It's just those two six-month
- 19 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: So what was
 20 your rationale when you originally framed this as
 21 a quarterly cap?

18

periods.

MR. BIRDSALL: Well, the rationale for
the quarterly was based on the San Joaquin Valley
Air District's emission reduction credit bank,
which is divided into quarters. And the bank may

1 still be used as a source of mitigation if the

- 2 applicant chooses to enter into the bank.
- 3 So we divided the mitigation
- 4 requirements into quarters so that the applicant
- 5 could go to the bank for each quarter and draw
- from the right quarter.
- 7 When we look back at the beginning --
- 8 well, after we proposed that, the applicant was a
- 9 little bit concerned about the flexibility. And
- 10 we agreed with that because the Central Valley Air
- 11 District really was only concerned about two six-
- month periods that we didn't need the quarter-by-
- 13 quarter breakdown.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: The concern
- seems to come from the AQMA, right? And so that's
- an agreement, a private agreement between the Air
- 17 District and the applicant. Staff isn't bound by
- 18 the AQMA, and therefore is not necessarily bound
- 19 by the six-month -- those two six-month seasons.
- 20 And so your original quarterly analysis might be
- 21 more appropriate. And that's, I think, what we
- 22 can't quite follow.
- MR. SWANEY: May I interject something?
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Just let Mr.
- 25 Birdsall answer first.

1	MR. BIRDSALL: I think that the seasonal
2	six-month window provides really the best of both
3	worlds. It allows the applicant to not have a
4	three-month cap, and it provides us with the
5	mitigation during the proper months.
6	We cannot line up the mitigation every
7	hour with every hour, and so we're left with kind
8	of a programmatic correction.
9	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And could you
10	identify yourself, please?
11	MR. SWANEY: I'm Jim Swaney with the San
12	Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District.
13	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes, okay.
14	MR. SWANEY: I believe I was sworn in in
15	the September hearings.
16	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes, come and
17	speak to this microphone. Just pull one of these
18	mikes to you.
19	MR. SWANEY: I'm Jim Swaney with the San
20	Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District.
21	There is a regulatory basis for looking at things
22	on a quarterly basis, but also on a seasonal
23	basis. This is contained within our new source

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We calculate offset liabilities based on

24 review rule.

1 quarterly emissions. We also issue emission
2 reduction credits based on what reductions

- 3 occurred during a specific quarter.
- 4 However, our rule allows for credits if
- 5 the reduction occurred within the ozone season to
- 6 be used anytime throughout the year. Conversely,
- 7 if the reduction in particulate matter occurred
- 8 during the main particulate matter season, it can
- 9 be used throughout the year. So there is the
- 10 portability of the reductions throughout the peak
- 11 season.
- I just wanted to bring that up to
- 13 explain the basis of why we look at things on a
- 14 quarterly, but also why we look at things on a
- 15 seasonal basis.
- 16 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: So, Mr.
- 17 Sarvey, it sounds like your concern really is
- directed at the way in which the Air District
- 19 looks at this.
- MR. SARVEY: My concern basically, as I
- 21 said, I don't see that the mitigation matching up
- 22 with the emissions --
- 23 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: I think what
- 24 the Air District has told us is that they allow
- for it to be used during the entire year.

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1 MR. SARVEY: We've argued about that in
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- 3 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: I figure you
- 4 have.

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5 (Laughter.)

the past.

- 6 MR. SARVEY: But, you know, I still hold
- 7 my position, you know, and I understand that t he
- 8 Committee has to make that decision.
- 9 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Well, I have
- 10 a better understanding now as a result of --
- 11 MR. SARVEY: And I understand their
- 12 position, and I understand staff's position. I
- just disagree, that's all.
- 14 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Okay.
- 15 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Well, thank
- 16 you. Anything else on AQC-7?
- MR. GALATI: Just those two points.
- 18 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I have a
- 19 question for the applicant before we move on. In
- 20 the PMPD at page 143, staff had a comment and I
- 21 wanted the applicant to explain the answer that
- 22 comment. This deals with the calculation.
- This is apparently how the AQMA was
- 24 calculated and there was a net mitigation balance
- of 63.9 tons per year VOCs and NOx. And when you

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1 actually do the calculation it doesn't really come
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- 2 out to be 15,000 -- would be at 957 -- hundred
- 3 thousand dollars. And I understand that there was
- 4 actually a round-off in that calculation.
- 5 MR. GALATI: There is a round-off. If
- 6 you remember correctly the AQMA does not require
- 7 the actual obtaining of 63.9 tons and
- 8 demonstration of that amount. The Air District,
- 9 in fact, testified they thought they could achieve
- 10 a lot more than 63.9 tons. They used 63.9 to
- 11 back-calculate how much money they think they
- would need to get a minimum of that amount.
- So, when the calculation was done it was
- 14 63.85007 tons per year that was the residual
- 15 liability as San Joaquin Valley calculated it.
- But when it came time to reduce it to an agreement
- they just rounded that number up in the agreement
- 18 because again the agreement requires the payment
- of an x number of funds, not getting an x number
- of tons.
- 21 So the funds, and as they testified
- before, they think they will get more than 63.9
- 23 tons and we're urging them to get a lot more now
- 24 that we have agreed to AQC-7, which requires us to
- get much more than 63.9 tons.

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1 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Anything else
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- from either party on comments on air quality?
- 3 Okay.
- 4 Then, I don't think there are any other
- 5 objections to each other's comments.
- 6 MR. GALATI: I don't think so, but we
- 7 did already talk about AQC-9. Does the Committee
- 8 need any more information about that?
- 9 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: No. In fact,
- 10 you know, as I indicated earlier, we also heard
- 11 from the City on that one, and so we will take
- those concerns into consideration.
- I do agree with, you know, applicant's
- 14 comments. We had referred to AQC-6, and it really
- was AQC-7, although you have requested that we
- don't even refer to that particular condition.
- 17 All right. Now, staff, in staff's
- 18 comments there were many editorial and typos and,
- 19 you know, revisions based on current conditions,
- 20 and as I understand it, applicant has no problem
- 21 with those editorial changes or --
- MR. GALATI: No.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- changes --
- 24 okay. So we will just accept staff's comments as
- 25 submitted.

1	And now we can open up the discussion to
2	public comment. And we have a number of people
3	here this evening who would like to comment.
4	Also, we've asked some of the expert staff to
5	remain. Our air quality staff and I think some of
6	our water staff is still here, are they?
7	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes.
8	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Way in the
9	back, okay. And so I know members of the public
10	have comments both on water and air and public
11	health, and those expert witnesses are present to
12	try to address some of your concerns.
13	So, let's begin. I have cards from Mr.
14	and Mrs. Sundberg, blue cards from you folks. And
15	if you could please come forward so that you could
16	speak into the microphone.
17	PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: The
18	microphones are important so that the reporter can
19	develop a transcript. They're not going to
20	amplify your voice, though, so just because your
21	voice doesn't sound loud it doesn't mean that
22	they're not working and performing their intended
23	service.
24	MS. SUNDBERG: Are we ready?

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HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes.

1	MS. SUNDBERG: Irene Sundberg, Tracy,
2	California. I'm very concerned about the fact
3	that our City and our City Council has chosen to
4	be so blatant about giving our water away. I
5	believe in the dry cooling process.
6	I would like to have all the members

I would like to have all the members take a drive around our City and look at our medians. This has become a great problem of contention here because of the fact that our City is not providing its responsibilities to the rest of us.

Our water has been cut off to many of the medians within the City in several different areas. And with this happening our town looks like it's been droughted. And if we don't have the dollars and cents to be able to supply our parks and our medians, how in the world are we going to be able to supply this project with water when we can't take care of our own right now.

It's a great concern to me. Along with the fact that I have not seen represented here again today, I wasn't here all day, but I see no representation from our City Council. Our City Council has rolled over and played dead, and we shouldn't allow that to continue.

1	Thank you.
2	MR. SUNDBERG: The only thing I have to
3	add is I'm tired of cleaning up the rocks from our
4	strainers inside of our faucets in the house
5	because they're pumping so close to the bottom
6	that we get rocks at least once a month in our
7	water supply.
8	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Would you state
9	your name?
10	MR. SUNDBERG: Paul Sundberg; I live
11	here in Tracy.
12	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
13	Paula Buenavista. If you could please come
14	forward so you can speak into the microphone.
15	MS. BUENAVISTA: Yes, no problem.
16	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
17	MS. BUENAVISTA: I'm Paula Buenavista,
18	resident of Tracy. I just have a few bullet
19	points here I'm going to go ahead and read through
20	for you.
21	In recalling the hearings last year the
22	Bay Area Air Quality Management District testified
23	that they do not monitor for biological accidents.

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So, in looking over the testimony provided, it

appeared to me that dry cooling seemed to be the

24

- 1 best fit.
- 2 Also in the area of dry cooling, it
- 3 looks as if it should be required due to the fact
- 4 that it doesn't appear that the applicant's going
- 5 to pay anywhere near that the same -- or anywhere
- 6 near the same rate that the ratepayer of Tracy,
- 7 the people in this County, do pay for our precious
- 8 commodity of water.
- 9 And looking closely at our local air
- 10 quality, it appears that 2 ppm ammonia slip should
- 11 be required. It's also used in other parts of our
- 12 country, here in the U.S. And the reason being is
- due to the fact that we are already in an ammonia-
- 14 rich environment here in Tracy locally. We
- 15 already have industry locally producing large
- levels of ammonia. One of those industries being
- 17 the farming industry. And they're producing large
- 18 levels of that. And our community really can't
- 19 afford any more of that ammonia at this time. And
- 20 this is, of course, also a precursor to
- 21 particulate.
- In considering the CEC process I have
- 23 not discovered anywhere that there's anyone to
- 24 protect my community from being gouged with
- 25 inflated water prices. And there's been much

1	discussion about how the wastewater treatment
2	plant and other things that need to be built and
3	constructed are going to be paid for. And as we
4	all know, when big projects do occur the local
5	people really are the ones that end up paying.
6	For example, the State of California, we

will all pay for the mistakes of legislators and politicians who didn't spend our money wisely in the past. So, in looking at that, it's a great concern about the prices.

And I really feel that these are prices that many of the people of Tracy, a lot of the citizens, will really struggle with as far as price goes.

And it appears that the Tesla Power project will have most all of our recycled water and/or or potable water should the wastewater treatment plant not be built in enough time for its operation, should it be -- the applicant be approved.

The perception of local residents is that Tesla should at least be required to pay the same rate or something, some type of figure that's close to it, so that there's some kind of compensation for the people living here locally.

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Because I do really perceive it to be extremely,
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- 2 it will be extremely expensive for the local
- 3 people here. And there are people here, you know,
- 4 there's the working poor living here in Tracy.
- 5 And people that will have a real hard time
- 6 struggling. And we're just hoping to get some
- 7 support from the Commission when it comes to
- 8 looking over that particular area.
- 9 Thank you. Again, that's Paula
- 10 Buenavista, resident of Tracy.
- 11 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
- MS. BUENAVISTA: Thank you.
- 13 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Let me say
- 14 something that I raised at -- can't recall which
- of our earlier hearings it was, but I want to
- 16 repeat it, because I realize that not everybody
- 17 has had the ability to attend all of the hearings
- that we've held here in Tracy.
- 19 And that is to explain the way the
- 20 Energy Commission's jurisdiction works. We're a
- 21 state agency that has responsibility in a one-stop
- 22 permitting process, for applying the full range of
- 23 state, regional and local requirements. We
- 24 consolidate all of those different requirements
- 25 into a single permit.

And in areas where another agency's
requirements conflict with what we believe to be
the best public interest, we do have the legal
ability to override that other standard. We've
only exercised that a few times in the 29 years
that we've been siting power plants.

And that's a pretty substantial preemptive authority for any agency, really, to shoulder. As I think you know, there's a fair amount of conflict built into California's system of government between the state level government and local government. And as a consequence, we have tried, I think, for the full 29 years that we've been doing this, to defer as much as possible to local judgments.

One of the rationales for us holding all of the hearings near the local site is a belief that it better involves the public; provides the public that will be directly affected by the project with a more direct recourse to us; but it also reflects, I think, a commitment to the notion that local government truly is the most responsive level of government to local concerns.

And in this water area we are applying a state policy. The policy has recently been re-

1 articulated by the Commission in its Integrated

- 2 Energy Policy Report adopted last November. But
- 3 it's a policy that has been on the books in a
- 4 resolution adopted by the State Water Resources
- 5 Control Board in the mid 1970s. And that is, and
- 6 I'm paraphrasing now, when reclaimed water is
- 7 available it should be used for power plant
- 8 cooling purposes.
- 9 I should say that we don't have any
- 10 involvement in the decisions of what type of terms
- 11 or contract a local provider of recycled water
- 12 should negotiate with somebody such as the
- applicant in this project. That is, I think
- 14 rightfully, a local concern; and it's something
- 15 that we're not really in a position to second-
- 16 guess.
- I will tell you that underlying the
- state's policy, which does have a preference of
- 19 using reclaimed water over fresh water, that there
- 20 is a value attached not only to avoiding the use
- of fresh water, which I think we all know,
- 22 California, in particular other parts of the
- state, have some severe water supply problems.
- We're looking at a population in the state of 52
- 25 million people by 2030.

1	But the policy is also premised on
2	avoidance of discharges into resources such as the
3	Delta, where a lot of California derives its
4	drinking water; where it is also a major
5	recreational and environmental resource.
6	The exact terms and conditions that the
7	City of Tracy negotiates with the Tesla Power
8	Plant are something that are not rightfully in
9	front of us. And I think the local people of
10	Tracy do have recourse to your elected officials
11	if you're unhappy with the way in which that's
12	being approached.
13	It's not something that I feel qualified
14	to impose my own judgment or viewpoint on. And I
15	know the other four Commissioners that will
16	ultimately be making a decision on this feel the
17	same way. We are expected to, and always have,
18	deferred to local government on decisions which
19	are most rightfully made at the local level.
20	We'd better go on to the next.
21	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yeah, we're
22	going to go on then. Did you have a comment that
23	you'd like to make? You can come forward.
24	MS. HOAG: Okay, I just wanted to know
25	if I could testify

1	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Well, you can
2	just come and make a comment, but please speak
3	into the microphone. Just identify yourself,
4	again, please.

MS. HOAG: Okay, thank you. I'm Connie
Hoag; it's H-o-a-g. Regarding the water, I hadn't
signed up to talk earlier about it, but I did want
to mention one of the power plants that was
installed about three miles away from me in
Washington initially proposed dry cooling. Well,
actually initially proposed using effluent from
the city sewer; very similar to here. They were
going to pay the city to upgrade the system, et
cetera, et cetera.

And then when people started thinking about what effluent would smell like broadcast around the city, they changed the plan and they were going to do dry cooling. And the company's brochures, ten years later, still state that they are using dry cooling. It didn't work out for them, and they went to well water. And they dried up a bunch of wells around there and one of the streams, there was a small stream feeding a creek, which was a salmon-bearing creek. It became a big deal.

1	So my concern here is I just want to
2	make sure if something has been proposed by the
3	applicant and doesn't work, is there a backup plan
4	that's not going to impact an important source of
5	water for the citizens of the area because in this
6	case the plant was built by the time they
7	discovered, quote-unquote, that what they proposed
8	would not work.
9	And so, of course, they were not going
10	to not run a plant that they had put millions of
11	dollars into. So they had the people up against
12	the barrel.
13	Same thing about noise, and I don't know
14	if you're taking any testimony on noise tonight,
15	but that plant ended up being far noisier than
16	they predicted. It's still violating noise
17	standards. The neighbors have complained
18	repeatedly; nothing's been done. The city council
19	there, it's a very small town, the city council is
20	swayed by the tax dollars that this plant bring
21	in. And, in fact, the last proposal was that they
22	would give the company two more years to come into
23	compliance on their noise.
24	And I doubt that the Energy Commission
25	would do something like this, but I don't know

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1 where noise falls. Is it a local thing --
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- 2 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: No, noise is
- 3 a feature of our license.
- 4 MS. HOAG: You guys? Okay. And if they
- 5 violate, you yank the license?
- 6 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: They get
- 7 busted.
- 8 MS. HOAG: Excellent. Okay. The last
- 9 thing I wanted to mention was regarding health
- 10 impacts. It's my big concern.
- 11 Where I live I'm about ten miles
- downwind of you guys. And the way I figure it,
- with the height of the smoke stack that'll just be
- 14 dropping it right about on our farm. But, I
- 15 thought that Dr. Greenberg's testimony really
- 16 highlighted the gap in oversight on health impacts
- 17 because the health department doesn't even look at
- 18 the impacts of the criteria pollutants in
- 19 preparing the health risk assessment.
- The PM2.5 that I was discussing that I
- 21 was so concerned about, it's not even looked at.
- 22 So when he says, you know, there's no health risk
- 23 to the public, he's not talking about what I was
- 24 talking about when I said, you know, at 11 mcg/
- 25 cubic meter you already got these problems. And

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1
         our current background, according to the report
 2
         that was prepared by staff, is at 150, which is
 3
         way way over the standard, and the standard's
         already too high. And this particular role is
 5
         delegated to the air districts to look at. And
 6
         the air districts do not have any discretion.
                   They can't say, you know what, this
7
         isn't healthy, so it can't go in. They're
8
9
         strictly regulatory. And so it falls between the
10
         cracks. And so the Commission is the only one
         that can look at that. And I ask you to please,
11
12
         please look at that, because that's what the
13
         decision should be based on. Is, is this okay to
14
        put here, or will it damage people's health.
15
                   And the answer is clearly it will damage
16
         It needs to be fixed, not made worse.
17
18
                   So I thank you for your time.
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people's health. The air here already is too bad.

HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.

Also, I don't know if you've had a chance to speak with Mr. Birdsall -- there are actually three people from Commission Staff who worked on the air quality. And if you have a chance this evening perhaps you can talk to them about some of your

concerns, and they can answer you or direct you to

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1 where the information is.
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- MS. HOAG: Thank you. I've tried to
- 3 buttonhole them off and on.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay. Well,
- 5 you know, they'll be here for the evening, so you
- 6 can maybe go out in the hall.
- 7 MS. HOAG: Thank you.
- 8 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: I notice that a
- 9 number of people have walked in in the last few
- 10 minutes. And if you have any comments on the
- 11 Presiding Member's Proposed Decision, you're
- 12 welcome to come forward and speak to us. Do you
- have a blue card?
- MS. GARCIA: I'll just read my note,
- 15 okay?
- 16 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, just send
- me your blue card so we have that here. Please
- 18 sit down and speak into the microphone and tell us
- 19 your name.
- MS. GARCIA: Okay.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
- 22 MS. GARCIA: I'm Claudette Garcia. I'm
- 23 paying for landscape watering for dead plants,
- landscaping. I don't think the power plant should
- get free recycled water that I pay for. Okay.

1	PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Thank you.
2	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you.
3	MS. GARCIA: Thank you.
4	HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Are there any
5	other comments on the PMPD? I know Mrs. Sarvey
6	has a comment. Please come forward and speak into
7	the microphone.
8	MS. SARVEY: Susan Sarvey. I was trying
9	real hard to understand what Mr. Galati was
10	talking about. And before anybody makes any
11	decision about mitigation and who's going to pay
12	what, or if we're going to get our ERCs, I think
13	the Commission first needs to make that first
14	critical decision about what level of ammonia slip
15	we are going to hold them to.
16	And I really think the issue needs to be
17	addressed that came out in that hearing today that
18	it seems like these numbers with these air quality
19	staff people change to fit the project. That was

it seems like these numbers with these air quality staff people change to fit the project. That was like really disturbing stuff that came out there.

And I truly understand everything Mr.

Geesman said, and I sympathize with the position you're in. But I don't think, because you don't live here, that you understand the depths of

25 people's anger and despair over their landscaping

being dead and their water and sewer rates having
skyrocketed just a couple of months ago.

And unless you are in a situation where you're cutting a deal in 24 hours, you're in a really precarious situation here, because the people are very very upset, and we are getting ready to have an election. And people are extremely irate on this topic.

And it does not make any sense to any ratepayers what the City's doing, and they are not giving any explanation for why they are doing what they are doing. They're not explaining what their rationale is, which just makes people angrier.

And so while I understand what you were explaining to us that's at a state level and what your power is, this is going to be a very upsetting issue. And if the City cuts a deal with these people, and they get that recycled water for free, it's going to be an ugly situation in this town for years to come.

And I think everybody really needs to think long and hard about that, because that's not pleasant for anyone. And again, I really -- I -- PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Well,

democracy gives you a mechanism to deal with that.

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1 MS. SARVEY: And I think it's going to.
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- 2 That's what I'm trying to make everyone aware of
- 3 in this room.
- 4 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: And I would
- 5 submit to you that's the way it's supposed to be.
- 6 MS. SARVEY: And by the same token I
- 7 hope that you would ask the air quality staff to
- 8 come up with a number and a formula, and stick to
- 9 it, and not say to support one another's thinking,
- 10 but it's a little different in this case, and it's
- 11 a little different in that case. They need to get
- 12 their story straight. There's got to be a
- 13 straight scoop.
- 14 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: I think we
- 15 have enough information in the record here to make
- 16 a very well informed decision.
- MS. SARVEY: I hope so. Thank you.
- 18 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. Is
- there anyone else who would like to address us
- 20 tonight on the PMPD? Are you finished -- Mr.
- 21 Sarvey, would you like to comment?
- MR. SARVEY: Yeah.
- HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay.
- MR. SARVEY: I have some comments.
- 25 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Come to the

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1 mike, bring the mike to you.
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MR. SARVEY: I was actually hoping I

would get to supply some rebuttal testimony here.

I put in quite a bit of substantial testimony, but

since I didn't, I'll provide that in public

comment because I think these are important things

for the Committee to understand.

- I had developed this map here, and this map essentially is the product of our general plan revision. It's the latest land use issues, and the latest land use proposals that are existing.
- And the reason I created this map, I created this map to show some of the emissions from the projects that were not included in a cumulative impact study. And I can understand the Commission getting tired of hearing me talk about this study. But I've been talking about this study for two and a half years. It started with the Tracy Peaker Plant.
- And I asked for the study then, because
 I was one of the few people in the proceeding that
 did have the knowledge of the actual developments
 that were going on. And I asked for this study in
 East Altamont. And I asked for this study in
 Tesla. In fact, I filed the motion to the staff

1 to compel this study. And the staff took a

- 2 position, that I'll deal with later, that I
- 3 disagree with.
- 4 And then I actually filed a motion to
- 5 the Committee to compel this study. And the
- 6 Committee, to date, has not answered my motion.
- 7 And that is exhibit 82. So, to date I'm still
- 8 waiting to hear from the Committee on why the
- 9 staff doesn't have to perform this study.
- But, in any event, I went out and I
- 11 approached my Congresswoman; her name's Barbara
- 12 Matthews. And she sent a letter to Commissioner
- 13 Keese. And Commissioner Keese told her that this
- 14 study was done. But, in fact, the study has still
- 15 never been performed.
- So that's the distressing part of this
- 17 entire proceeding, these three power plants here.
- 18 I could never compel anybody in two and a half
- 19 years to take all these projects and put down on
- 20 paper and tell me exactly what was going to happen
- 21 to the health and welfare of my community and my
- 22 asthmatic family.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Mr. Sarvey, let
- 24 me just go back to exhibit 82, which was the
- 25 motion to compel question that you had.

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1
                   MR. SARVEY: Right. And I still have --
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: It was you had
 2
         filed a data request apparently with staff?
 3
 4
                   MR. SARVEY: Yes.
 5
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: And then they
 6
         responded by not answering your data request?
                   MR. SARVEY: They responded saying that
 7
 8
         they considered these projects as background.
 9
         That the mobile sources from these projects and
         even the area sources and the point sources from
10
         these projects were background, which I strongly
11
12
        disagree with.
13
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Okay, but they
14
         did --
15
                   MR. SARVEY: As you can see --
16
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- but they did
17
         respond to your data request --
18
                   MR. SARVEY: They did respond --
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: -- by answering
19
20
         the --
21
                   MR. SARVEY: -- to my data request.
22
                   HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: All right.
23
                   MR. SARVEY: I filed a motion to compel
        to the Committee which today remains unanswered.
24
25
        And we're done with the proceeding; we've closed
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air quality. So I've spent two and a half years
asking for a study that never occurred.

Being the only one in any of these three
proceedings that had any idea of the enormous
amount of development that's going on here. And I
realize that the Committee and the other
Committees did know there was a lot of

Committees did know there was a lot of development, but nobody ever sat down and looked at how many tons were being produced here.

Now, staff's position that these sources should be considered as background is based on a premise that emissions in San Joaquin County and San Joaquin Valley are decreasing. Well, that's a nice premise, but when you look at the actual results of monitoring from CARB, and I've included many many results. And exhibit 90, for instance, in 1995 we had 18 violations of the state standard for PM10 in Stockton.

Now in 2002 we had 60. There has not been, even if emissions are decreasing in this area, there has not been a corresponding reduction in numbers of violations of the ambient air quality standard. And that's the only way we can base health, is what's going on here with the standards.

1	So, now the second part of my exhibit 90
2	was the ozone violations in the Valley, because we
3	consider that more of a regional problem. So, in
4	1993 there was 125 violations of the state
5	standard. And in 2002 there was 127. Now,
6	granted there was periods where that went up and
7	down. But the bottomline is no matter what
8	anybody says, air quality is not improving in this
9	area. It's borne out by the statistics.
10	And my feeling is we have all these
11	projects on the table, you know, and I've beat
12	this thing to death, I've tried everything I could
13	to get the Commission to model these projects, and
14	I'm very very frustrated that it hasn't happened.
15	Now, my comments on this PMPD. If this
16	were a stand-alone project, I would be satisfied
17	with this PMPD. But I'm not dealing with a stand-
18	alone project. I'm dealing with the Tracy Peaker
19	Plant and I'm dealing with East Altamont, and I'm
20	dealing with enormous amount of residential

25 So, I don't blame that on the

received nothing.

21

22

23

24

development and business parks, which I have stood

before this Council in this room for years asking

for some sort of air quality mitigation, and

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1
         Commission. But it's just to give you some
 2
        background facts of why I've been so vehement.
 3
         apologize when I lose my temper on this.
         really close to my heart; it's very personal.
 5
                   So, you know, I love Tracy. I don't
 6
         want to leave Tracy. But, to be honest with you,
         if they build this project, they build East
7
         Altamont, every air quality expert that I've
8
         talked to in any of these proceedings has told me
9
         to move my family out of this town. And that's
10
         sad. Even though they testified the project
11
12
         should be sited, they told me to move my family
         out of this town. And I'm going to take their
13
14
         advice if it happens.
15
                   But, in any event, I just wanted to
16
         address the fact that it's been said that this
17
         project is fully mitigated. Now, I've already
18
        brought up the fact that the 70 percent credit
         that's been given to the Antioch ERCs, it's been
19
20
         refuted in the East Altamont Energy Center
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wasn't a valid way to assess the project.

Now, when you look at the applicant's

emission reduction credits here, you see 1993,

1993, 1992, and there's a couple in here, there's

21

proceedings. And the Commission decided that it

1 an old one, 1981. Now when you look at this, this

- 2 may be fine for bean-counting in the Bay Area Air
- 3 Quality Management District, and it does make them
- 4 achieve their attainment plan on paper.
- 5 But when you look at the results that
- 6 CARB has shown us in this exhibit, you will agree
- 7 that air quality is not improving in this area.
- 8 And that's the only thing I'm concerned about.
- 9 And, you know, I don't know how to -- you know,
- 10 I'm hoping that the Committee's going to rule that
- 11 this project shouldn't be sited here. Maybe I'm
- 12 dreaming. I'm hoping that's what you deliberate
- 13 and come up with.
- 14 And, you know, if that happens I feel
- sorry for these people from FPL. I hold nothing
- against them. They're businessmen, they're trying
- 17 to make a buck. I hold nothing against the staff
- for their testimony. Their job is to site power
- 19 plants. So I just wanted to say that.
- 20 And I just wanted to address one more
- 21 thing that Mr. Geesman said on deferring to local
- 22 governments. Our first experience with the Energy
- 23 Commission was the GWF Peaker Plant. And
- 24 Commissioner Pernell was the Presiding Member.
- 25 And I went to Commissioner Pernell and I

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1 said, look, Commissioner Pernell, what do I have
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- 2 to do to keep this project from being sited here.
- 3 He says, well, you go out and get your county
- and you get your city to oppose it, and I won't
- 5 site it here.
- 6 So I went out and I got a resolution
- 7 from my city council; I went out and got a
- 8 resolution from my county board of supervisors.
- 9 And I went out and I got a resolution from the
- 10 school district. And I came in and I gave them to
- 11 Mr. Pernell, and they overrode my governments.
- 12 They told my governments, we don't care, you're
- wrong. We're putting this project here.
- 14 So I know the CEC does take it seriously
- that, you know, they don't override local
- 16 governments. But our first experience with that
- 17 premise is not, you know, it's not comforting.
- 18 So, only one other thing that I want to
- 19 say. In the terms and conditions of the recycled
- 20 water agreement, they should be subject to the
- 21 cost comparison of using dry cooling and recycled
- 22 water, with the cost of the recycled water
- 23 included.
- 24 At this point we don't have a figure for
- 25 that recycled water, and nobody knows what they're

1 proposing; nobody knows what the City of Tracy is

- 2 proposing. So what I'm proposing here is that
- 3 once these people cut their deal with the City of
- 4 Tracy, that we install a condition in the project
- 5 that we go back and we analyze which is the most
- 6 cost effective method, and we adopt that.
- 7 And that's all I have to say, thank you.
- PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Thank you,
- 9 Mr. Sarvey.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Thank you. Is
- 11 there anyone else here from the public who wants
- 12 to speak to us tonight? All right.
- 13 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: I want to
- 14 thank you all for participating with us over the
- 15 course of what's been a fairly long day.
- 16 And I appreciate the attention to detail
- 17 which each of the witnesses have shown.
- 18 And also the consideration which each of
- 19 the participants have shown each other. It's been
- 20 a pretty smooth process today, and I think that's
- 21 made it go a lot easier.
- 22 We will put out a final proposed
- decision as soon as we can.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: It will be a
- 25 revised PMPD.

1	PRESIDING	MEMBER	GEESMAN:	Α	revised

- 2 PMPD as soon as we can. And then it will be in
- 3 front of the full Commission.
- 4 (Parties speaking simultaneously.)
- 5 PRESIDING MEMBER GEESMAN: Yes, more on
- 6 the, likely on the end of more.
- 7 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Yes, right.
- 8 It'll take awhile.
- 9 And then there's a regulatory
- 10 requirement of 15-day comment period on the
- 11 revised PMPD before it goes to the full
- 12 Commission. So that's also added onto the time.
- 13 MR. GALATI: Four weeks for the revised
- 14 PMPD? Or four weeks till we get to the --
- 15 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: No, at least
- 16 the revised, and that's a very -- we cannot
- 17 predict how long it will take.
- 18 MR. KRAMER: Staff has no intention --
- 19 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's unless you
- 20 complain, Scott, then it's going to be longer.
- 21 MR. KRAMER: -- of filing a brief. So,
- I don't know if anybody else does.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER GEFTER: Briefs are not
- required, but if anyone wishes to file one, they
- 25 can.

1	Okay, with that, the hearing is
2	adjourned. Thank you for coming.
3	(Whereupon, at 7:25 p.m., the Committee
4	Conference was concluded.)
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, JAMES RAMOS, an Electronic Reporter, do hereby certify that I am a disinterested person herein; that I recorded the foregoing California Energy Commission Hearing and Committee Conference; that it was thereafter transcribed into typewriting.

I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for any of the parties to said hearing and conference, nor in any way interested in outcome of said hearing and conference.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 17th day of April, 2004.